



ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall

May 2024



KI WALL

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Table of Contents

Assembly Instructions

Parts Identification

Tools	3
Aluminum Extrusions	4
Layout Typicals	6

Panel Assembly

Ceiling Rail Installation	8
Removable Ceiling Grid Clips & Seismic Bracing Installation	10
Ceiling Corner Brackets Installation	15
Unloading Panels & Floor Channel Installation	16
Panel Installation.....	17
Glass Panels and Wall-Mounted Glass Panels Installation.....	20
Door Post to Drywall Connection.....	23
Glass-to-Glass Panel Joints Installation.....	24
Glass-to-Door Frame & Posts Panel Joints Installation	30
Trim Installation	34
Universal Posts Installation.....	38
Pre-Door Installation.....	44

Doors Assembly

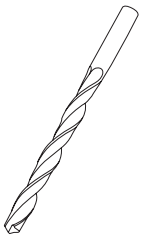
LPSP Full-Height Glass Sliding Door Installation.....	45
LPP-G Full-Height Glass Pivot Door Installation	48
LP2S Double Full-Height Glass Sliding Door Installation	50
LPPT Transom-Height Pivot Door Installation.....	53

Misc. Assembly

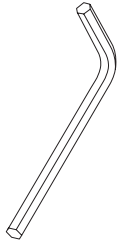
Pivot Door Hinge Installation	55
Sliding Door Sound Seal Installation	60
Door Locks Installation	61
Drywall Bypass Mullion Installation.....	63
Structural Silicon Installation	67
Freeform Panels Installation.....	68



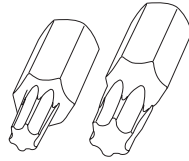
Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.



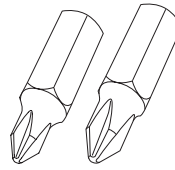
Drill Bits
($\frac{5}{32}$ " , $\frac{3}{16}$ " , $\frac{9}{32}$ ")



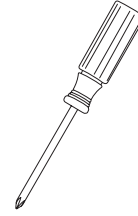
Allen Wrenches
($\frac{1}{16}$ " , $\frac{1}{8}$ ")



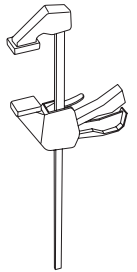
Torx Bits
(T20, T25, T30)



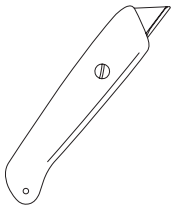
Phillips Bits
(#2, #3)



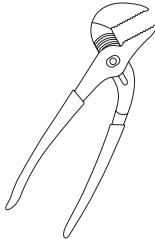
Phillips Screw Driver



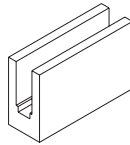
Clamp



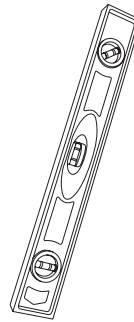
Utility Knife



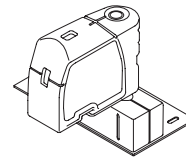
Channel Locks



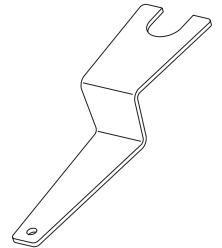
Rigid Seal Alignment Tool



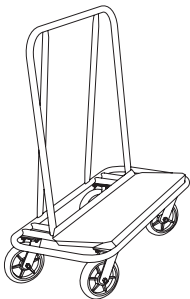
Level
(2', 4' and 6')



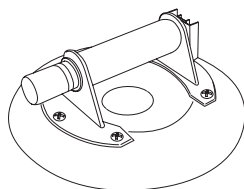
Laser Alignment Tool



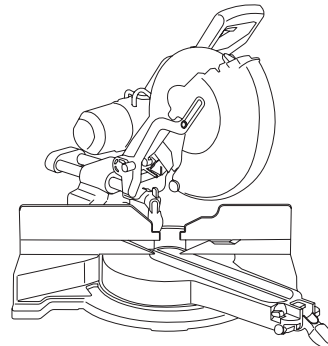
Panel Height Adjustment Tool
(50.1857)



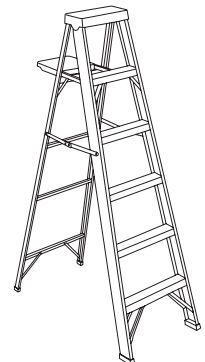
Padded Drywall Cart



Woods Powr-Grip® N-Series
Vacuum Cup



Miter Saw with Non-Ferrous Blade
Note: Cut station must be equipped with stands, tarps and a shop vac.

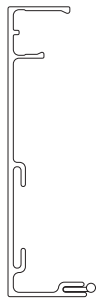


Ladder - OSHA approved
Note: Two ladders for every three persons doing install is required

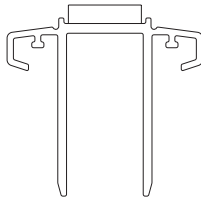


CAUTION

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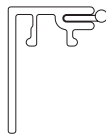
**Horizontal
Ceiling Trim**
(50.1814)



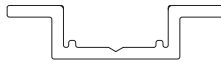
Ceiling Rail
(50.1816)



**1/2" Angled Panel
Glazing Seal Extrusion**
(50.1708)




Base Cover
(LPGT)



Floor Channel
(50.1838)

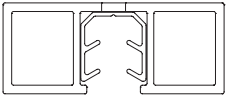


Retainer Channel
(50.1839)



CAUTION

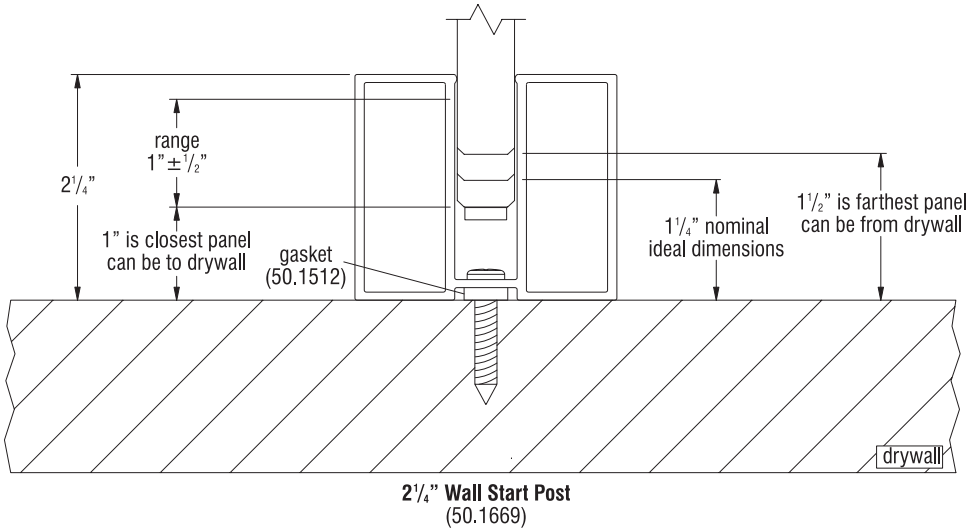
Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.



End Post - Butt Glass
(50.1121)



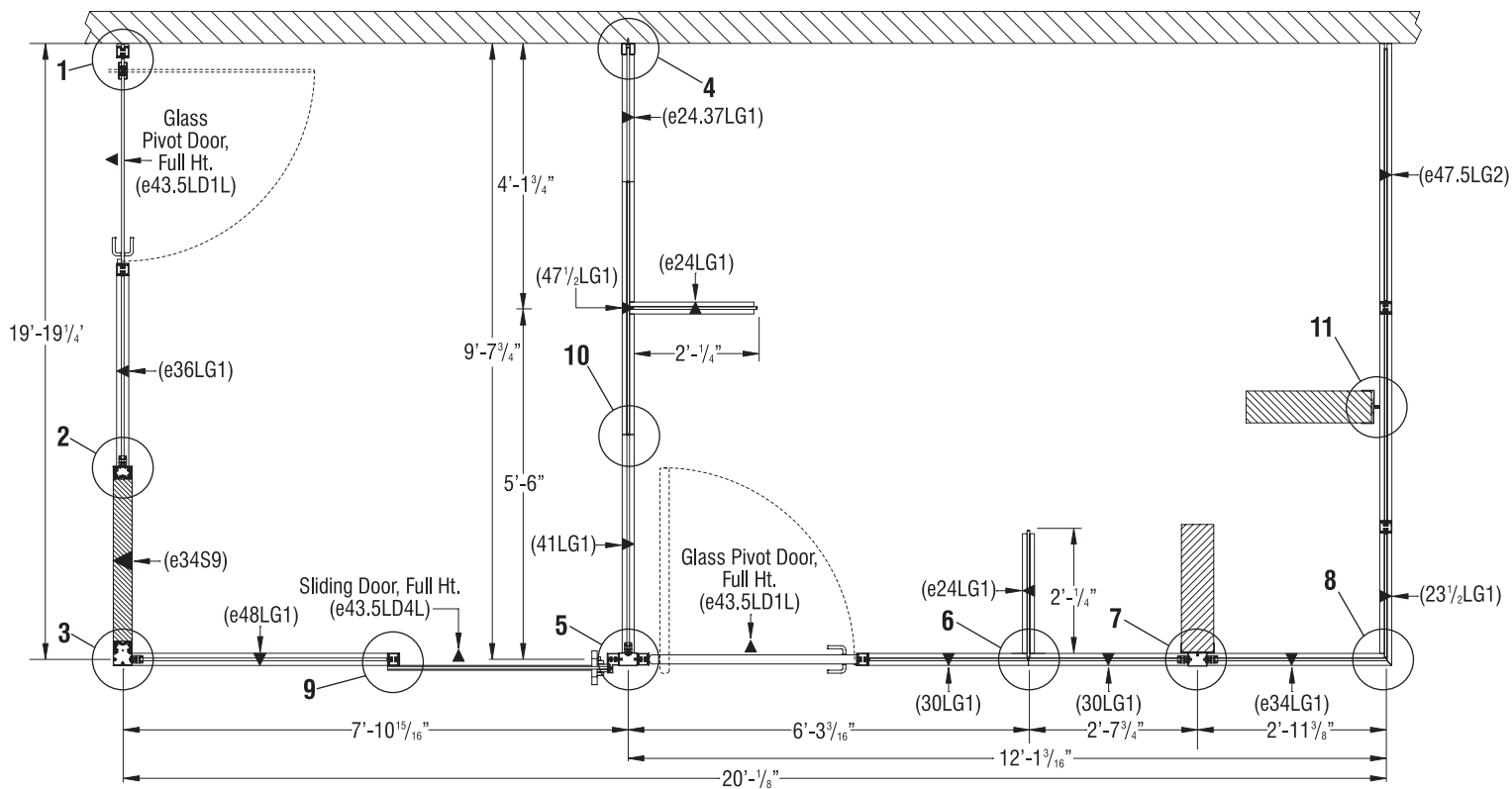
Inline Genius to Butt Glass Post
(50.1117)



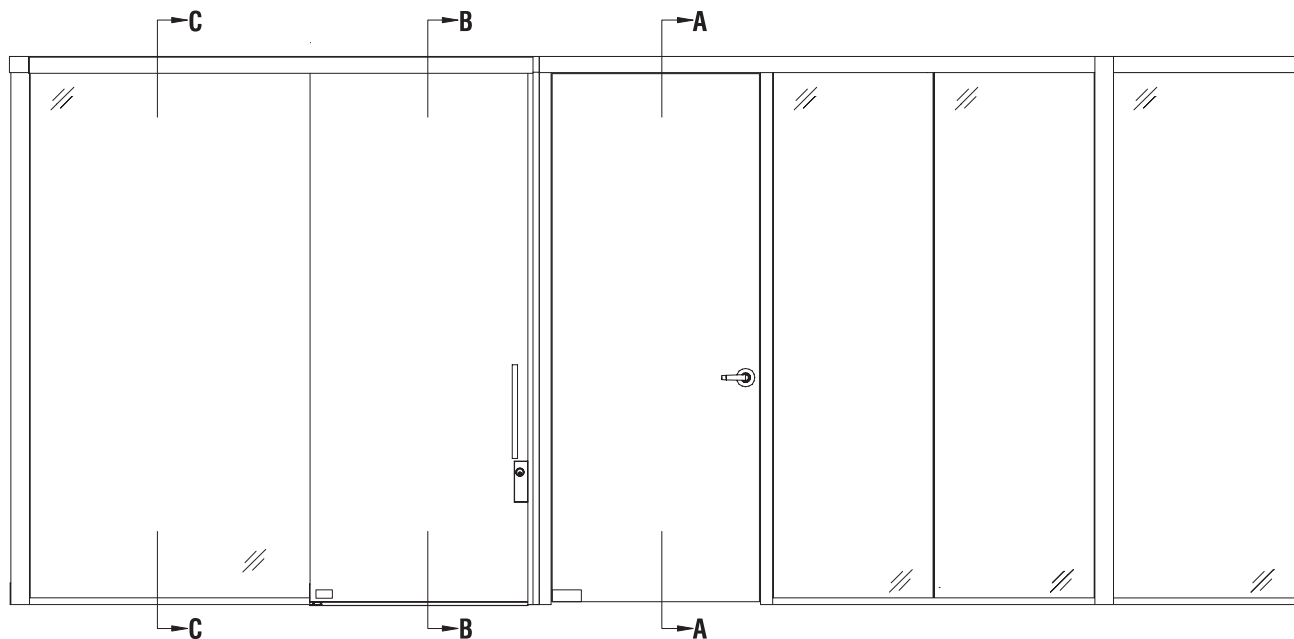


CAUTION


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Layout Typical - Plan View

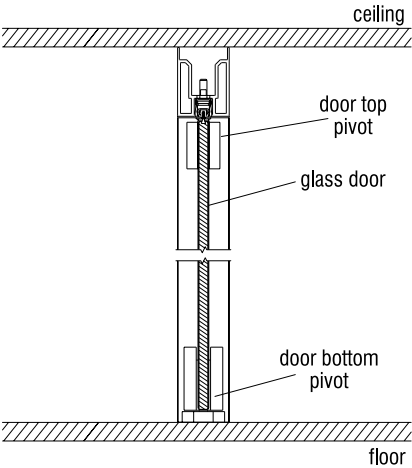


Layout Typical - Elevation View



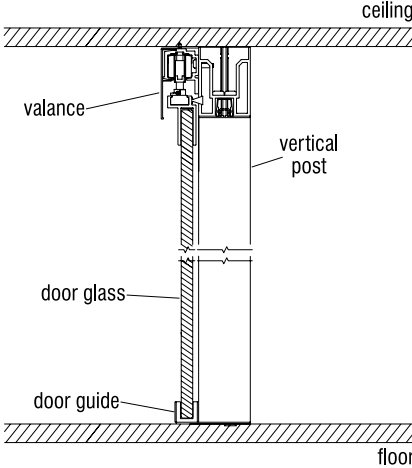
CAUTION

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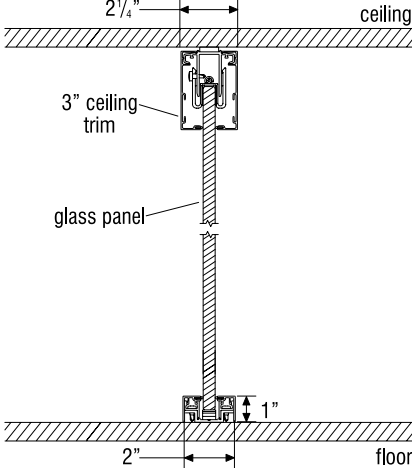
Full-Height
Glass Pivot Door

A



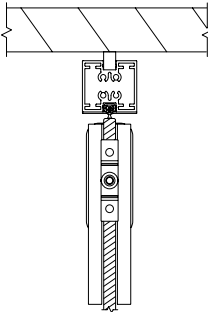
Full-Height
Sliding Door

B



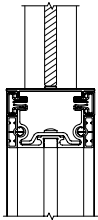
Glass Panel,
Ceiling & Base Trim

C



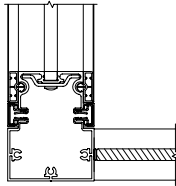
Lightline
Pivot Door

1



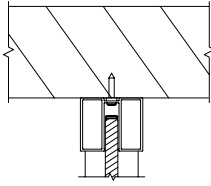
Lightline
to Genius

2



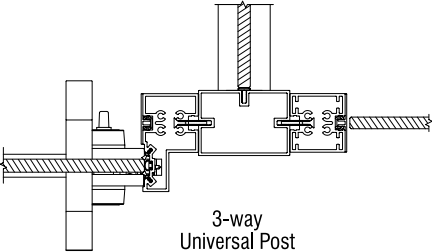
Genius to Lightline
90° Angle Post

3



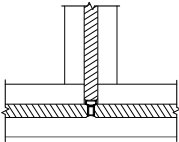
Lightline
to Drywall

4



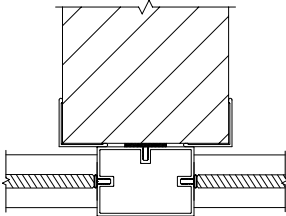
3-way
Universal Post

5



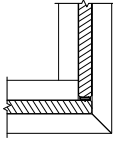
3-way
Panel Intersection

6



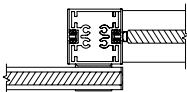
Universal Post
to Drywall

7



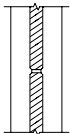
Lightline
Corner

8



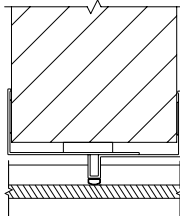
Lightline Glass
Sliding Door Guide
(at floor)

9



Lightline Glass
In-Line Connection

10



Lightline Drywall
Bypass Mullion

11

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Ceiling Rail Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Ceiling Rail Installation

- Many ceiling grids accept standard $\frac{9}{16}$ " and $\frac{15}{16}$ " wide Caddy® style ceiling clips. When ceiling clips are used in a recessed grid, spring spacers and closed cell foam must be used. Use backer plates by KI to prevent scratching of the grid (Figure 1). Fineline® $\frac{9}{16}$ " grids with a $\frac{1}{4}$ " reveal use $\frac{1}{4}$ "-20 T-bolts and $\frac{9}{16}$ " grids with a $\frac{1}{8}$ " reveal use $\frac{1}{8}$ "-20 T-bolts (Figure 2). Drywall and hidden grid ceilings require direct attachment of the rail with screws or anchors (Figure 2).

