## Cricursa

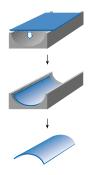


Diagram for the manufacture of curved glass

### **Curved monolithic glass**

Curved glass was originally conceived at the beginning of the 20th century to provide architects and decorators with new ways to lend elegance, beauty and prestige to their projects.

Almost one hundred years later, curved glass has now become an accepted architectural and decorative element, understood by the most progressive contemporary designers and architects.

Anneale curved glass is manufactured by heating flat glass panes until they are malable and then using moulds to shape them as needed.

## **Applications**

Monolithic glass is mainly used for interior and industrial designs.

The most frequent applications include:

- lighting
- furniture
- tables
- counters

- display cabinets
- office partitions
- refrigerated display cases
- restaurant display cases
- safety mirrors
- rear view mirrors, etc.

### **Advantages**

Curved glass permits design freedom, many different shapes can be created, enabling the designer to work with a material which can be infused with his own style and personality.

# Technical data

#### Glass thickness

3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 19, 25 mm. (1/8, 1/6, 1/5, 1/4, 1/3, 2/5, 1/2, 3/5, 3/4, 1")

Maximum dimensions 5800 x 2400 mm. (228 x 94") Maximum height of rise 1000 mm. (39")

#### Colours available

Grey, Bronze, Green, Blue, Pink Types of glass which can be curved

Clear, extra-clear, tinted, reflective and low-emissivity (pyrolytic types only) See the Curved Glass Manual for information about tolerance, minimum radius and most common curves.



Altell Stadium (Jacksonsville-FL) Arch. HOK+SVE



"Breathing" BBC Broadcasting House, London



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