

norament[®] 992 grano TILE

1 Product Name / Manufacturer

1.1 Product

norament[®] 992 grano tile resilient floor covering,
Article 1955

1.2 Manufacturer

nora systems, Inc.
9 Northeastern Blvd.
Salem, NH 03079
800-336-5096
603-894-1021
www.nora.com/us

1.3 Product Description

nora[®] vulcanized rubber compound 992 with
environmentally compatible color pigments that
are free of toxic heavy metals like lead,
cadmium or mercury.

1.4 Physical Characteristics

Material Size: ~39.45" x 39.45" (~1002mm x
1002mm)

Thickness: ~0.36" (~9.0mm)

Dimensional Stability: Meets requirements

Composition: Heterogeneous rubber compound

Color: 8 Standard colors

Surface: Hammered

2 Technical Data

2.1 Static Load Limit

ASTM F970, Residual compression of 0.004"
with 800 lbs. achieved, ≤ 0.005" with 250 lbs. is
required.

2.2 Rolling Load Limit

≤ 850 lbs. /sq. inch, with no forklift traffic.

2.3 Slip Resistance

ASTM D2047 Static coefficient of friction, Neolite
dry 0.93, Neolite wet 0.93 achieved, ≥ 0.5 is
required (not recommended for ramps).

2.4 Flammability

ASTM E648; NFPA 253; NBSIR 75 950, .56
achieved, ≥ 0.45 watts/sq. cm for Class 1 is
required.

2.5 Smoke Density

ASTM E662; NFPA 258; NBS, 289 (flaming) and
373 (non-flaming) achieved, < 450 is required.

2.6 Bacteria Resistance

ASTM E2180 and ASTM G21, resistant to
bacteria, fungi, and micro-organism activity.

2.7 VOC's

This flooring is GREENGUARD Gold Certified
for Low VOC Emissions, and CA 01350
Compliant.

2.8 Sound Absorption

ISO 140 Δ Lw 17 dB (compare only Δ values).

2.9 Hardness

ASTM D2240, Shore type "A", 77 achieved, ≥ 70
is required.

3 Installation

3.1 Site Conditions

The flooring, adhesives, and accessories must
be acclimated in the correct conditions for at
least 48 hours prior to use. Areas of the flooring
subjected to direct sunlight, for example through
doors or windows, must be covered using blinds,
curtains, cardboard or similar materials for 24
hours before, throughout and for a period of 72
hours after the installation to allow nora "wet"
adhesives to cure.

The area to receive flooring must be fully enclosed, weather tight and climate controlled at the normal service ambient temperature and humidity (except walk-in freezers or similar). If this is not possible then the ambient temperature must remain steady ($\pm 10^{\circ}\text{F}$) and be between 59°F and 80°F for at least 48 hours prior, during and 72 hours after installation (do not use gas fueled blowers.) The ambient relative humidity is recommended to be $50\% \text{ RH} \pm 10\%$. However, dew point must be avoided, or stop the installation and remove any applied adhesive. The substrate surface must be at least 5°F above dew point.

3.2 Substrates

All on and below-grade concrete subfloors require a confirmed permanently effective vapor retarder with a low permeance (≤ 0.1) having a minimum thickness of 10 mils, or meets the current requirements of *ASTM E1745 — Standard Specification for Water Vapor Retarders Used in Contact with Soil or Granular Fill under Concrete Slabs*. It must also be placed directly underneath the concrete, above the granular fill or use an effective moisture mitigation system that conforms to *ASTM F3010 — Standard Practice for Two Component Resin Based Membrane Forming Moisture Mitigation Systems for use Under Resilient Floor Coverings*.

Moisture Testing: Test the slab with a testing apparatus that conforms to and follows the exact protocol of *ASTM F2170 — Standard Test Method for Determining Relative Humidity in Concrete Slabs Using in situ Probes*. If for any reason you are unable to drill into the concrete, please contact the nora® Technical Department.

Adhesive limits when tested at the correct service temperature and ambient humidity, the maximum allowable internal slab relative humidity levels (with effective vapor retarder as required) are as follows:

- nora® 385, 485, 585, 685 and dryfix adhesives = 85% RH.
- nora® stepfix and profix tapes adhesives = 75% RH.

If the moisture test results exceed the maximum allowed then the installation must not proceed until either the moisture content drops to an acceptable level or an effective moisture mitigation system is used that conforms to

ASTM F3010 and installed following that manufacturer's written instructions.

All concrete subfloors must be absorptive (see water droplet test), permanently dry (see moisture testing), clean, smooth and structurally sound as per *ASTM F710 — Standard Practice for Preparing Concrete Floors to Receive Resilient Flooring*. In addition, concrete subfloors must be free of dust, solvents, paint, wax, varnish, oil, grease, asphalt, old adhesives and other extraneous materials that may interfere with the bond. Use only mechanical means such as diamond grinding with a Diamabrush™ Concrete Prep Plus Tool (or similar), or shot blasting. Use a suitable vacuum cleaner or water-based sweeping compound as required. All local, state and federal regulations must be followed.