Note: A ceiling rail layout must be completed to verify fit of Lightline components. Ceiling rail must be securely in place before positioning the various components. Accurate installation of ceiling rail per the final KI Installation Drawings (shop prints) is critical to a satisfactory installation. If any discrepancies exist, please contact your KI project coordinator.

- Using the final KI Installation Drawings (shop prints) for reference and working in teams of two, fasten the ceiling rail hardware to the ceiling grid securely. For $\frac{15}{16}$ " grids, install the backer plate inside the clip, then twist the clip onto the grid. If the ceiling grid is recessed, add in the spacer and/or shims as needed. For Fineline $\frac{9}{16}$ " grids, slide the T-bolt into the grid and install the washer and nut to secure the T-bolt into position (Figures 2 & 4).

Caution: Do not over tighten ceiling clips, screws or anchors. Only install with hand drivers.

- On drywall and hidden grid ceilings, mark location of channel centerline or edge.
- On straight runs, the ceiling rail is spliced with an inline splice plate. Next, attach the in-line splice plate to the ceiling rails using four #10-16 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " self-drilling Torx head

screws (Figure 3). Refer to "Ceiling Corner Brackets" instructions (page 15) for assembly of corner conditions.

- Measure from wall, column or other starting point to the first attachment point. Cut ceiling rail accordingly so that the slots in the rail match the grid layout (Figure 4).
- After positioning and securing the ceiling rail with flanged lock nuts (Figures 2 & 5), ensure that it cannot slide, does not push up ceiling tiles and that there are no light gaps between the ceiling and rail. Once the panels are up, adjustments to the ceiling rail location cannot be made without removing the panels.
- Check fit and strength. Verify accuracy of all measurements. Plumb-bob down for panel centerline and snap chalk lines. Or, you may plumb panels later using a level as they are connected.

Note: If ceiling is not stable, reinforcement may be necessary through use of suitable materials above the tiles. This work is not included in the installation bid.

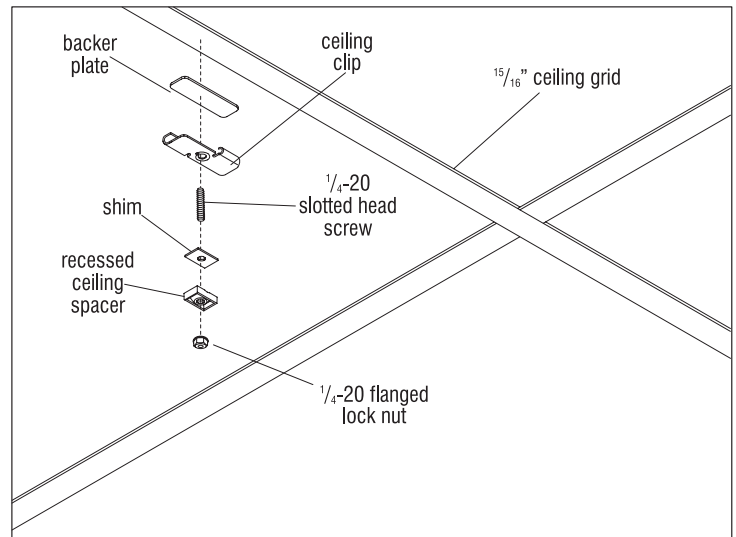


Figure 1 - $\frac{9}{16}$ " Ceiling Grid with Caddy Clips

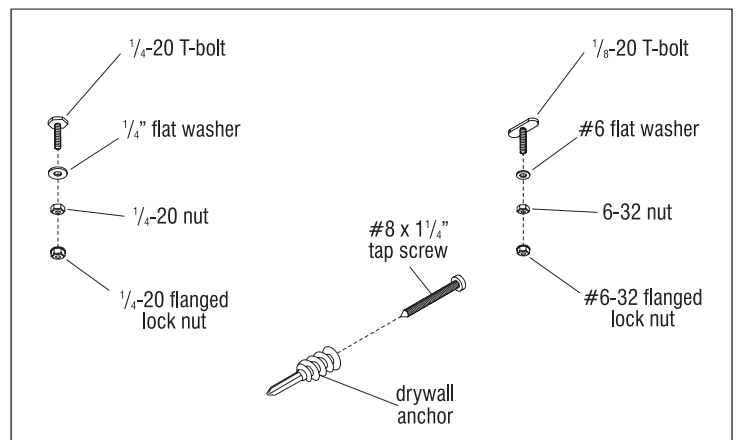


Figure 2 - Types of T-bolts & Anchor Assemblies

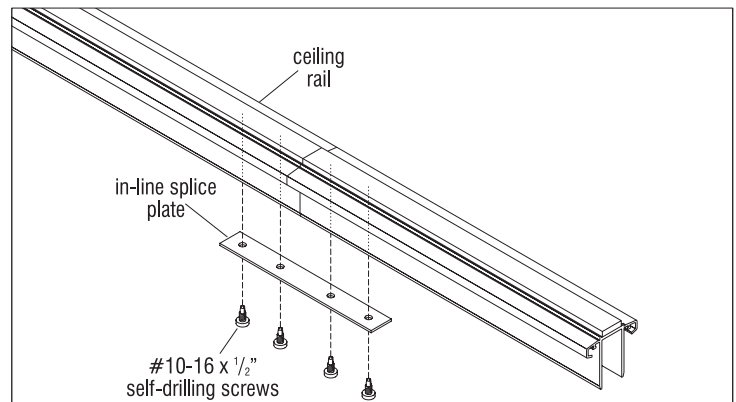


Figure 3



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

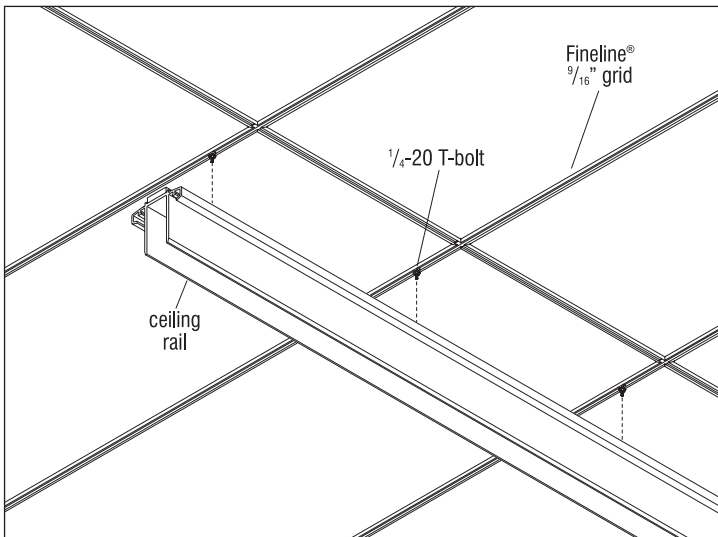


Figure 4

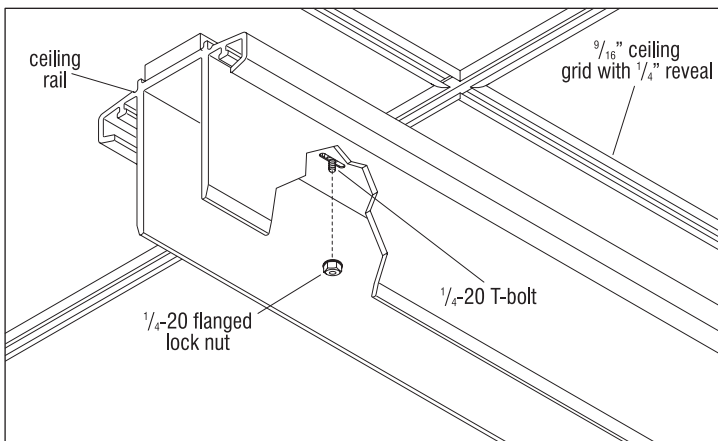


Figure 5

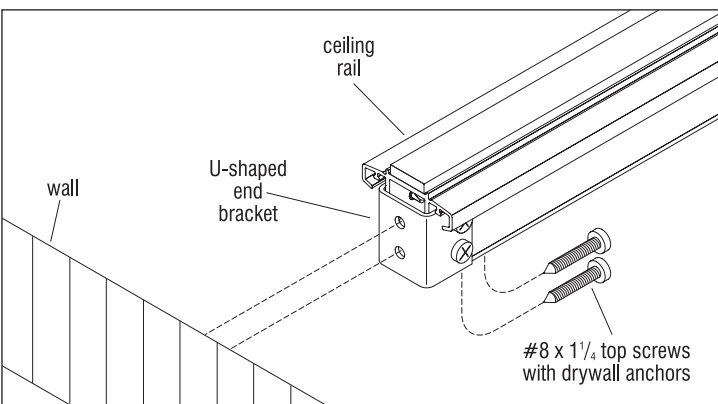


Figure 7

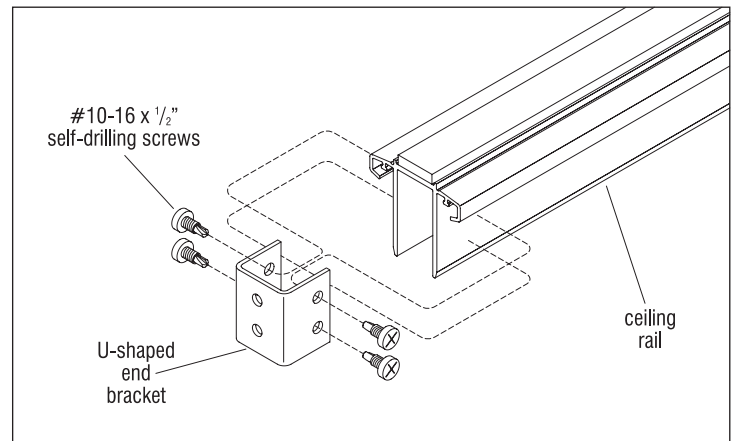


Figure 6

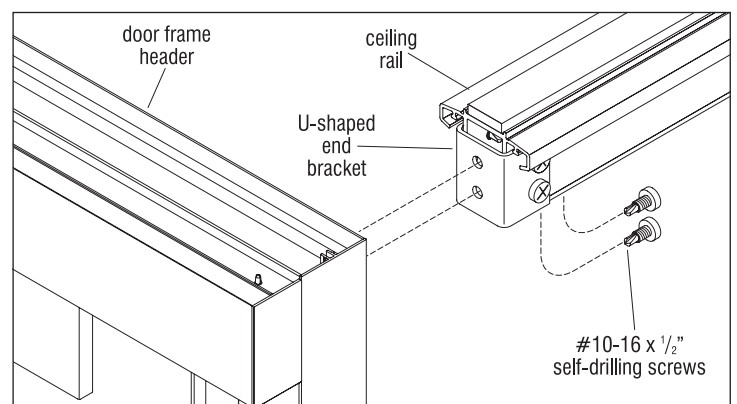


Figure 8

8. Ceiling rail end-of-run conditions can be secured to intersecting walls with the ceiling rail end bracket kit. Using the #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling Torx head screws supplied with the kit, secure the U-shaped end bracket to the ceiling rail (Figure 6). If attaching to door frame at corner see step 10.
9. If attaching to drywall, use the supplied #8 x 1 1/4" tap screws, drywall anchors and secure the ceiling rail with bracket to the drywall (Figure 7).
10. Align ceiling rail so trim sits flush when installed. Use the supplied #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling screws to attach the ceiling rail to the door frame header (Figure 8).



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Seismic Conditions

Due to the varied seismic conditions around the world, please refer to KI seismic documents, site specific documents, or final KI-Installation Drawings (shop prints) for information.

Lightline is a custom product and additional technical information may be required. For additional information please contact:

KI
Green Bay, WI 54302
Tel (800) 424-2432
www.ki.com

Removable Ceiling Grid Clips

Removable ceiling grid clips are used to temporarily attach the ceiling rail to the ceiling grid until seismic bracing assemblies are installed.

See Final KI-Installation Drawings for approved floor and ceiling anchorage details. Approval can vary by jurisdiction.

Note: Four ceiling grid clip kit types are available for various ceiling grid and ceiling tile applications

- 50.1661 - Used on $\frac{3}{8}$ " drop reveal tile with $\frac{15}{16}$ " ceiling grid
- 50.1663 - Used on $\frac{3}{8}$ " drop reveal tile with $\frac{9}{16}$ " ceiling grid
- 50.1665 - Used on $\frac{1}{4}$ " drop reveal tile with $\frac{9}{16}$ " or $\frac{15}{16}$ " ceiling grid
- 50.1667 - Used on a flat ceiling tile with $\frac{9}{16}$ " or $\frac{15}{16}$ " ceiling grid

Note: Shimming of the ceiling rail may be required. Use appropriate ceiling clip kit for proper fitment.

1. Shape the ceiling grid clip by pressing down on edges and bending at the bend perforations in metal to form the clip as illustrated (Figure 1).

2. Place the clip over the top of the main ceiling grid at the ceiling rail (Figure 2).

Caution: Do not screw up through the ceiling grid. Always screw from the top to allow the clip to be removed if required, after panels are installed.

3. Secure clip to ceiling rail using two #10-16 x $\frac{3}{4}$ " self-drilling screws (Figures 3 & 4).
4. Secure clip to ceiling grid using one #10-16 x $\frac{3}{4}$ " self-drilling screw (Figures 3 & 4).
5. Repeat the installation procedure to install the remaining clips as required.
6. Once ceiling rail and clips are in place, see KI Installation Drawings for Approved Seismic Bracing Design and the following Seismic Bracing Assembly Instructions.
7. Clips need to be removed once seismic bracing assemblies are installed.

Seismic Bracing

Note: For simplicity only one style of seismic bracket is required, but two different options are available. Snip kicker flange kicker assembly, and off-center assembly, to avoid obstructions in ceiling plenum.

Removable ceiling grid clips can be used to temporarily hold the ceiling rail in place until the seismic brackets are installed. Ceiling grid clips must be removed once seismic brackets are installed.

