United States Gypsum Company 125 South Franklin Street Chicago, Illinois 60680-4124 A Subsidiary of USG Corporation

Product Safety: 1 (800) 507-8899

www.usg.com

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SECTION 1 CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT: USG SHEETROCK® Brand Sand Finish Paint Additive

CHEMICAL FAMILY: Amorphous aluminosilicate

SECTION 2 COMPOSITION, INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL	WT%	TLV (mg/m ³)	PEL(mg/m ³)	CAS NUMBER
Pumice	100	(NE)	(NE)	1332-09-8
Or Expanded Perlite		10	15(T)/5(R)	93763-70-3
Crystalline Silica	<5	0.05(R)	0.1(R)	14808-60-7

(T) – Total (R) – Respirable (NE) – Not Established mmpfc - million particles per cubic foot of air Respirable crystalline silica: IARC: Group 1 carcinogen, NTP: Known human carcinogen. The weight percent for silica represents total quartz and not the respirable fraction.

All ingredients of this product are included in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory. All components of this product are included in the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

SECTION 3 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

INFORMATION FOR HANDLING AND IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICAL HAZARDS

NFPA Ratings:
Health:
0
Fire:
0
Reactivity:
0



HIMS Ratings:
Health: *0
Fire: 0
Reactivity: 0



0 = Minimal Hazard

1 = Slight Hazard

2 = Moderate Hazard

3 = Serious Hazard

4 = Severe Hazard

Personal Protection: Use eye and skin protection. Use NIOSH/MSHA-approved respiratory protection when necessary. *Respirable crystalline silica can cause lung disease and/or cancer. E- Safety glasses, gloves and dust respirator

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: This product is not expected to produce any unusual hazards during normal use. Exposure to high dust levels may irritate the skin, eyes, nose, throat, or upper respiratory tract.

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS

ACUTE:

Eyes: Airborne dust or direct contact can cause mechanical irritation of eyes. If burning, redness, itching, pain or other symptoms persist or develop, consult physician.

Skin: Direct, prolonged or repeated contact with the skin may cause irritation. Rubbing of this product against the skin can result in abrasions. Rinse with water until free of material to avoid abrasions, then wash skin thoroughly with mild soap and water. May dry skin. If irritation persists, consult physician.



SECTION 3 HAZARD IDENTIFICATION (continued)

ACUTE (continued):

Inhalation: Dust exposures generated during the handling of the product may irritate eyes, skin, nose, throat, and upper respiratory tract. Persons subjected to large amounts of this dust will be forced to leave area because of nuisance conditions such as coughing, sneezing and nasal irritation. Labored breathing may occur after excessive inhalation. If respiratory symptoms persist, consult physician.

Ingestion: If ingested may cause temporary irritation to the gastrointestinal tract, especially the stomach. No known effects.

CHRONIC:

Eyes: None known. **Skin:** None known.

Ingestion: No known effects.

Inhalation: Testing of dust from USG gypsum powders has not detected respirable crystalline silica. Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product; however, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing.

Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer. The development of silicosis may increase the risks of additional health effects. The risk of developing silicosis is dependent upon the exposure intensity and duration.

TARGET ORGANS: Eyes, skin and respiratory system.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY: Inhalation, eyes and skin contact.

SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES

FIRST AID PROCEDURES

Eyes: In case of contact, do not rub or scratch your eyes. Flush thoroughly with water for 15 minutes to remove particles. If irritation persists, consult physician.

Skin: Wash with mild soap and water. A commercially available hand lotion may be used to treat dry skin areas. If skin has become cracked, take appropriate action to prevent infection and promote healing. If irritation persists, consult physician.

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Leave the area of dust exposure and remain away until coughing and other symptoms subside. Other measures are usually not necessary, however if conditions warrant, contact physician.

Ingestion: This product is not intended to be ingested or eaten. No harmful effects expected. No specific recommendations. If gastric disturbance occurs, call physician.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS WHICH MAY BE AGGRAVATED: Pre-existing upper respiratory and lung diseases such as, but not limited to, bronchitis, emphysema and asthma. Pre-existing skin diseases such as, but not limited to, rashes and dermatitis.

SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

General Fire Hazards: Not expected to burn.

Extinguishing Media: Water or use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (See section 8).

Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards: None

Hazardous Combustion Products: None Known.