Water droplet test: When using nora 485 or 685 adhesives it is mandatory that the substrate be absorptive as detailed within ASTM F710. To confirm this, the installer must perform a water droplet test in a sufficient number of places throughout the project. To perform the test, simply place a dime sized droplet of clean potable water using a clean straw or similar onto clean concrete (without any floor patching or leveling compounds). The water must absorb into the concrete within five minutes to be considered absorptive, or the substrate is considered non-absorptive.

Surface cracks, grooves, depressions, control joints or other non-moving joints, and other irregularities must be filled or smoothed with latex modified patching or underlayment compound for filling or smoothing, or both. Patching or underlayment compound must be moisture-, mildew-, and alkali-resistant, and, for commercial installations, must provide a minimum of 3000 psi compressive strength when tested in accordance with *ASTM C109/C109M Standard Test Method for Compressive Strength of Hydraulic Cement Mortars - Using 2-in. or 50mm Cube Specimens* or *ASTM C472 Standard Test Method for Physical Testing of Gypsum, Gypsum Plasters and Gypsum Concrete*, whichever is appropriate. Warranties should be obtained by the manufacturers of the products used.

Begin by mechanically removing all laitance, dirt, debris and coatings from the fill area. Use a suitable dustless concrete saw with a diamond blade or similar to achieve this followed by

vacuuming. Do not install over any moving cracks or joints. If the concrete moisture level is too high, do not fill these with any patching compound. Use only those products and method as directed by the moisture membrane manufacturer.

All expansion joints and moving joints must not be covered or overlaid with any nora[®] product. Use a suitable industry standard expansion joint assembly system. For moving cracks please contact the nora Technical Department for recommendations.

All wooden subfloors must be a total minimum thickness of 1-1/4 inch and overlaid with overlapping joints using APA (American Plywood Association) underlayment grade plywood, installed as per *ASTM F1482 - Standard Practice for Installation and Preparation of Panel Type Underlayments to Receive Resilient Flooring*.

Wooden substrates must not be in direct contact with concrete subfloors, even if built on sleepers. All suspended wood floors must have adequate under floor ventilation and a permanently effective vapor retarder or membrane placed directly on the ground beneath the air space.

The plywood must be clean and free of any bond breaking contaminates, this may be achieved by sanding if required or replacing the plywood with new APA plywood. Any gaps at the seams must be filled and smoothed with suitable and flexible joint filler. Any ridges must be sanded smooth.

Other subfloors/substrates: Please contact the nora Technical Department 1-800-332-NORA for any other type of subfloor or substrate inquiries and recommendations. Do not install over any oriented strand board (OSB), particleboard, Masonite, lauan or any similar unstable or contaminated substrates.

Mat Bond tests are recommended as they can help to determine the compatibility of the flooring system to a variety of substrates and may provide an indication of the presence of moisture. It is the responsibility of the installing party to determine the suitability of the subfloor being covered and how many Mat Bond tests need to be performed.

The areas and products to be tested must be properly conditioned for 48 hours before and

during the testing period. There are several factors that can influence the outcome of a bond test, therefore it is important to follow this protocol. The responsible party must ensure that the tests are conducted only at a time when subfloor and jobsite conditions comply with those requirements which are outlined in the nora[®] Installation Guide and ASTM F710.

The correct adhesive selection will be determined based upon the usage and type of nora flooring along with the type of existing substrate conditions. If required, contact your nora[®] representative for adhesive recommendations. Place tests randomly and at appropriate locations such as near walls or in light traffic areas. It is recommended that each test plot should be 2 by 2 sq. feet.

Install the bond tests using the appropriate adhesive, trowel notch, open times, and rolling etc., Do not uplift to check for adhesive transfer after flooring placement. Use Duct tape or similar to seal the edges of the flooring test sample to the substrate on all sides. Protect the flooring from foot traffic for 12 hours and rolling traffic for the duration of the test which must be a minimum 3 days (72 hours).

Refer to the nora Installation Guide for Mat Bond Test & evaluation of adhesives.

3.3 Adhesive

Use nora 385, a two component polyurethane adhesive that has been specifically formulated for the installation of specific norament flooring products on suitable substrates. When parts A & B are thoroughly mixed together and used as recommended, they form a reactive adhesive that cures to a tough, flexible film with a good resistance to surface moisture and many chemicals.

Apply nora 385 adhesive evenly to the substrate immediately after mixing, using a 1/32 inch x 1/16 inch x 1/32 inch U-notched trowel, without the formation of puddles or voids. Replace worn trowels to ensure proper spread rate; do not re-notch. Coverage ~170-190 square feet per gallon for a CSP 1 (depending on substrate).

3.1 Heat Welding

Not applicable

3.2 Cold Welding

Optional or if required. Refer to the nora Installation Guide

3.3 Flash Coving

Refer to the nora Installation Guide

3.4 Installation Guidelines

Refer to the nora Installation Guide. For complete details go to www.nora.com/us.

4 Care and Cleaning

Refer to norament[®] product maintenance guides. For complete details go to www.nora.com/us.

5 Warranty

Limited 5-year warranty. See nora[®] Limited Warranty. For complete details go to www.nora.com/us.

Dated: September 2016

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