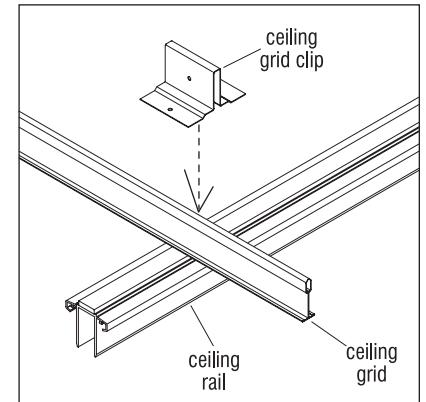


Figure 2

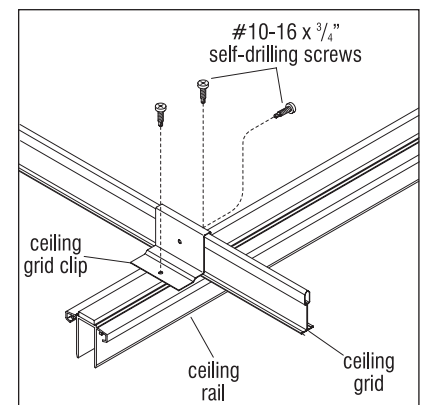


Figure 3

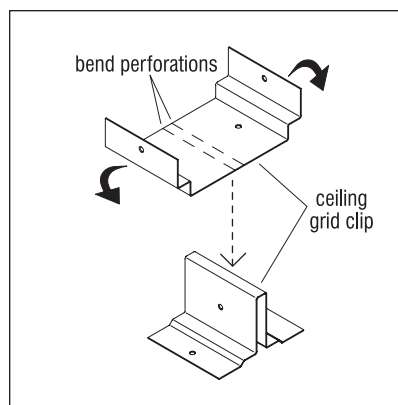


Figure 1

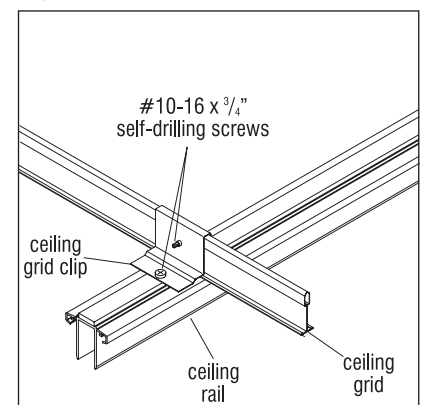


Figure 4



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

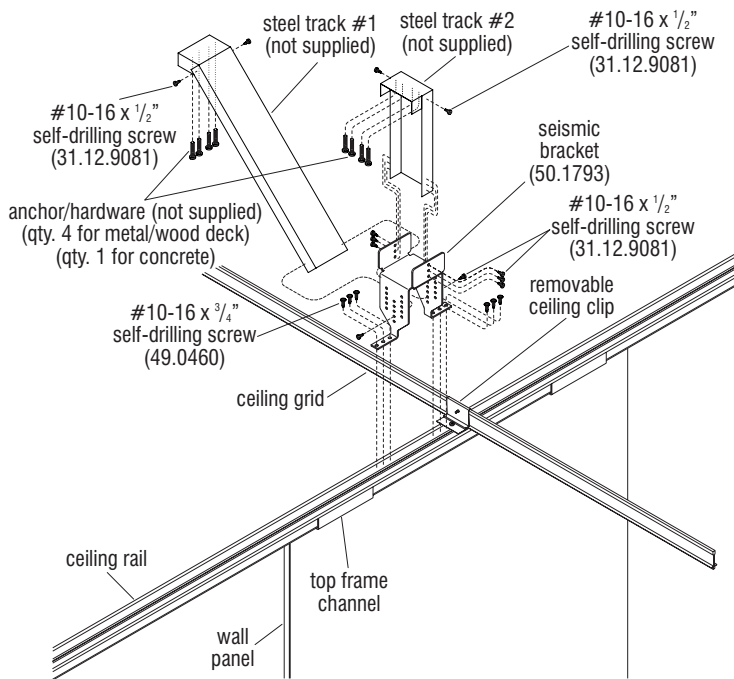


Figure 1 - Seismic Bracing - Kicker Assembly

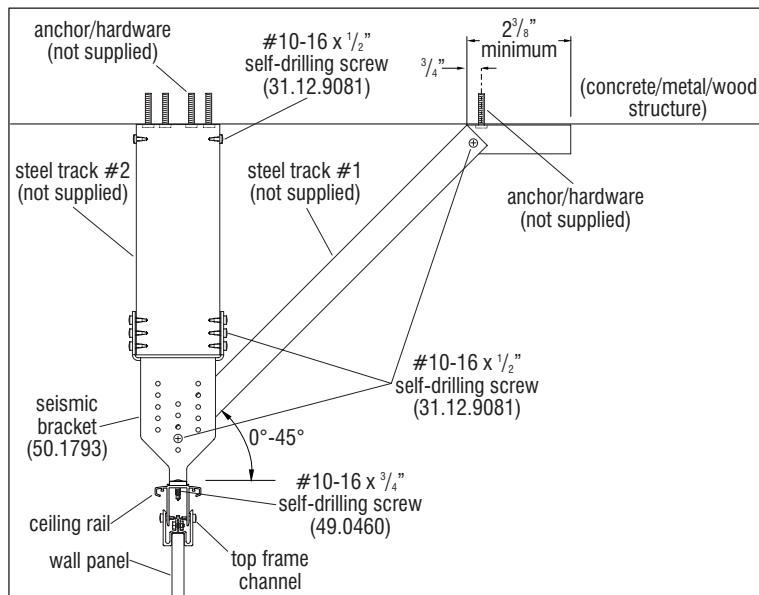
Seismic Bracing - Kicker Assembly

Note: Steel tracks and anchor bolts are not supplied.

1. Determine a suitable location to install the seismic bracket (50.1793) to the top of the ceiling rail. The bracket will install directly below the top structure that steel track #2 will attach to above. When locating the seismic bracket, also account for where steel track #1 can attach to appropriate structure off at an angle from the bracket. Secure the seismic bracket (50.1793) to the top of the ceiling rail as illustrated using six #10-16 x 3/4" self-drilling screws (49.0460) (Figure 1 & Detail A).
2. Next, create both #1 and #2 steel tracks. Take an appropriate length steel track section for each (final length will be trimmed precisely in step 3) and measure a 2 3/8" minimum length back from one end, snip the flange at both sides, then bend the minimum end sections of each as illustrated

(one up to 45° and one at 90°), allowing the flanges to fold over (Figure 1 & Detail A).

3. With the assistance of a second person, dry-fit both steel track sections, from the top structure mounting location to the installed seismic bracket (50.1793) and trim tracks to length for correct fitment. Steel track #1 will meet inside the seismic bracket at an angle, while steel track #2 will mount vertical between the top structure and the seismic bracket (Figure 1 & Detail A).
4. Once both tracks are pre-fit between the upper structure and seismic bracket, attach each steel track to the upper structure (concrete/metal/wood) using appropriate hardware. Four anchors must be used for track to metal/wood structure and one anchor/hardware is required for concrete. All hardware must be installed 3/4" away from the bend as illustrated. Follow anchor bolt manufacturers instructions (Figure 1 & Detail A).
5. Make final alignment of #1 and #2 lower steel track ends to the appropriate mounting holes in the seismic bracket on the ceiling rail. Use six #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling screws (31.12.9081) to attach steel track #2 and two screws to attach steel track #1 to the seismic bracket as illustrated (Figure 1 & Detail A).
6. At the top bend of both steel tracks, where the flanges overlap, install one #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling screw (31.12.9081) into each overlapping pair of flanges to secure (Figure 1 & Detail A).
7. Repeat the procedures above to install remaining seismic bracing kicker assemblies as required and remove seismic ceiling clips as required by local codes.



Detail A



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Off-Center Seismic Bracing - Kicker Assembly

Note: Steel tracks and anchor bolts are not supplied.

1. Determine a suitable location to install the seismic bracket (50.1793) to the top of the ceiling rail. The seismic bracket should be positioned to allow steel track #3 to reach a suitable structure directly above itself when mounted to steel track #1 which is mounted off the seismic bracket (see Figure 4 for assembly reference). When locating the seismic bracket for installation, also account for where steel track #2 can attach from track #1 and reach up to appropriate structure at an angle (see Figure 4 for assembly reference). Secure the seismic bracket (50.1793) to the top of the ceiling rail as illustrated using six #10-16 x 3/4" self-drilling screws (49.0460) (Figure 2).

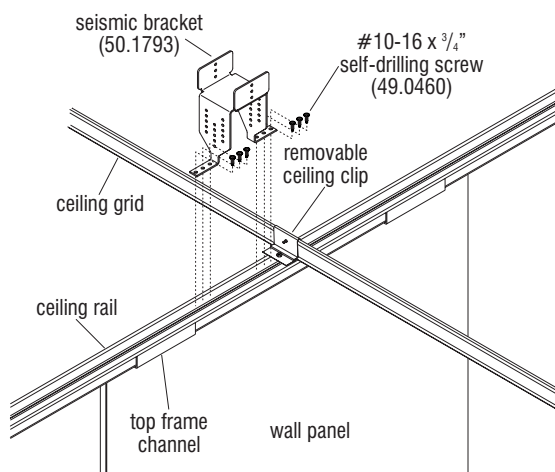
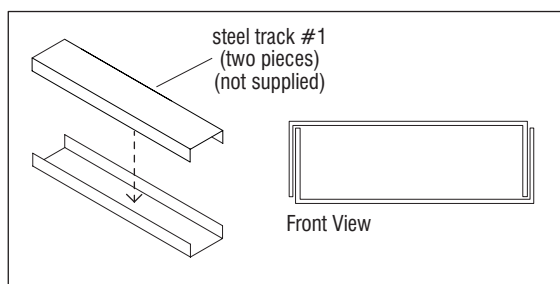


Figure 2 - Off-Center Seismic Bracing - Seismic Bracket Assembly



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.



Detail B - Steel Track #1 Assembly

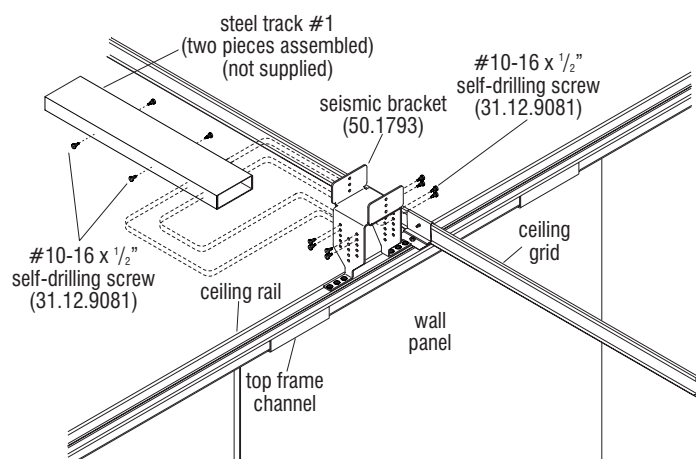


Figure 3 - Off-Center Seismic Bracing - Steel Track #1 to Seismic Bracket

2. Create steel track #1 length first to reach from the installed seismic bracket, over to a location where steel track #3 can reach vertically up to structure above (see Figure 4 for assembly reference). Steel track #1 will be made of two identically cut lengths of track fastened together and will not require any cuts for a bend (Detail B). It must extend horizontally from the seismic bracket to the location where steel track #2 can attach to it. Take into account that steel track #2 will bend up at an angle to the appropriate structure above (see Figure 4 for assembly reference). Once the length is determined for steel track #1, cut two pieces of the track material to equal size and nest them together. The open "channel" sides should be facing each other and will fit together with their side flanges offset from each other (Detail B). Secure both tracks together at the side flanges with #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling screws (31.12.9081) (Figure 3).
Note: Screw quantity will be determined by length of track and site conditions.

3. Install steel track #1 to the seismic bracket by placing one end inside the installed seismic bracket such that the side flanges of the tracks mate inside the bracket at the top four mounting holes on each side. This allows for maximum room to re-install ceiling tiles. Secure steel track #1 to the seismic bracket with eight #10-16 x 3/4" self-drilling screws (49.0460) as illustrated (Figure 3 & Detail C).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Removable Ceiling Grid Clips & Seismic Bracing Installation

Assembly Instructions



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

4. Next, create both steel tracks #2 and #3 to mount between structure above and to the installed steel track #1. To create each, take an appropriate length steel track section (final length will be trimmed precisely in step 7) and measure a $2\frac{3}{8}$ " minimum length back from one end, snip the flange at both sides, then bend the minimum end sections of each as illustrated (one up to 45° and one at 90°), allowing the flanges to fold over (Figure 4 & Detail C).
5. With the assistance of a second person, perform a dry-fit of steel track #3 from top structure mounting location, down to the installed steel track #1 and trim steel track #3 to length as necessary for correct fitment (Figure 4).
6. Next, align steel track #2 to the top structure it will mount to, and align the opposite end of track to the exposed end of the previously mounted steel track #1. Trim to size, but allow enough material to make an attachment flange for attaching track #2 to #1. Once cut to size, create the attachment flange by cutting into the end that will mate with steel track #1 about 1" at each side flange crease and bend up. Steel track #2 attachment flange will now meet on top of the horizontally mounted steel track #1 at an angle, while steel track #3 will mount vertically, from top structure straight down to steel track #1 (Figure 4 & Detail C).
7. Once tracks #2 and #3 are pre-fitted between the upper structure and steel track #1, first attach each steel track to the upper structure (concrete/metal/wood) using appropriate hardware. Four anchors must be used for track to metal/
- wood structure and one anchor/hardware is required for concrete. All hardware must be installed $\frac{3}{4}$ " away from the bend as illustrated. Follow anchor bolt manufacturers instructions (Figure 4 & Detail C).
8. Make final alignment of both lower steel track ends #2 and #3 to the appropriate mounting locations on the steel track #1. Use four #10-16 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " self-drilling screws (31.12.9081) to attach both steel track #3 and steel track #2 to the horizontally mounted steel track #1 as illustrated (Figure 4 & Detail C).
9. At the top bends of the structure mounted ends of steel tracks #2 and #3, where the flanges overlap, install one #10-16 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " self-drilling screw (31.12.9081) into each overlapping pair of flanges to secure (Figure 4 & Detail C).
10. Repeat the procedures above to install remaining seismic bracing kicker assemblies as required and remove seismic ceiling clips as required by local codes.

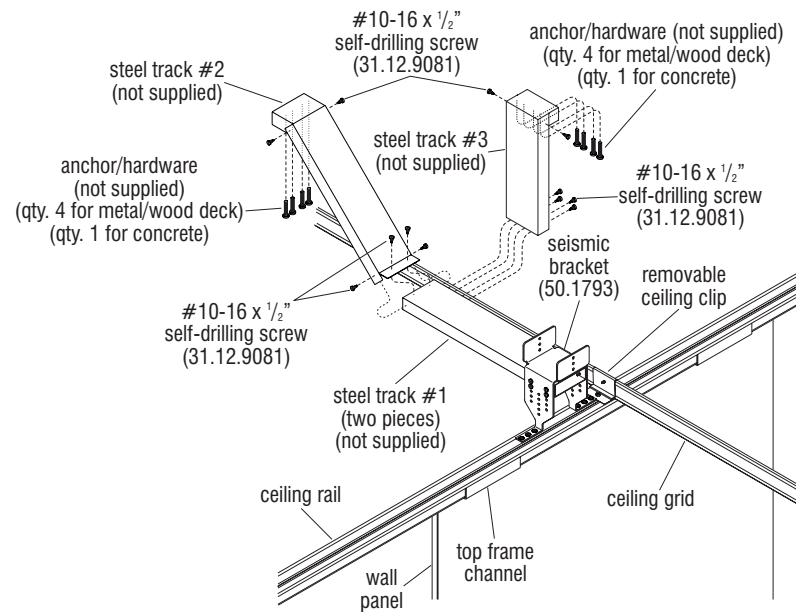
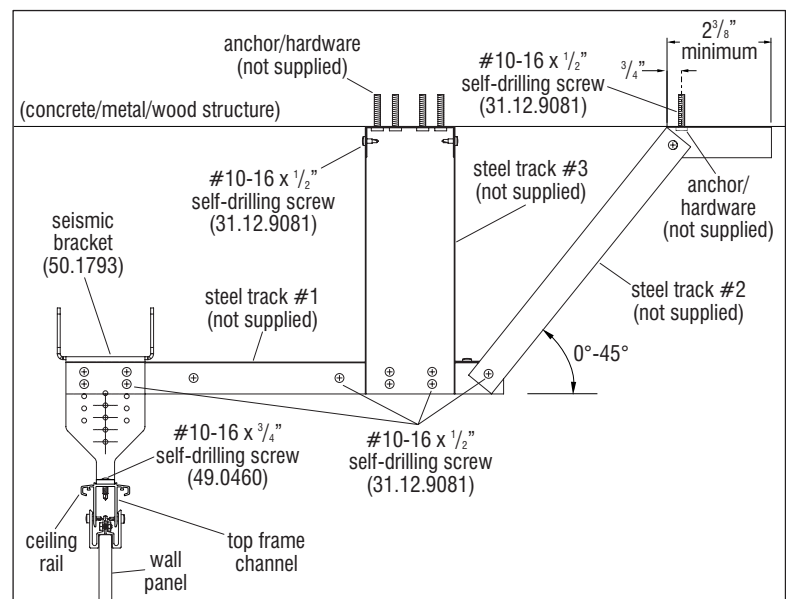


Figure 4 - Off-Center Seismic Bracing - Kicker Assembly



Detail C



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

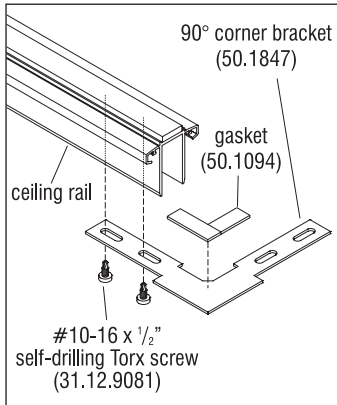


Figure 1 - 90° Corner, Step 1

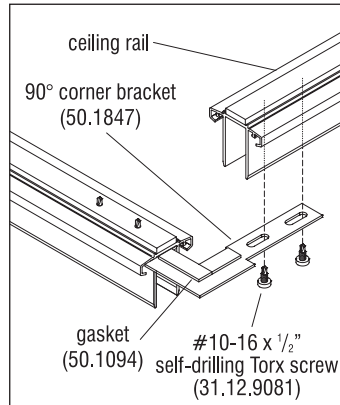


Figure 2 - 90° Corner, Step 2

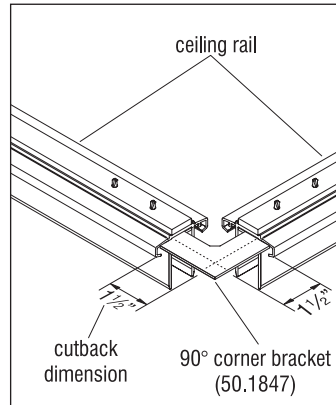


Figure 3 - 90° Corner, Step 3
Note: Gasket not shown so that cutback dimension can be visible.