SECTION 5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES (continued)

Flash Point: None Known Auto Ignition: Not Applicable

Method Used: Not Applicable
Upper Flammable Limit (UFL): Not Applicable

Lower Flammable Limit (LFL): Not Applicable

Not Applicable
Rate of Burning: Not Applicable

SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

CONTAINMENT:

No special precautions. Wear appropriate personal protection (See Section 8).

CLEAN-UP:

Use normal clean up procedures. Wear appropriate protective equipment. Ventilate area. If dry, shovel or sweep up material from spillage and place collected material into a container for recovery or waste disposal. Avoid dust generation. Avoid inhalation of dust and contact with eyes and skin. Maintain proper ventilation. If vacuum is used to collect dust, use an industrial vacuum cleaner with a high efficiency air filter. If sweeping is necessary, use dust suppressant. Do not use compressed air for clean up. These procedures will help minimize potential exposures. If washed down, may plug drains.

DISPOSAL:

Follow all local, state, provincial and federal regulations. Never discharge large releases directly into sewers or surface waters. Trace amounts of residue can be flushed to a drain, using plenty of water.

SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING:

Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Avoid breathing dust. Wear the appropriate respiratory protection against dust in poorly ventilated areas and if TLV is exceeded (see Sections 2 and 8). Avoid dust contact with eyes. Wear the appropriate eye protection against dust (See Section 8).

Use good safety and industrial hygiene practices.

STORAGE:

Store at room temperature in a dry location.

Keep containers closed when not in use

SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

ENGINEERING CONTROLS:

Provide ventilation sufficient to control airborne dust levels especially respirable crystalline silica.

If user operations generate airborne dust, use ventilation to keep dust concentrations below permissible exposure limits (See Section 2).

Where general ventilation is inadequate, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control dust levels below permissible exposure limits (see Section 2). If engineering controls are not possible, wear a properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA-approved particulate respirator.



SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator equipped with particulate cartridges when dusty in poorly ventilated areas, and if TLV is exceeded. A respiratory program that meets OSHA's 29 CFR 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use.

OTHER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

Eye/Face: Wear eye protection (safety glasses or goggles) to avoid particulate irritation of the eye.

Skin: Gloves or protective clothing are usually not necessary but may be desirable in specific work situations. For brief contact, no precautions other than clean body-covering clothing should be needed. Wear gloves and protective clothing to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact. Barrier creams or skin lotion may be applied to face, neck, wrist and hands when skin is exposed to help prevent drying of skin.

General: Selection of Personal Protective Equipment will depend on environmental working conditions and operations.

SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	White to gray	Viscosity	Not Applicable
Physical State	Solid (powder)	Solubility (H2O)	Negligible
Odor	Low to no odor	Boiling Point	Not Applicable
pH @ 25 ° C	~7	Melting Point	Not Applicable
Particle Size	Varies	Softening Point	Not Applicable
Molecular Weight	Not Determined	Freezing Point	Not Applicable
Bulk Density	Not Determined	Vapor Density (Air = 1)	Not Applicable
Specific Gravity (H ₂ 0 = 1)	2.4	Vapor Pressure (mm Hg)	Not Applicable
Percent Volatile	Zero	Evaporation Rate (BuAc = 1)	Not Applicable
VOC Content	Zero		

SECTION 10 CHEMICAL STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY: Stable.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Contact with incompatibles.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Hydrofluoric acid. **HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:** Will not occur

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION: May react with HF to form toxic silicon tetrafluoride gas.

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ACUTE EFFECTS:

Direct contact may cause eye, skin and/or respiratory irritation.

LD₅₀: Not Available for product. LC₅₀: Not Available for product.



SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

CHRONIC EFFECTS / CARCINOGENICITY:

Crystalline silica: Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product; however, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing.

Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer. The development of silicosis may increase the risks of additional health effects. The risk of developing silicosis is dependent upon the exposure intensity and duration.

In June, 1997, IARC classified crystalline silica (quartz and cristobalite) as a human carcinogen. In making the overall evaluation, the IARC Working Group noted that carcinogenicity in humans was not detected in all industrial circumstances studied. Carcinogenicity may be dependent on inherent characteristics of the crystalline silica or on external factors affecting its biological activity or distribution of its polymorphs.

IARC states that crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1).

SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ENVIRONMENTAL TOXICITY: This product has no known adverse effect on the ecology. A large discharge directly into waterways would not be expected to kill aquatic life.