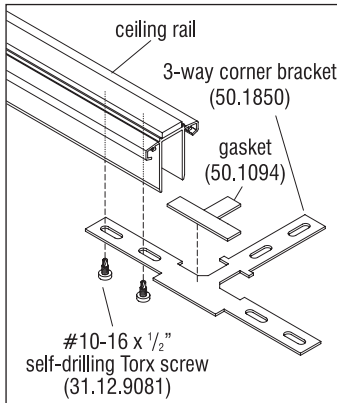


Figure 4 - 3-Way Corner, Step 1

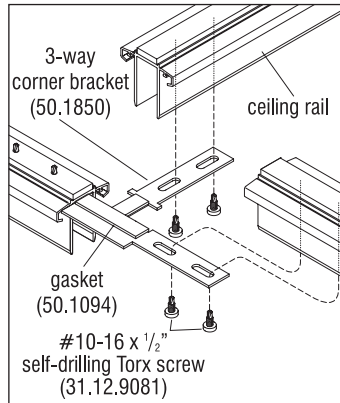


Figure 5 - 3-Way Corner, Step 2

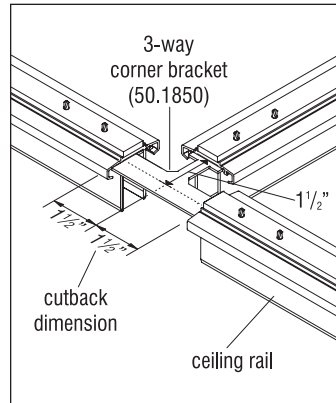


Figure 6 - 3-Way Corner, Step 3
Note: Gasket not shown so that cutback dimension can be visible.

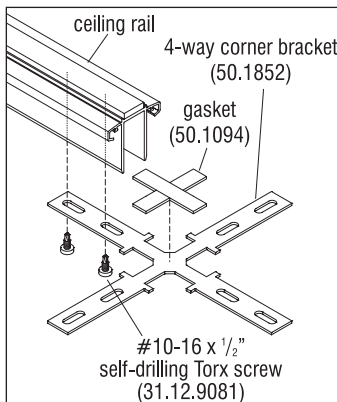


Figure 7 - 4-Way Corner, Step 1

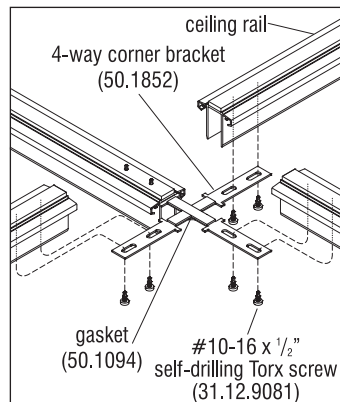


Figure 8 - 4-Way Corner, Step 2

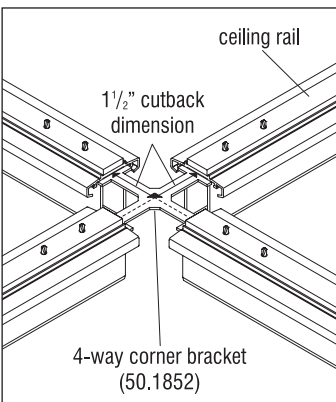


Figure 9 - 4-Way Corner, Step 3
Note: Gasket not shown so that cutback dimension can be visible.

Ceiling Corner Brackets

The figures on this page show the installation process of different ceiling corner brackets.

Note: The splice kits will create the proper offset dimension for correct ceiling rail installation.

1. Ceiling rail 90° corner conditions are spliced using the 50.1846 splice kit (includes corner bracket 50.1847) (Figures 1, 2 & 3).
2. Ceiling rail 3-way conditions are spliced using the 50.1849 splice kit (includes corner bracket 50.1850) (Figures 4, 5 & 6).
3. Ceiling rail 4-way conditions are spliced using the 50.1851 splice kit (includes corner bracket 50.1852) (Figures 7, 8 & 9).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Unloading Panels & Floor Channel Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Unloading

Warning: Shipping skids are designed to be moved with a pallet jack or slid along the floor using a fork lift. If no dock available to remove the skid at grade with the bed of the trailer, the panels must be unloaded by hand one at a time. FAILURE TO COMPLY MAY RESULT IN DAMAGED PRODUCTS AND/OR INJURY.

1. It's highly recommended that the panels be staged with factory edge protectors on and other protection between the panels. Lean panels vertically against a wall at a slight angle. If panels must be leaned on edge, no more than 12 panels of like size should be in one leaning stack. Stack panels with padding against the wall or on floor to prevent damage.
2. As each Lightline panel or component is unloaded, it should be checked against the packing list and/or drawing to ensure completeness of order. All items are identified by both a part number sticker and a carton number sticker.
3. Use suction cups to lift panels from skid or truck. Inspect each panel for shipping damage as it is removed from the truck. If damage exists, notify KI of carton number, type of damage and probable cause of damage within 24 hours of unloading. Full product information is located on KI labels on the top clamp.

Note: Please avoid lifting panel by any clamps.

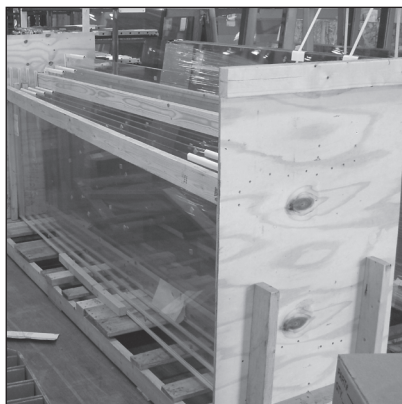
4. Damage must be indicated on bill of lading to file a freight claim. Report all other on-site damage as soon as possible to ensure prompt replacements. To transport panels on site, use a well-padded drywall cart to eliminate damage of edges and of glass.

5. It is recommended to install the ceiling rail prior to the panel/frame delivery. This allows the panels/frames to move directly from the truck to the office location and alleviates double handling.

Floor Channel Installation

Note: Ceiling rails must be installed prior to the floor channel installation. Refer to ceiling rail instructions before proceeding.

1. Using a laser alignment tool, align the lasers with the ceiling rail (Figures 1 & 2).
- Note:** If it helps to keep the floor channel from moving, use two square pieces of hook & loop (with an adhesive back) and attach them to the underside of the floor channel centered on both ends.
2. Place the floor channel on the laser alignment mark (Figure 2).
 3. Pre-drill attachment screw holes by determined distance on space planning layout. Use supplied screws that are specified per space-planning layout and attach floor channel to the surface.
 4. Repeat steps one and two for installing additional floor channels, directly below ceiling rails using laser alignment tool (Figure 2).



Detail A

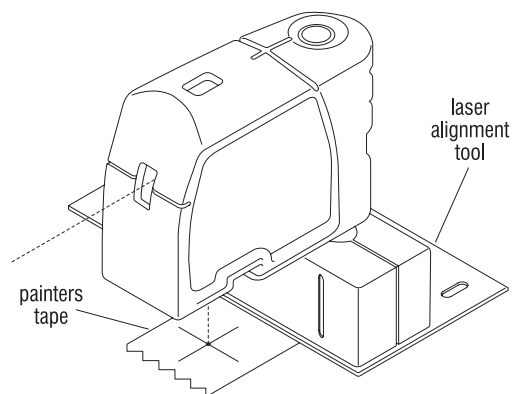


Figure 1

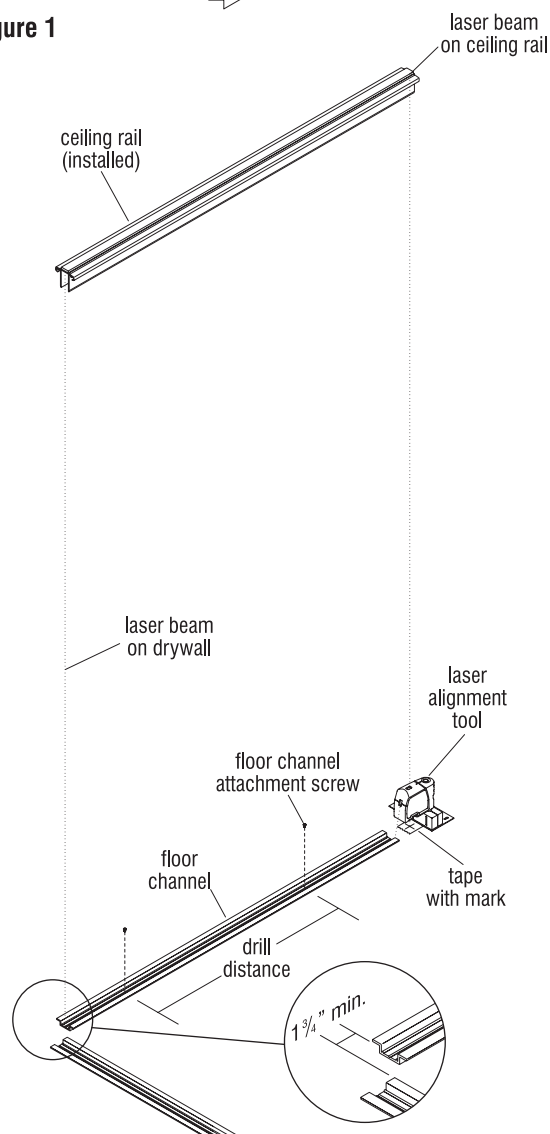
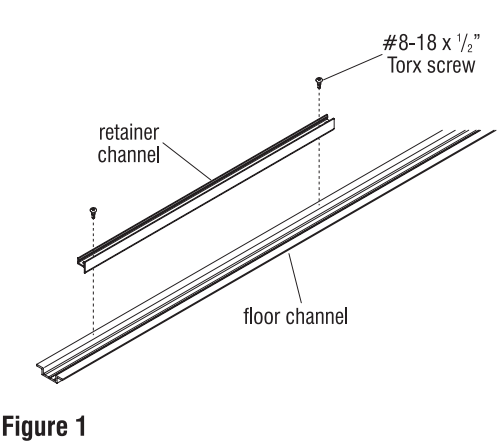


Figure 2



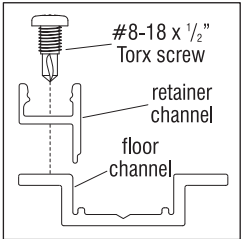
Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.



Initial Panel Positioning & Floor Channel Preparation
Important: Ceiling rails and floor channels must be installed prior to panel installation. Refer to ceiling rail and floor channel instructions before proceeding.

Note: To save time and space, stage all panels into sequence. Each panel is manufactured and specified to be installed at a certain location on the space plan. Locate the panel designator label on each panel and assure that the panel is staged to be installed in the correct location. If possible, do this as the panels are unloaded from the truck, eliminating double handling and potential damage.

Important: Any panels being installed, which per the space-planning layout will install next to a sliding door, where the sliding door will pass next to a panel or two (panel length dependent), those panel(s) will require that “additional top clamps” be installed to the top (see page 44). If panel(s) are installed without adding additional top clamps, disassembly and re-assembly will be required.



Detail A

Glass Panel Width	Retainer Channel Length	Groups of Setting Blocks	Dimensions from Edge of Glass to Center of Setting Block
22"-48"	18"	2	6"
18"-21.99"	18"	2	3"
10.1"-18"	6"	2	3"
8"-10"	6"	2	Match up with edge of glass

Detail B - Chart

- At the floor channel location to receive a glass panel, first reference the Detail B Chart and determine the correct Retainer Channel Length for the Glass Panel Width to be installed. Place the correct length retainer channel into the raised outside section, at the side of the floor channel opposite where the glass panel will install from, and centered in relation to where the glass panel will be installed. Using two #8-18 x 1/2 inch Torx screws, inserted 1" from each end, secure the retaining channel to the floor channel (Figure 1 & Detail A).
- Next, knowing the installation location of the glass panel with reference to Glass Panel Width, determine and mark the setting blocks locations on the floor channel by referencing Dimensions from Edge of Glass to Center of Setting Block in the Detail B Chart this page (Detail B & Figure 2 next page).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Panel Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Height & Preliminary Level Adjustment

Note: Each panel is manufactured and specified to be installed at a certain location on the space plan. Locate the panel designator label on each panel and assure that the panel is installed in the correct location.

3. Ensure that a retainer channel is installed to the opposite side which a panel will be installed from as described on page 17, Figure 1. Setting blocks are different heights to aid in leveling a glass panel and assuring panels are plumb to each other when installed. Glass panels may be "stepped" with use of setting blocks to achieve level/plumb (Figure 2 & Detail C).
 4. Place appropriate height setting block(s) at marked locations in the floor channel per Detail B Chart, page 17. Use a tall enough bottom block, or set of blocks to ensure that the glass clears the floor channel mounting hardware, but that the glass does not set above minimum glass bite limit of $\frac{1}{4}$ " in the floor channel and also engages $\frac{3}{4}$ " up in the ceiling channel. A dry fitting of components may be necessary to achieve a level/plumb panel (Figure 2 & Detail C).
 5. Once appropriate number of setting blocks is decided, locate the slide strips. Remove the backing from the adhesive side and attach one to each of the bottom blocks on the side that rests on the floor channel. These strips help the panels become more movable while on the setting blocks (Figure 3).
- Note:** It is not critical for adjacent panels to be at the same bottom height as the one next to it. It is most critical that panels be plumb and within glass bite limits at the top and bottom, using setting blocks.
6. Assemble all setting block stacks and install onto the floor track at the correct location, as determined and marked on the channel in step 2, page 17 (Figure 4).

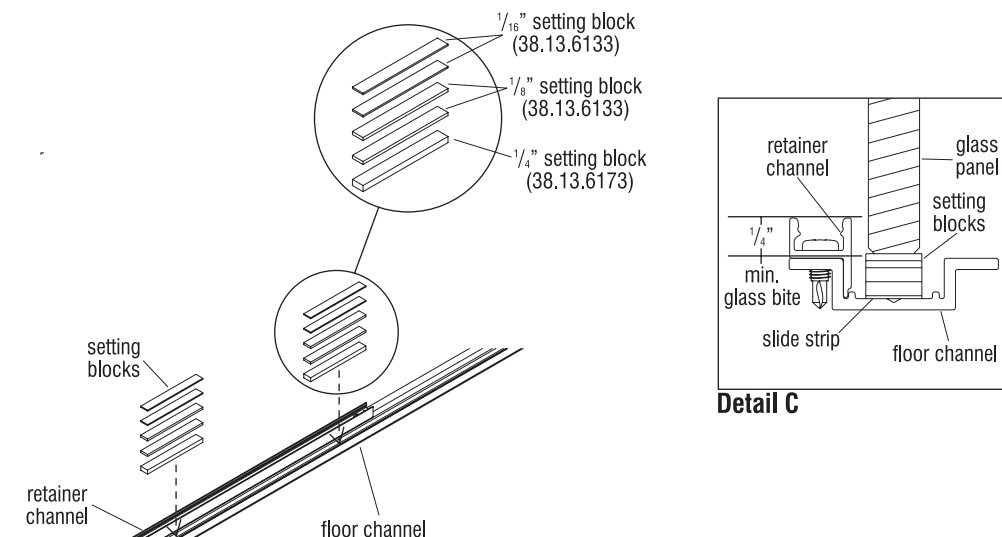


Figure 2

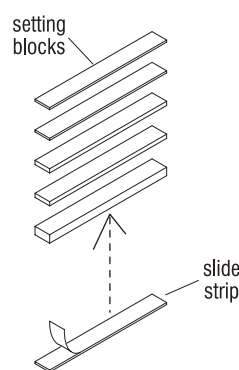


Figure 3

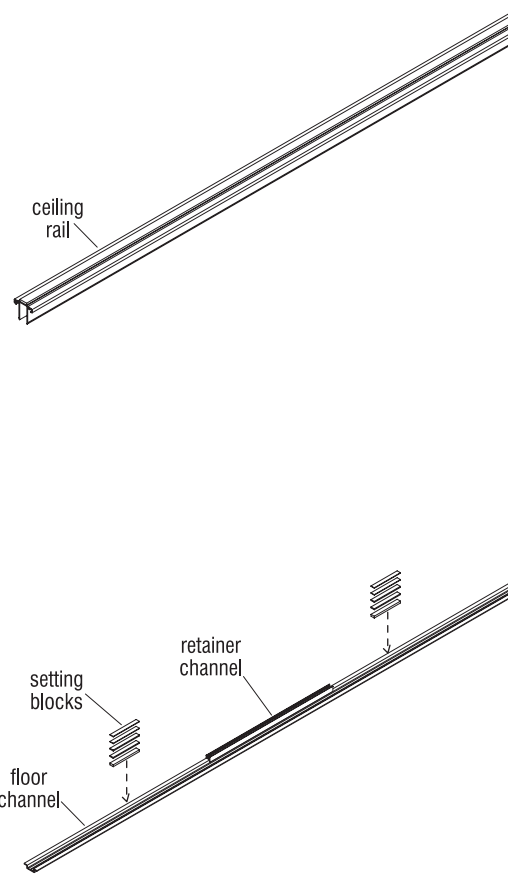


Figure 4



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

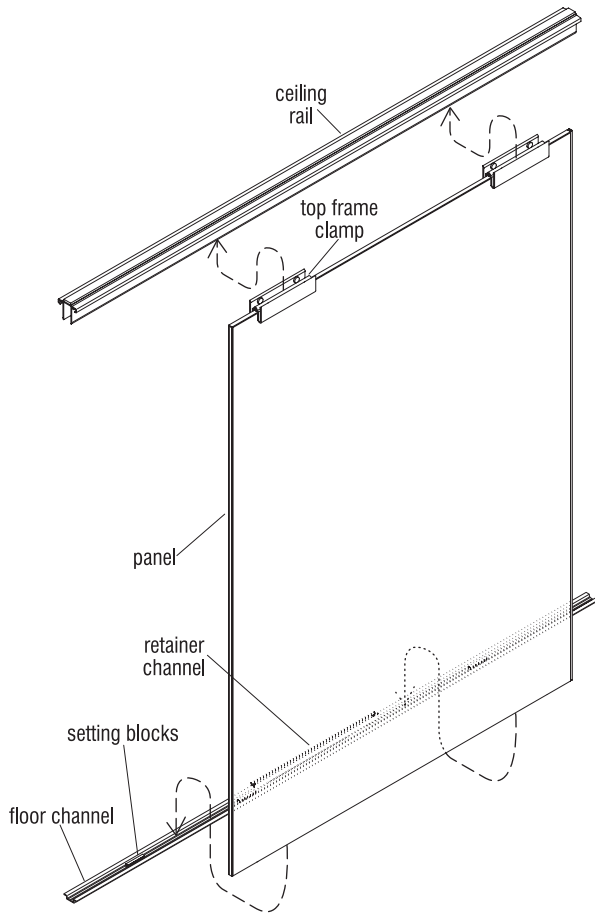
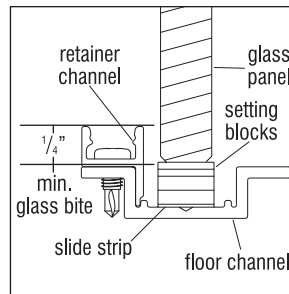


Figure 4



Detail D

Initial Panel Installation & Positioning

Important: Assume that you have followed instructions on pages 17 & 18 before proceeding below.

6. With setting blocks in place to achieve a level/plumb glass panel, and with help from a second person, use rubber suction cups and set the glass panel upright next to the ceiling rail at the location it will install to. Carefully tip the bottom of the frame out and the top of the panel frame toward the ceiling rail, then lift and nest the top frame clamps of the panel into the ceiling rail. Then, lifting the top into the rail, rotate the bottom of the glass panel carefully onto the setting blocks in the floor channel, and hold the panel upright securely (Figure 5).
7. With a second person holding the glass panel upright and stable, assure that the panel is engaged up in the ceiling rail a minimum of $\frac{3}{4}$ " and the panel is level/plumb on the setting blocks, within the $\frac{1}{4}$ " minimum glass bite at the floor channel. Check plumb, lift glass panel and adjust to level using additional setting blocks if needed (Figure 6 & Detail D).



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Initial Panel Installation & Positioning (cont.)

8. Next, install a second retainer channel to the opposite side of the floor channel as the first (page 17) using two #8-18 x 1/2" Torx screws.
9. Once first panel is installed and plumb, continue on with others per the space-planning layout. After all panels are in place, top and bottom trim can be installed, per pages 32 through 37.

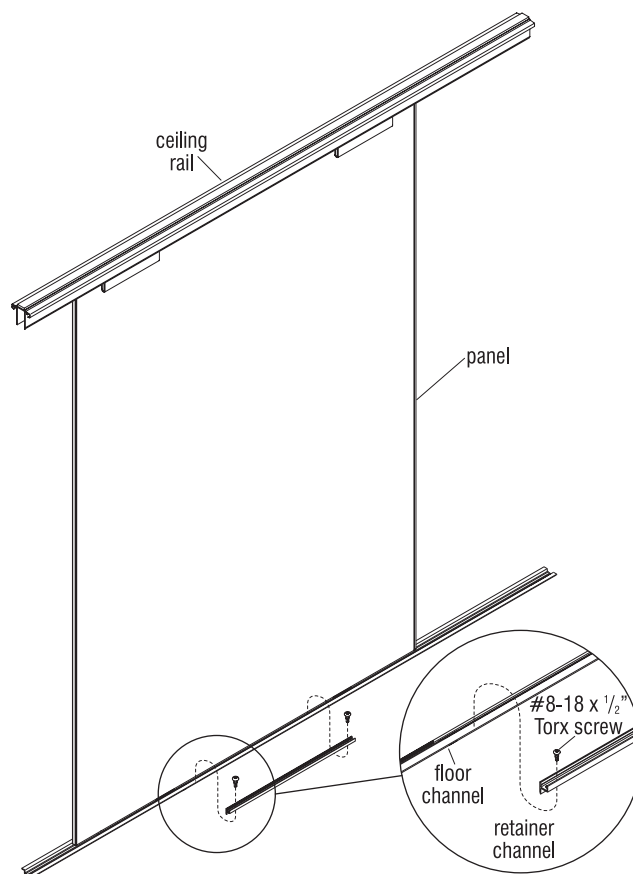


Figure 5



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

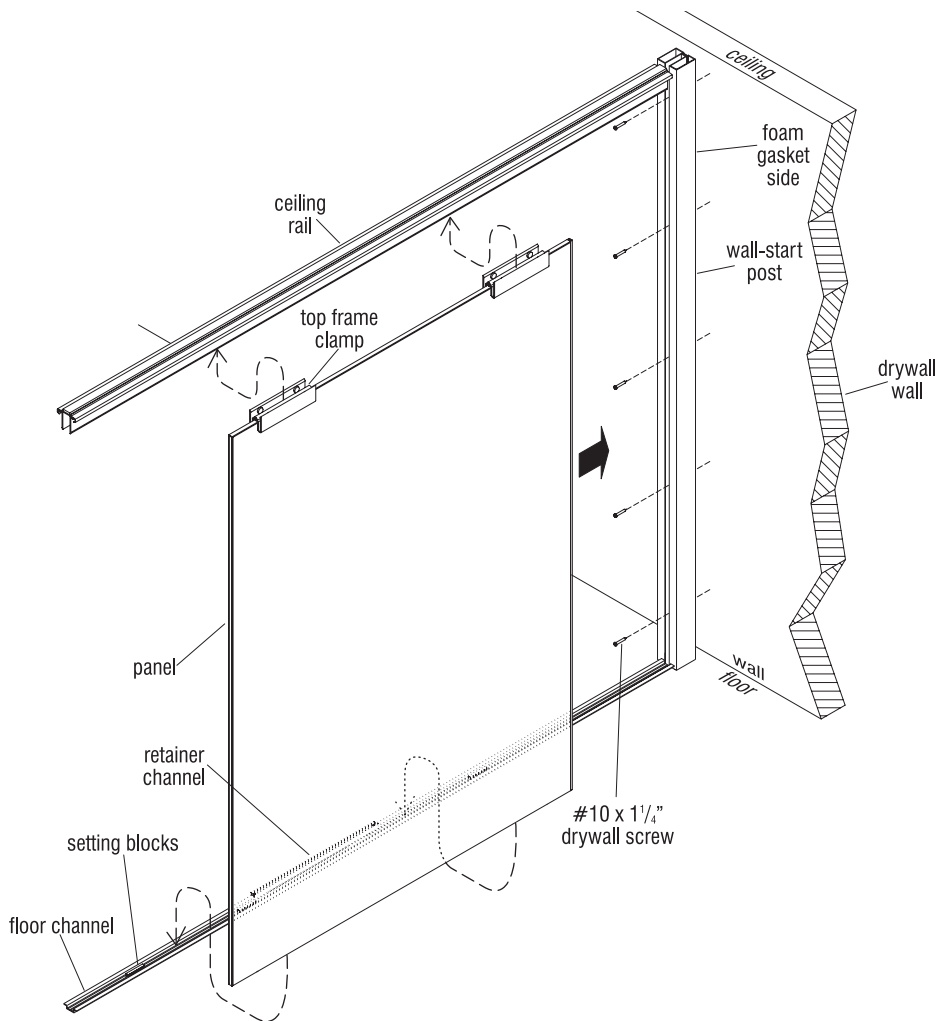


Figure 1

Wall-Mounted Glass Panels

Important: Any panels being installed, which per the space-planning layout will install next to a sliding door, where the sliding door will pass next to a panel or two (panel length dependent), those panel(s) will require that "additional top clamps" be installed to the top (see page 44). If panel(s) are installed without adding additional top clamps, disassembly and re-assembly will be required.

1. Where the installed ceiling rail meets the wall to receive wall-start post, measure from the top of the ceiling rail down along the wall to the floor, making allowance for how far the wall-start post will sink into the carpet.
2. Transfer the measurement to the wall-start post and cut the post to size at the end opposite the "notched end" (Figure 1).
3. Position the wall-start post plum against the wall centered with the ceiling rail, with the foam gasket side against the wall and the notch end at the floor over the floor channel. Secure using five drywall screws evenly spaced (Figure 1).

Positioning Glass Panel At Wall Start

Note: To save time and space, move all panels into installation sequence. If possible, do this as the panels are unloaded from the truck, eliminating double handling and potential damage.

4. To install panel, see panel installation steps on pages 17-19. Once panel is dry fit under ceiling rail and in the floor channel, go to next steps.



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Wall-Mounted Glass Panels (cont.)

Important: Assure that steps on pages 17-20 are understood and followed when installing wall-mounted glass panels.

5. To mount the glass panel against a wall-start post, position glass panel into the notch in the post (Figure 2, Details B & C). Adjust the position of the glass panel as needed (Detail D).
6. Continue setting panels into position following appropriate instructions in this manual (as in pages 24 through 30).

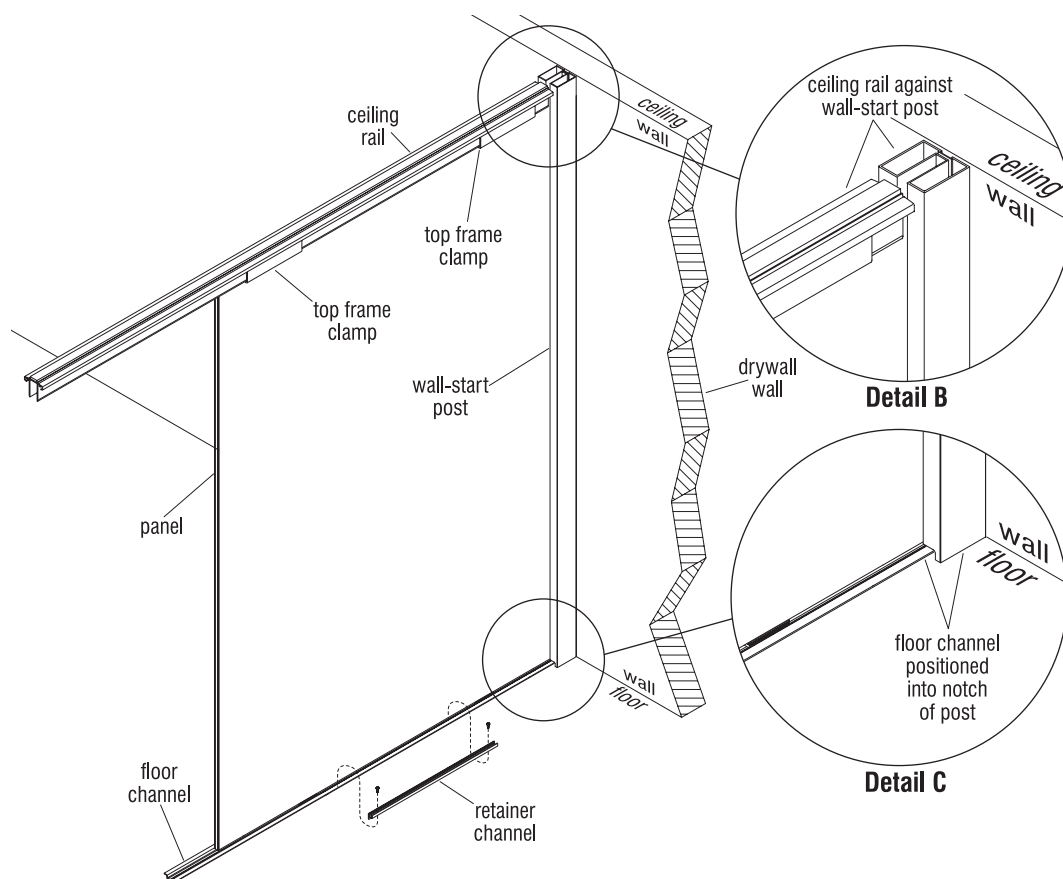
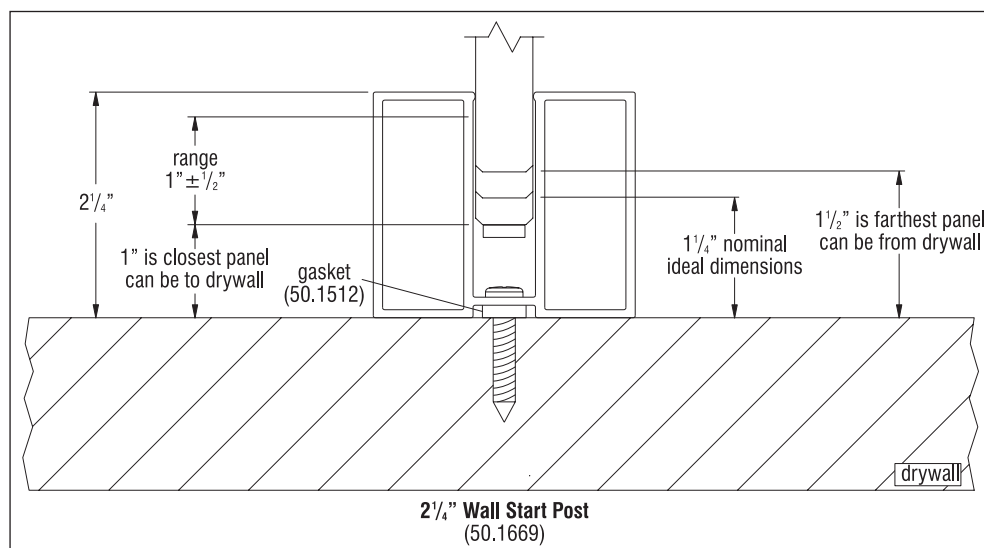


Figure 2



Detail D



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

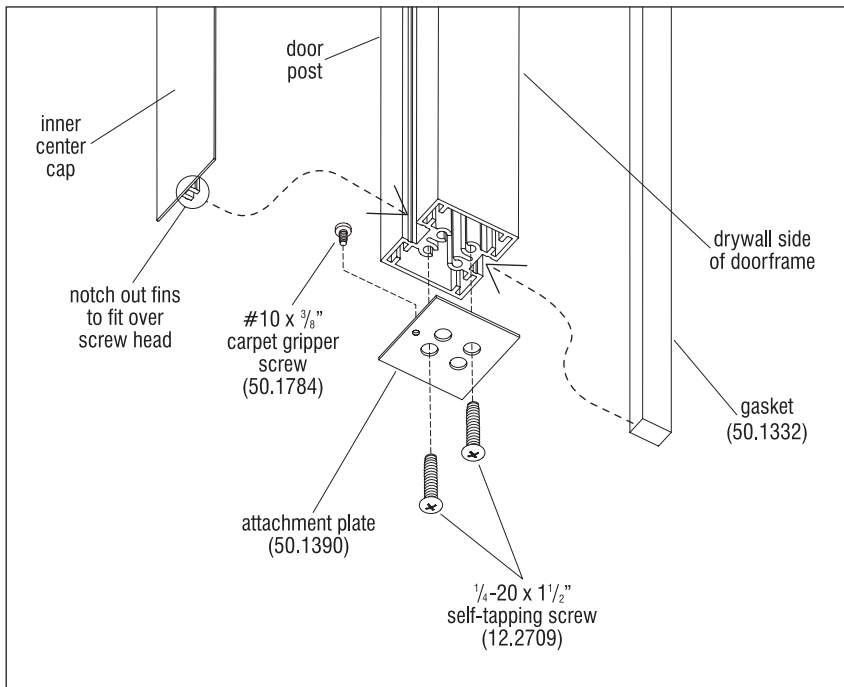


Figure 1 - Door Post To Drywall Connection

Door Post To Drywall Connection

Note: In addition to the standard door frame, a door post to drywall kit is provided when a door frame starts directly from drywall. The bottom end of the frame that the kit is attached to must be cut $\frac{1}{16}$ " shorter to make room for the attachment plate at the bottom of the post (Figure 1).