Ecotoxicity value: Not determined.

SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

Dispose of material in accordance with Federal, State, Provincial, and Local regulations. Consult with environmental regulatory agencies for guidance on acceptable disposal practices. Never discharge directly into sewers or surface waters.

SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

U.S. DOT INFORMATION: Not a hazardous material per DOT shipping requirements. Not classified or regulated.

Shipping Name Same as product name.

Hazard Class: Not classified

UN/NA #: None. Not classified.

Packing Group: None.

Label (s) Required:Not applicable.GGVSec/MDG-Code:Not classified.ICAO/IATA-DGR:Not applicable.

RID/ADR: None ADNR: None



SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

UNITED STATES REGULATIONS

All ingredients of this product are included in the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act Chemical Substance Inventory.

MATERIAL	WT%	302	304	313	CERCLA	CAA Sec. 112	RCRA
Pumice	100	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL
Or Expanded Perlite		NL	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL
Crystalline Silica	<5	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL	NL

Key: NL = Not Listed

SARA Title III Section 302 (EPCRA) Extremely Hazardous Substances: Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)

SARA Title III Section 304 (EPCRA) Extremely Hazardous Substances: Reportable Quantity (RQ) SARA Title III Section 313 (EPCRA) Toxic Chemicals: X= Subject to reporting under section 313

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable Quantity (RQ)

CAA Section 112 (r) Regulated Chemicals for Accidental Release Prevention: Threshold Quantities(TQ)

RCRA Hazardous Waste: RCRA hazardous waste code

CANADIAN REGULATIONS

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations. All components of this product are included in the Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL).

MATERIAL	WT%	IDL Item #	WHMIS Classification:
Pumice	100	Not Listed	Not Listed
Or Expanded Perlite		Not Listed	D2A
Crystalline Silica	<5	1406	D2A

IDL Item #: Canadian Hazardous Products Act - Ingredient Disclosure List Item #

WHMIS Classification: Workplace Hazardous Material Information System

CARCINOGENICITY CLASSIFICATION OF INGREDIENT(S)

All substances listed are associated with the nature of the raw materials used in the manufacture of this product and are not independent components of the product formulation. All substances, if present, are at levels well below regulatory limits. See Section 11: Toxicology Information for detailed information

MATERIAL	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	CAL- 65
Respirable Crystalline Silica	1	1	A2	Listed

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer (World Health Organization)

- 1- Carcinogenic to humans
- 2A Probably carcinogenic to humans
- 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans
- 3 Not classifiable as a carcinogen
- 4 Probably not a carcinogen



SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

NTP - National Toxicology Program (Health and Human Services Dept., Public Health Service, NIH/NIEHS)

- 1- Known to be carcinogen
- 2- Anticipated to be carcinogens

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

A1 – Confirmed human carcinogen

A2 - Suspected human carcinogen

A3 - Animal carcinogen

A4 - Not classifiable as a carcinogen

A5 – Not suspected as a human carcinogen

CAL-65 - California Proposition 65 "Chemicals known to the State of California to Cause Cancer"

SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION

Label Information ΔWARNING!

Dust created from product may cause eye, skin, nose, throat or upper respiratory irritation. Avoid inhalation of dust and eye contact. Use in a well-ventilated area. Wear a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator when dusty. Wear eye protection. If eye contact occurs, flush thoroughly with water for 15 minutes. If irritation persists, call physician. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after use. Do not ingest. If ingested, call physician.

Product safety information: (800) 507-8899 or www.usg.com

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

Key/Legend

TLV Threshold Limit Value
PEL Permissible Exposure Limit

CAS Chemical Abstracts Service (Registry Number)

NIOSH National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

MSHA Mine Safety and Health Administration

OSHA Occupational Health and Safety Administration

ACGIH American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
DOT United States Department of Transportation
EPA United States Environmental Protection Agency

NFPA National Fire Protection Association
HMIS Hazardous Materials Identification System

PPE Personal Protection Equipment
TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act
DSL Canadian Domestic Substances List
NDSL Canadian Non-Domestic Substances List

SARA Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980

UN/NA# United Nations/North America number

CFR Code of Federal Regulations

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Material Information System





SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION (continued)

Prepared by: Product Safety USG Corporation 125 South Franklin St. Chicago, Illinois 60606

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