1. Start by removing the outer center cap (not shown) from the frame that butts up to the drywall. This can be put into stock because it will not be needed in this condition (Figure 1).
2. **Make sure the frame bottom is cut $\frac{1}{16}$ " shorter before installing the attachment plate.** Screw the attachment plate (50.1390) to the bottom of the door post using two $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " self-tapping screws (12.2709) (Figure 1).
3. Next, apply gasket (50.1332) into the groove in the post where the outer center cap was removed (Figure 1).
4. Remove the inner center cap from the door post. Stand the door frame following the instructions for that frame. Install a $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " self-tapping screw (12.2709) into the attachment plate hole visible inside the groove in the post (Figure 1).
5. Cut a notch in the fins at the bottom of the removed inner center cap, which will otherwise interfere with the carpet gripper screw head. Reinstall the notched inner center cap (Figure 1).



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Glass-To-Glass Panel Joint Configurations

The figures on this page show the layout of different glass panel joints. Reference the appropriate instructions in pages to follow, to make appropriate panel connections

Important: All flexible and rigid seals must be properly cleaned just prior to installation. Using a clean, lint-free cloth with the supplied solution (Silane Glass Treatment AP115), clean the seal(s) being installed to glass.

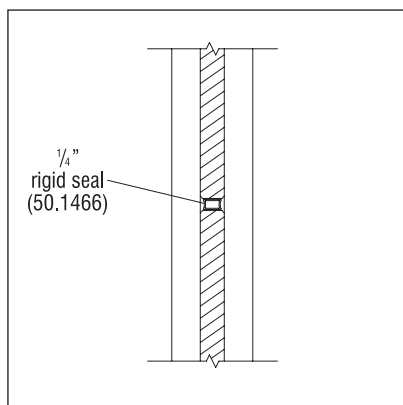


Figure 1 - In-line Connection (Page 21)

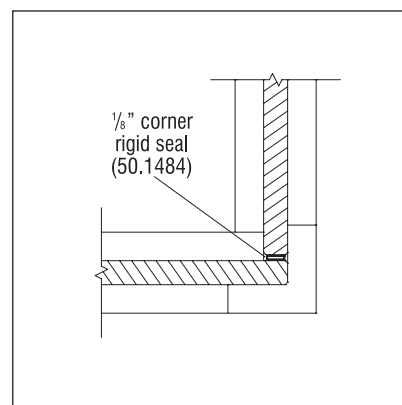


Figure 2 - Corner Connection (Page 22)

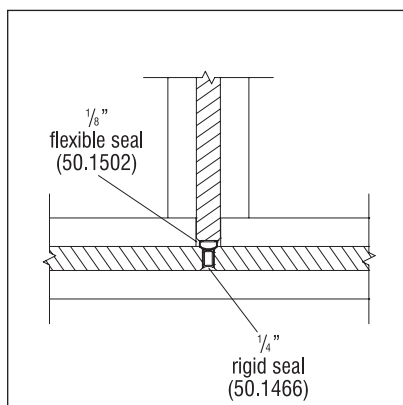


Figure 3 - 3-Way Connection (Page 23)

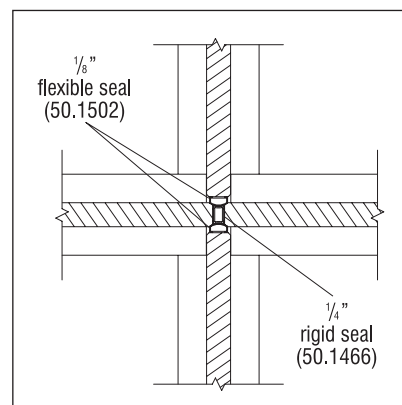


Figure 4 - 4-Way Connection (Page 24)

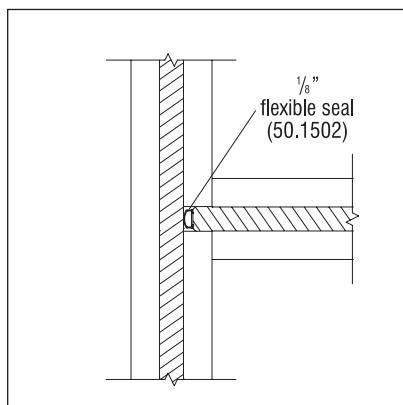


Figure 5 - Off Module 3-Way Connection (Page 25)


CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

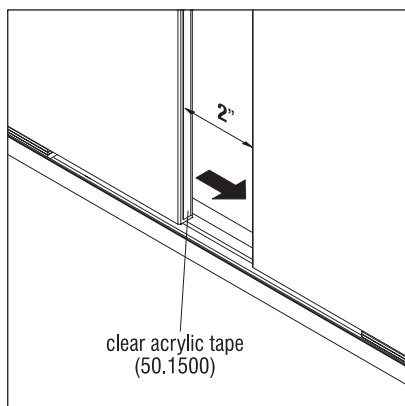
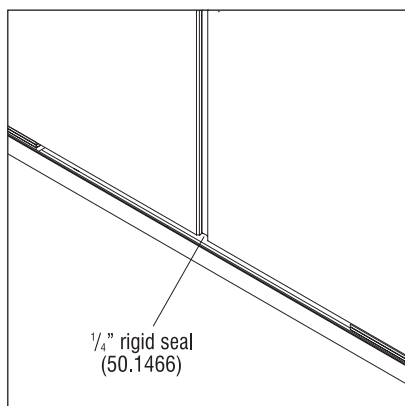
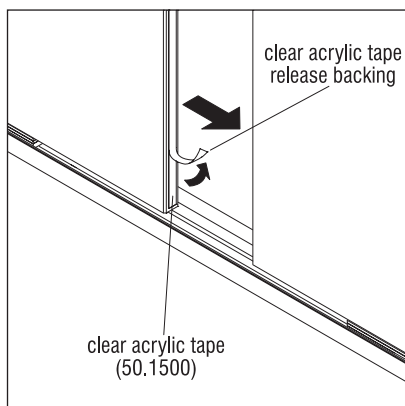
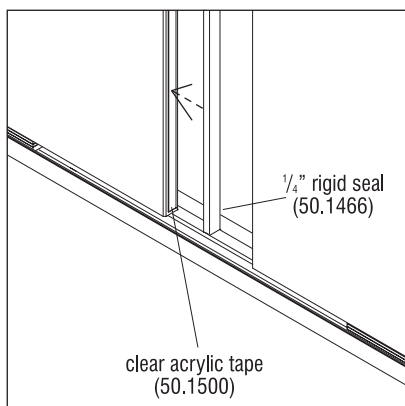
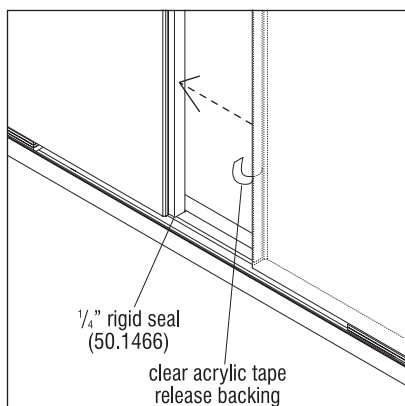
In-line Panel Connection - Glazing Seal

Important: Follow the instructions in this manual (pages 8 through 16) to install the ceiling rails and floor channel per the final KI-Installation Drawings. As instructed below, it is important to stage, level and plumb the glass panels at their final installation location prior to connecting panels together with glazing seal.

Important: Before connecting panels together, at any location where the space-planning layout specifies installation of a sliding door, where the sliding door will pass next to a panel or two (panel length dependent), those panel(s) will require that "additional top clamps" be installed to the top (see page 44). If panels are installed without adding additional top clamps, disassembly and re-assembly will be required.

Note: The glass panels come from the factory with adhesive tape pre-applied to both edges of the glass.

1. Remove the protective shipping channel from both panel side edges to expose the tape. Stand and level the panels.
2. Slide one of the panels to the side, opening up the sealed joint to approximately 2" (Figure 1).
3. Dry-fit the 1/4" rigid seal (50.1466) between the glass by sliding the glass together and pinching the rigid seal between the glass panels. Make sure there are no gaps between the glass and the rigid seal (Figure 2). If there are gaps, re-level the panels.
4. Clean the 1/4" rigid seal (50.1466) using a clean, lint-free cloth with the supplied solution (Silane Glass Treatment AP115). Follow directions on the bottle.
5. Pull the panels back apart approximately 1/2". Remove the release backing from the tape on one edge of the glass (Figure 3).
6. Apply the 1/4" rigid seal (50.1466) to the tape using the rigid seal alignment tool (Figure 4).
7. Remove the release backing from the second piece of tape on the panel to be joined to. Align the pieces of glass and hold them in-plane with a large straight edge making sure that any bow in the glass does not make an uneven joint. Carefully slide the panels together to form a bond. Force the panels tightly together using suction cups and a clamp to fully nip the tape (Figure 5).
8. Follow the instructions in this manual to complete installing the panels, posts and trim.


Figure 1 - Spread Panels

Figure 2 - Dry-fit Seal

Figure 3 - Remove Release Backing

Figure 4 - Apply Rigid Seal

Figure 5 - Attach Panel



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Corner Panel Connection - Glazing Seal

Important: Follow the instructions in this manual (pages 8 through 16) to install the ceiling rails and floor channel per the final KI-Installation Drawings. As instructed below, it is important to stage, level and plumb the glass panels at their final installation location prior to connecting panels together with glazing seal.

Note: The glass panels come from the factory with adhesive tape pre-applied to both edges of the glass.

1. Remove the protective shipping channel from both panel edges to expose the tape. Stand and level the panels.
2. Since the glass corner requires one panel to butt into the face of the other panel, the factory applied tape must be removed from the edge of the adjoining panel. This can be done with a plastic scrapper and a light oil or by using a decal eraser wheel (Whizzy Wheel®) and drill (Figure 1).
3. Using a clean, lint-free cloth with the supplied solution (Silane Glass Treatment AP115), clean the $\frac{1}{8}$ " corner rigid seal (50.1484) and the surface of the glass where the overlapping panel will contact to form the corner. Follow the directions on the bottle.
4. Dry-fit the $\frac{1}{8}$ " corner rigid seal (50.1484) between the glass by sliding the glass closer together and pinching the seal between the glass panels. Make sure there are no gaps between the glass and the rigid seal. If there are gaps, re-level the panels (Figure 2).
5. Apply clear acrylic tape to one side of the $\frac{1}{8}$ " corner rigid seal (50.1484) (Figure 3).
6. Move the butting panel back about $\frac{1}{2}$ ". Remove the release backing from the tape on the butting panel edge (Figure 4).

7. Apply the $\frac{1}{8}$ " corner rigid seal (non-taped side) to the exposed tape on the butting panel edge using the seal alignment tool (Figure 4).
8. Remove the release backing from the $\frac{1}{8}$ " corner rigid seal which will butt to the adjoining panel. Align the pieces of glass and hold them in-plane with a large straight edge making sure that any bow in the glass does not make an uneven joint. Carefully slide the panels together to form a bond. Force the panels tightly together to fully nip the tape (Figure 5).
9. Follow the instructions in this manual to complete installing the panels, posts and trim.

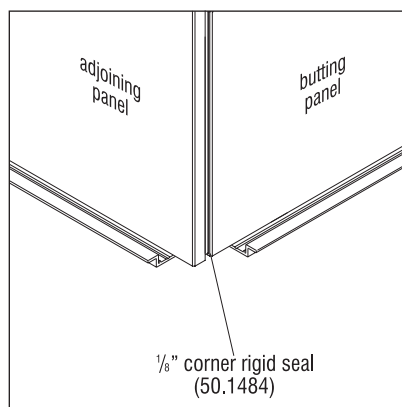


Figure 2 - Dry-fit Seal

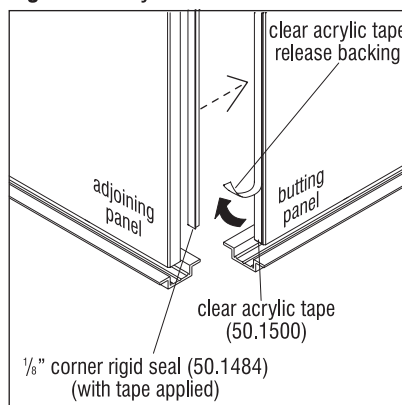


Figure 4 - Apply Glazing Seal

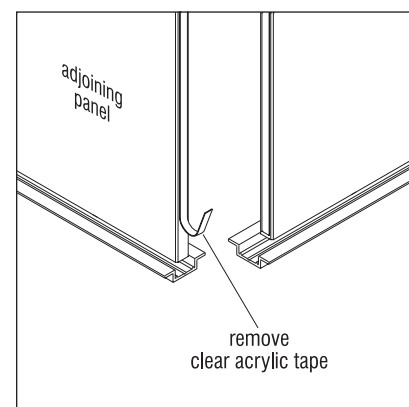


Figure 1 - Spread Panels/Remove Tape

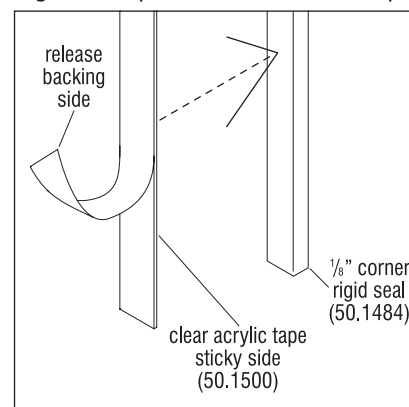


Figure 3 - Apply Tape to Glazing Seal

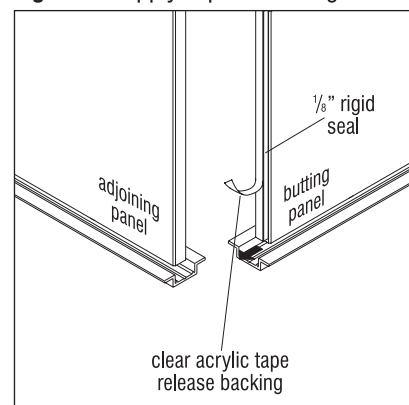


Figure 5 - Assemble Panels Together



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

3-Way Panel Connection - Glazing Seal

Important: Follow the instructions in this manual (pages 8 through 16) to install the ceiling rails and floor channel per the final KI-Installation Drawings. As instructed below, it is important to stage, level and plumb the glass panels

at their final installation location prior to connecting panels together with glazing seal.

Note: The glass panels come from the factory with adhesive tape pre-applied to both edges of the glass.

1. Remove the protective shipping channel from all edges to expose the tape. Stand and level the panels. Slide the panels to the side, opening up the joints to approximately 2" (Figure 1).
2. Dry-fit the 1/4" rigid (50.1466) and 1/8" flexible (50.1502) seals between the glass by sliding the panels closer together and pinching the seals between the glass panels. Make sure there are no gaps between the glass and the seals (Figure 2). If there are gaps, re-level the panels.
3. Using a clean, lint free cloth with the supplied solution (Silane Glass Treatment AP115), clean both seals before installation. Follow directions on the bottle.
4. Pull the panels back apart by about 1/2". Remove the release backing from the tape on the intersecting in-line panel edge and from the butting in-line panel edge (Figure 3).
5. Apply the 1/4" rigid seal (50.1466) to the tape on the butting in-line panel, then apply the flat side of the 1/8" flexible seal (50.1502) to the tape on the intersecting panel using the seal alignment tool (Figure 4).
6. Remove the release backing from the adjoining in-line panel (Figure 5). Align the pieces of glass and hold them in-plane with a large straight edge and a corner square making sure that any bow in the glass does not make an uneven joint. Slide the panels together to form a bond. Force the panels tightly together to fully nip the tape (Figure 6).
7. Follow the instructions in this manual to complete installing the panels, posts and trim.

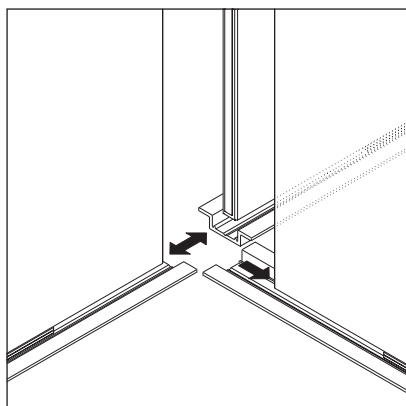


Figure 1 - Spread Panels

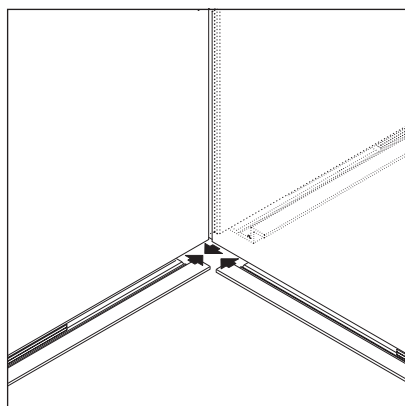


Figure 2 - Dry-fit Seals

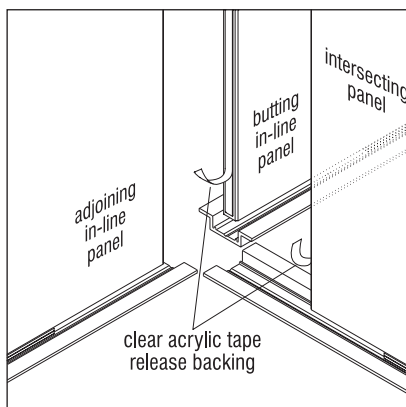


Figure 3 - Remove Release Backing

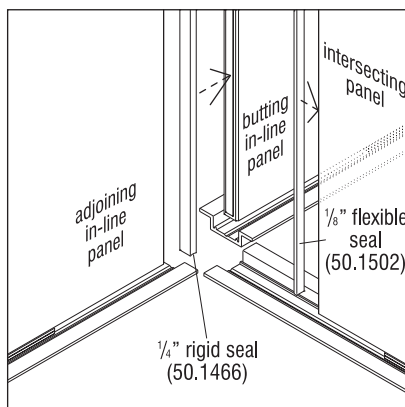


Figure 4 - Apply Seals

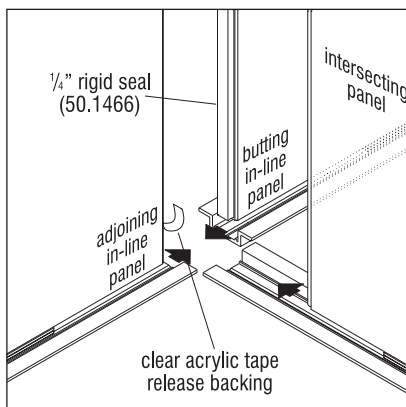


Figure 5 - Remove Release Backing

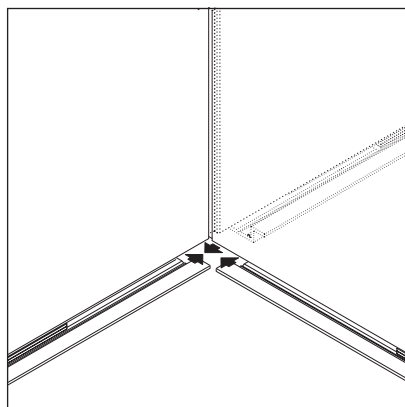


Figure 6 - Fit Panels



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

4-Way Panel Connection - Glazing Seal

Important: Follow the instructions in this manual (pages 8 through 16) to install the ceiling rails and floor channel per the final KI-Installation Drawings. As instructed below, it is important to stage, level and plumb the glass panels at their final installation location prior to connecting panels together with glazing seal.

Note: The glass panels come from the factory with adhesive tape pre-applied to both edges of the glass.

1. Remove the protective shipping channel from all edges to expose the tape. Stand and level the panels. Slide the panels to the side, opening up the joints to approximately 2" (Figure 1).
2. Dry-fit the 1/4" rigid (50.1466) and two 1/8" flexible (50.1502) seals between the glass by sliding the panels closer together and pinching the seals between the glass panels. Make sure there are no gaps between the glass and the seals (Figure 2). If there are gaps, re-level the panels.
3. Pull the panels back apart by about 1/2". Remove the release backing from the tape on both intersecting panel edges, and also from the butting in-line panel edge (Figure 3).
4. Using a clean, lint free cloth with the supplied solution (Silane Glass Treatment AP115), clean both seals before installation. Follow directions on the bottle.
5. Apply the 1/4" rigid seal (50.1466) to the tape on the butting in-line panel and apply the 1/8" flexible seals (50.1502) to the tape on both intersecting panels using the seal alignment tool (Figure 4).
6. Remove the release backing from the adjoining in-line panel (Figure 5). Align the pieces of glass and hold them in-plane with a large straight edge and a corner square

making sure that any bow in the glass does not make an uneven joint. Slide the panels together to form a bond. Force the panels tightly together to fully nip the tape (Figure 6).

7. Follow the instructions in this manual to complete installing the panels, posts and trim.

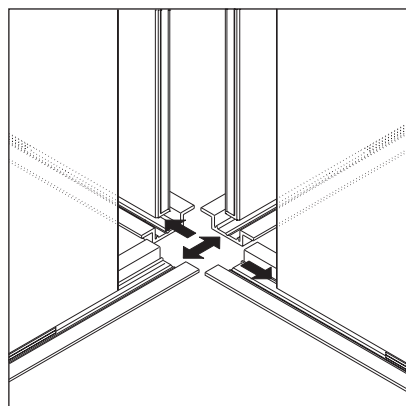


Figure 1 - Spread Panels

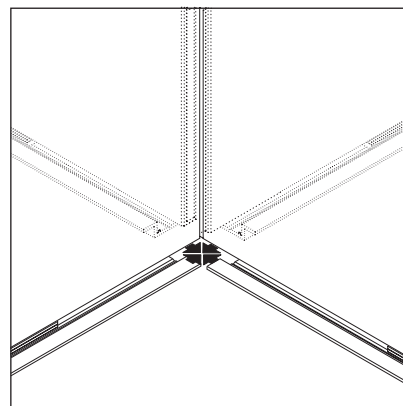


Figure 2 - Dry-fit Seals

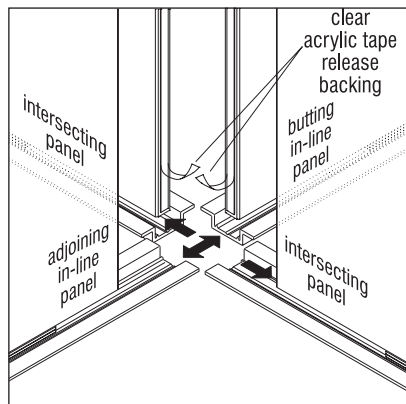


Figure 3 - Remove Release Backing

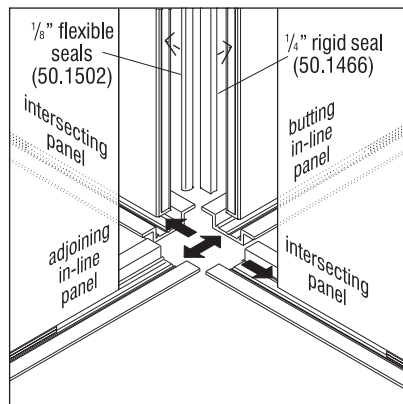


Figure 4 - Apply Seals

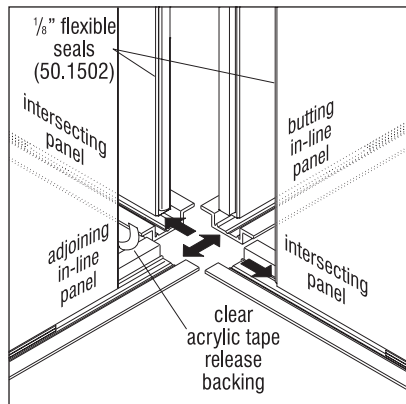


Figure 5 - Remove Release Backing

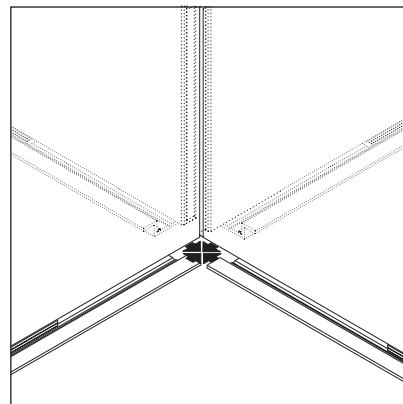


Figure 6 - Fit Panels



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Off-Module 3-Way Connection

Note: Where one panel intersects the middle of another panel, the top frame channel and ceiling rail of the panel being intersected will need to be modified. For additional ceiling corner bracket information, see "Ceiling Corner Brackets" on page 15.

Note: Off module connections are allowed under conditions where the intersecting panel does not meet at the top clamp of an adjoining panel. Space planning will account for and avoid this situation.

1. Cut the intersecting panel ceiling rail into two parts and remove a 3" section to fit the 3-way corner bracket (50.1850), where the intersection is being made (Figure 1).
2. Position and secure the ceiling rail to the ceiling grid (see "Ceiling Rail Installation", beginning on page 8).
3. Add a gasket section to the top of the 3-way corner bracket (50.1850), then install the bracket to all three of the ceiling rails using six #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling Torx screws (Figure 1).
4. Stand the "panel being intersected" back under the now-divided ceiling rail, then stand the "intersecting panel" under its ceiling rail and check panels for level and a tight joint. Re-level if necessary. Press the intersecting panel against the panel being intersected, compressing the flexible seal slightly (Figure 2).
5. Using a clean, lint free cloth with the supplied solution (Silane Glass Treatment AP115), clean both seals before installation. Follow directions on the bottle.
6. Remove the release backing from the tape on the intersecting panel and apply a 1/8" flexible seal (50.1502) to the tape, using the seal alignment tool. Do not let the bottom of the seal touch the tape before it is guided precisely into position (Figure 3).
7. Once seal is installed stand the "panel being intersected" back under the now-divided ceiling rail, then stand the "intersecting panel" under its ceiling rail and check panels for level and a tight joint. Re-level if necessary. Press the intersecting panel against the panel being intersected, compressing the flexible seal slightly (Figure 2).
8. Install the ceiling and base trim (see "Inside Corner Trim - Ceiling" and "Inside Corner Trim - Floor" instructions on page 35) (Figure 6).

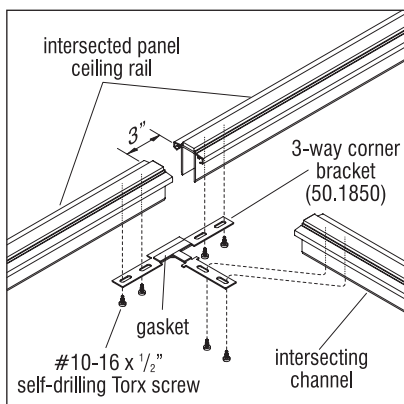


Figure 1 - Install 3-Way Bracket

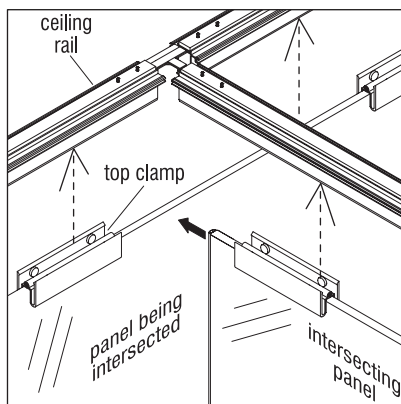


Figure 2 - Dry-fit Panels

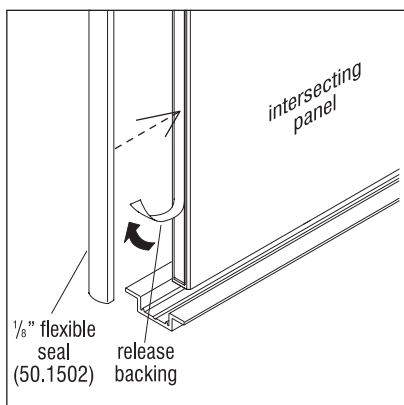


Figure 3 - Install Flexible Seal

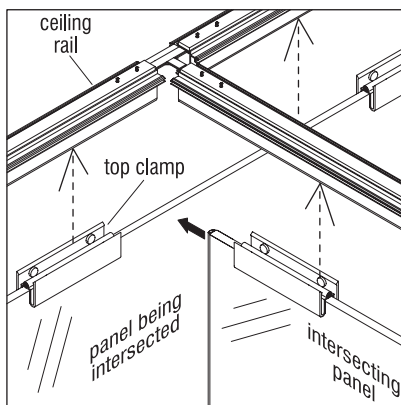


Figure 4 - Install Panels to Channels

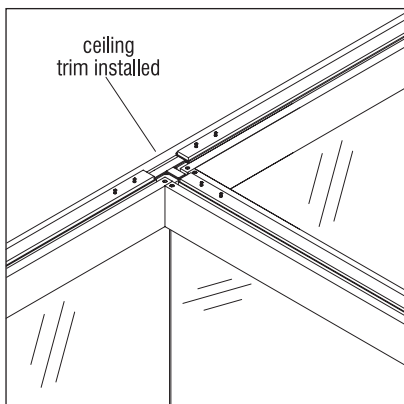


Figure 5 - Install Trim



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Flexible Glazing Seal at Door Frame and Posts

Important: Follow the instructions in this manual (pages 8 through 16) to install the ceiling rails and floor channels per the final KI-Installation Drawings. Then follow all appropriate instructions to stage and/or install glass panels to posts with glazing seal. Door frames and/or posts may be installed before or after glass panels are installed. Follow appropriate door frame installation instructions in this manual. Also reference page 38 for universal post conditions.

Note: The glass panels come from the factory with adhesive tape pre-applied to both edges of the glass.

1. Remove the protective shipping channel from both panel edges to expose the tape. Stand and level the panels.
2. Using a clean, lint-free cloth with the supplied solution (Silane Glass Treatment AP115) clean the flexible seal (50.1502) prior to installation. Follow the directions on the bottle.
3. Apply the flexible seal to the tape using the seal alignment tool. Don't let the bottom of the flexible seal touch the tape at the bottom before it is guided properly into position (Figure 2).

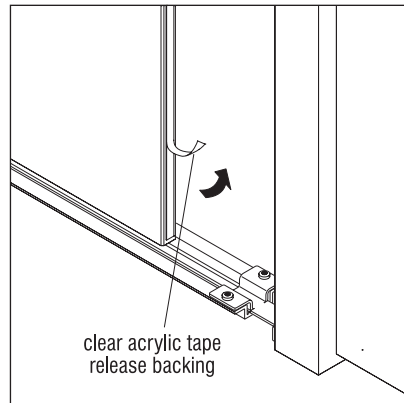


Figure 1 - Remove Release Backing

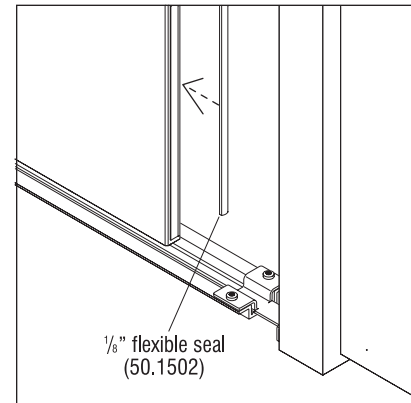
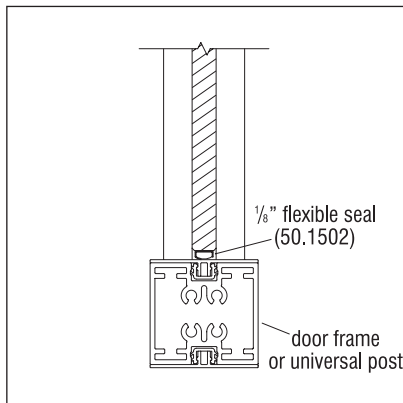


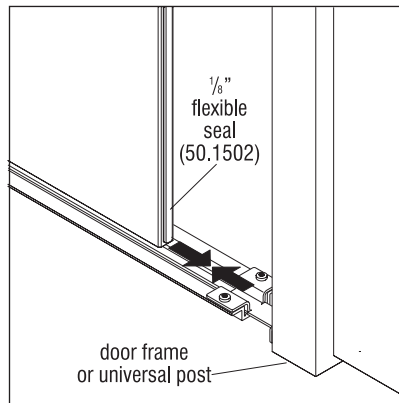
Figure 2 - Install Flexible Seal



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.



**Figure 3 - Flexible Seal to Door Frame/
Universal Post Condition**



**Figure 4 - Attach Panel To Door Frame/
Universal Post Condition**

**Flexible Glazing Seal at Door
Frame and Posts (cont.)**

4. Once, the flexible seal is installed to the edges of the panel, the panel may be mated to the installed door frame (or post) or the door frame may be moved into position against the flexible seal on the panel, and secured as per instructions in this manual (Figures 3 & 4). Reference page 38 for universal post conditions as each configuration may vary.



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Inline Trim Splicing - Ceiling or Floor

1. Measure and cut ceiling and floor trim to proper length. The most desirable splice is at a panel seam.

Outside Corner Mitered Trim - Floor

1. Floor trim outside corners are made by miter cutting the trim ends where they meet.
2. Measure from the outside edge of the glass panel to the furthest panel seam that the 10' trim will reach or to a wall or post where it will end. Add the thickness of the floor trim (0.688") and seal (0.085") to the measurement. Cut trim to that dimension and miter cut the end where the corner will be (Figure 3).
3. Repeat step 2 for the other mitered corner trim. Continue to step 4 on the next page.

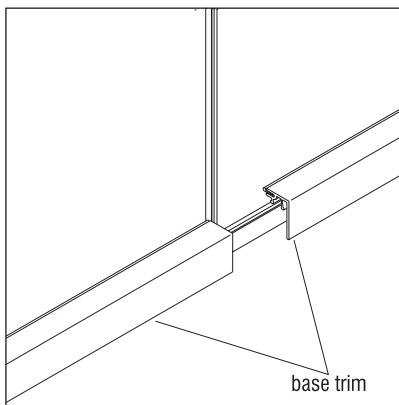


Figure 1 - Inline Floor Trim

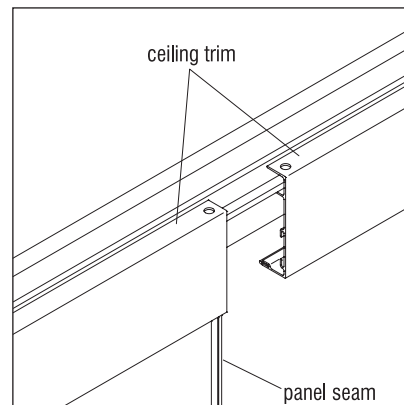


Figure 2 - Inline Ceiling Trim

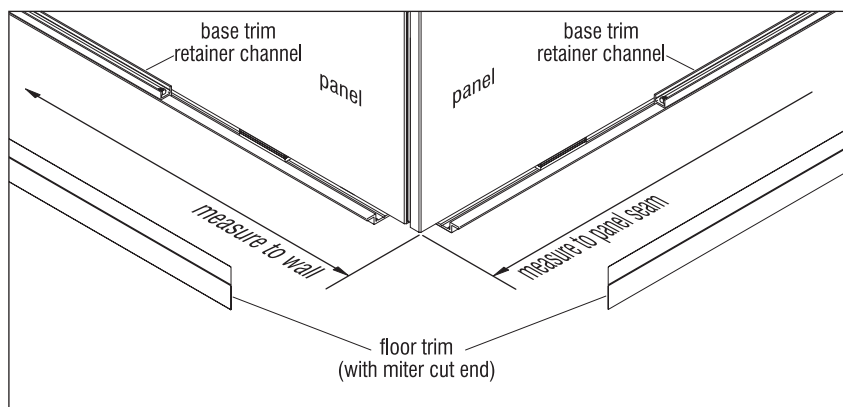


Figure 3 - Measure and Cut Floor Trim



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

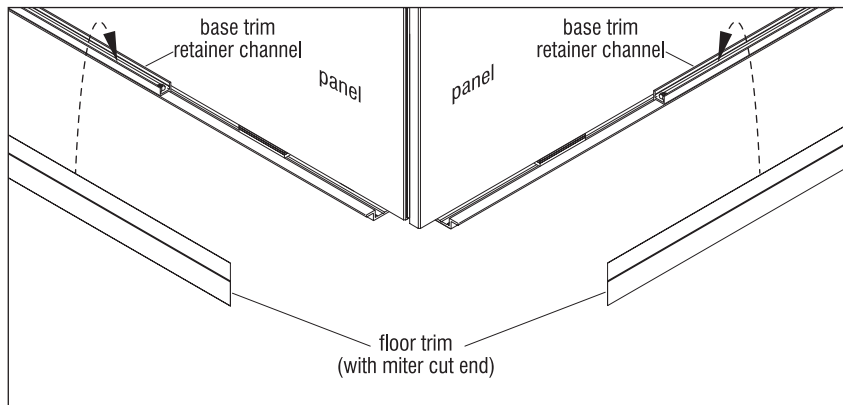
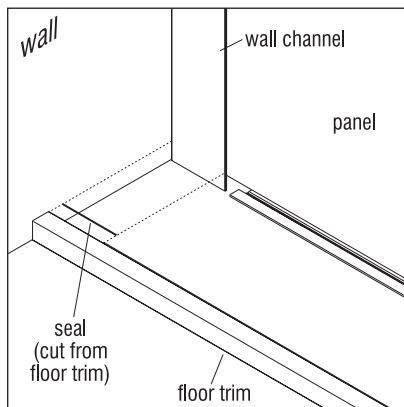


Figure 5 - Install Floor Trim



Detail B - Cut Seal From Floor Trim

Outside Corner Mitered Trim - Floor (cont.)

4. Dry fit both pieces of trim to make sure the pieces fit and that the corner gap is tight. If applicable, at the trim end away from the miter joint, remove any seal where the trim rests on a wall channel. If applicable, at the trim end away from the miter joint, remove any seal where the trim rests on a wall channel (Detail C).
5. If fitment is within spec, install the trim assembly onto the floor channel (Figure 5).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Trim Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Outside Corner Mitered Trim - Ceiling

1. Ceiling trim outside corners are made by miter cutting ceiling trim at the trim ends where they meet, then connecting them using a steel splice plate (50.1734) bent to a 90° angle (Figure 1 & Detail A).
2. Measure from the outside edge of the glass panel to the furthest panel seam that the 10' trim will reach or to a wall or post where it will end. Add the thickness of the opposing ceiling trim (0.813") and seal (0.085") to the measurement. Cut trim to that dimension and miter cut the end where the corner will be (Figure 1).
3. Repeat step 3 for the other mitered corner trim.
4. Dry fit both pieces of ceiling trim to make sure the trim pieces fit and that the corner gap is tight. If applicable, at the trim end away from the miter joint, remove any seal where the trim rests on a wall channel (Detail C).
5. To connect the mitered trims, bend the splice at the center to approximately 90° (Detail A).
6. Slide the metal splice plate (50.1734) into one trim then slide the other trim into the splice. Adjust all pieces so that the corner gap is tight (Detail B).
7. Install the trim assembly onto the ceiling rail (Figure 3).

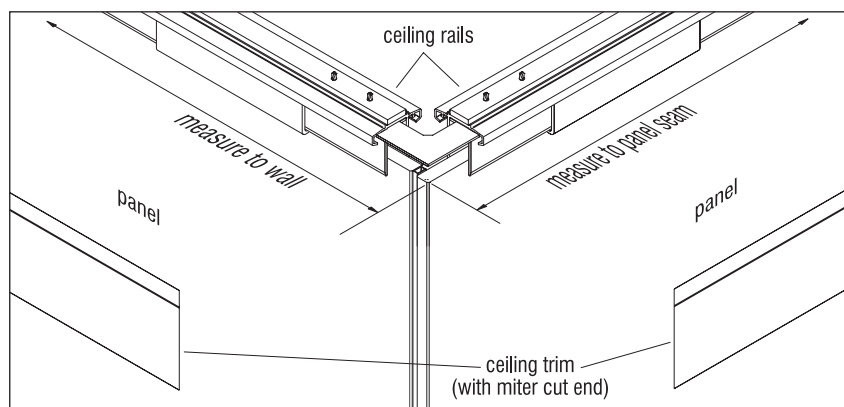
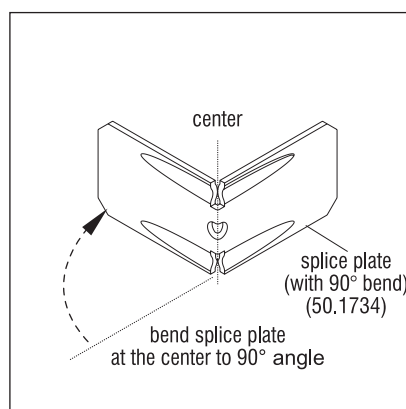
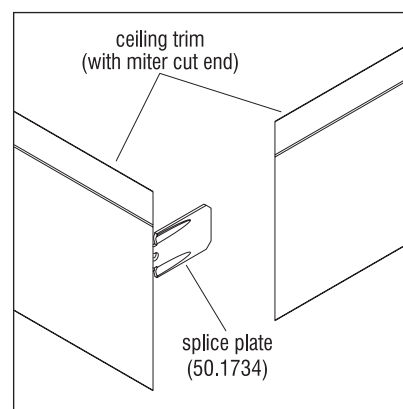


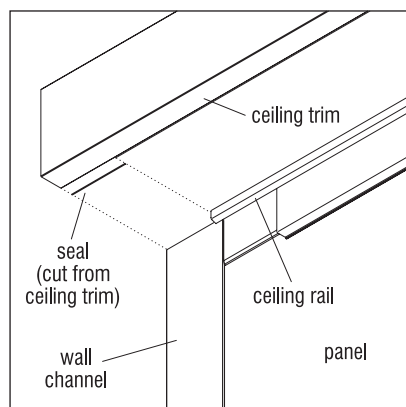
Figure 1 - Measure and Cut Ceiling Trim



Detail A - Bend Splice Plate



Detail B - Splice Plate Half Inserted



Detail C - Cut Seal From Ceiling Trim

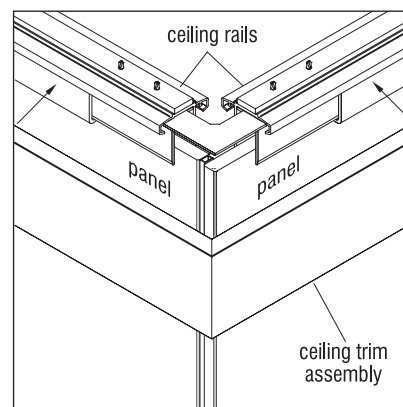


Figure 3 - Install Ceiling Trim Assembly



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

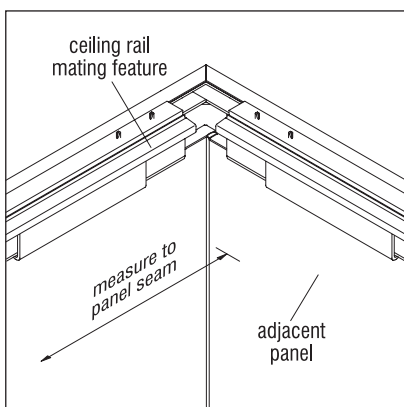


Figure 1 - Measure To Panel Seam

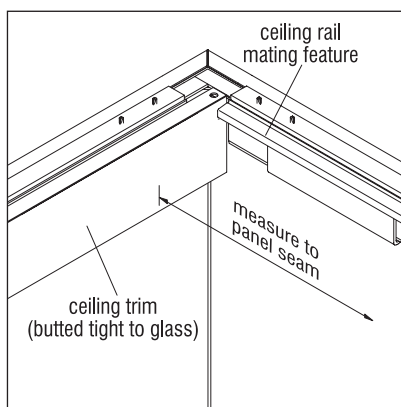


Figure 2 - Measure To Panel Seam

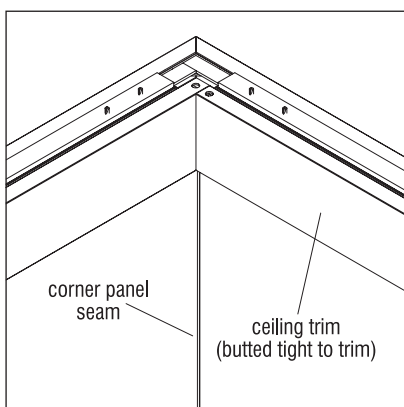


Figure 3 - Completed Ceiling Trim

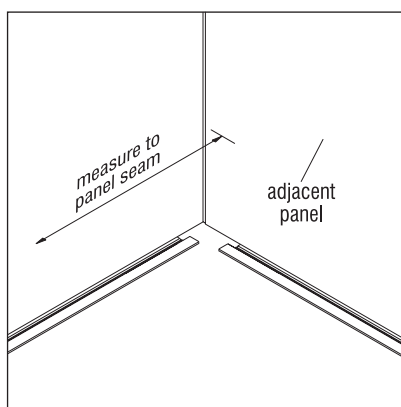


Figure 4 - Measure To Panel Seam

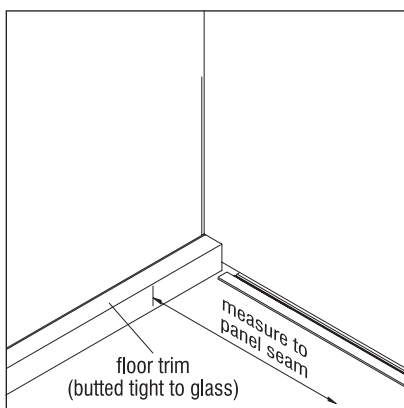


Figure 5 - Measure To Panel Seam

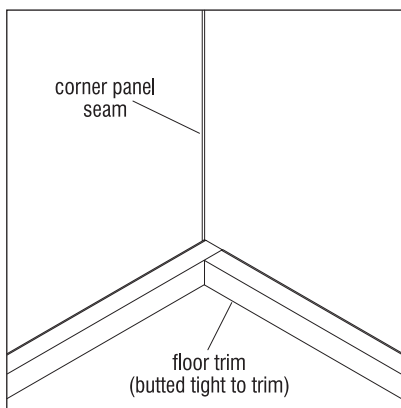


Figure 6 - Completed Floor Trim

Inside Corner Trim - Ceiling

1. Begin by measuring the length for the first side of the ceiling trim, from the surface of the adjacent glass panel to the furthest panel seam that the 10' trim section can reach. Cut trim to that dimension (Figure 1).
2. Position the cut section of trim to the ceiling rail, butting it tight to the surface of the adjacent glass panel, then press it onto the mating feature of the ceiling rail (Figure 2).
3. Next, measure from the inside surface of the previously installed trim to the furthest panel seam that the 10' trim section can reach. Cut trim to that dimension (Figure 2).
4. Position the second side of trim up to the ceiling rail, butting it tight the inside surface of the previously installed trim, then press it onto the mating feature of the ceiling rail (Figure 3).

Inside Corner Trim - Floor

1. Begin by measuring the length for the first side of the floor trim from the surface of the adjacent glass panel to the furthest panel seam that the 10' trim section can reach. Cut trim to that dimension (Figure 4).
2. Install the first cut trim to the base trim retainer clip installed on floor channel (see page 25), butting it tight to the surface of the adjacent glass panel (Figure 5).
3. Measure from the inside surface of the previously installed trim to the furthest panel seam that the 10' trim section can reach. Cut trim to that dimension (Figure 5).
4. Install the second cut trim to the base trim retainer clip installed on floor channel (see page 25), butting it tight to the inside surface of the previously installed trim (Figure 6).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Trim Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Ceiling Trim To Door Header Splicing

1. Ceiling trim is spliced to the door header using the ceiling trim to door header splice plate (50.1503). To splice the trim, slide the splice plate into the splice slot in the ceiling trim (Figure 1).
2. Next, slide the trim with splice plate in it into the door header until the trim is tight to the door header while snapping the trim onto the mating feature on the ceiling rail (Figures 2 & 3).

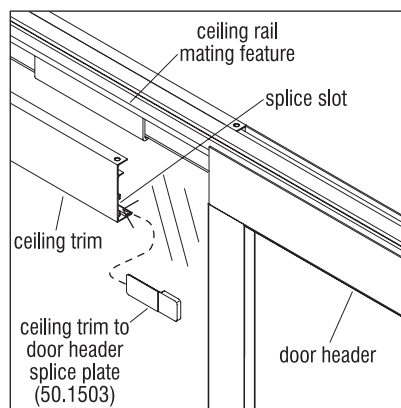


Figure 1

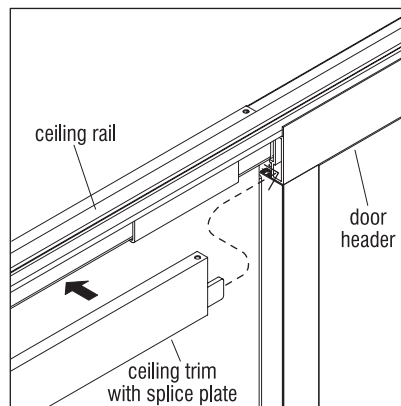


Figure 2

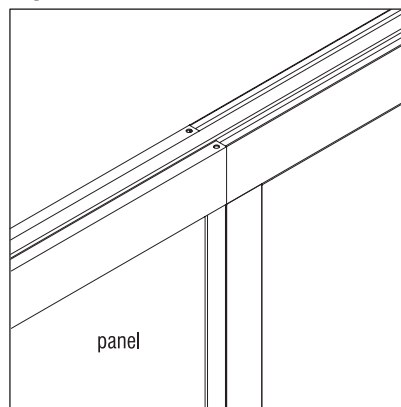


Figure 3



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

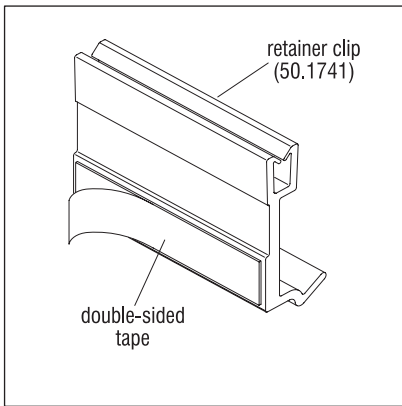


Figure 1

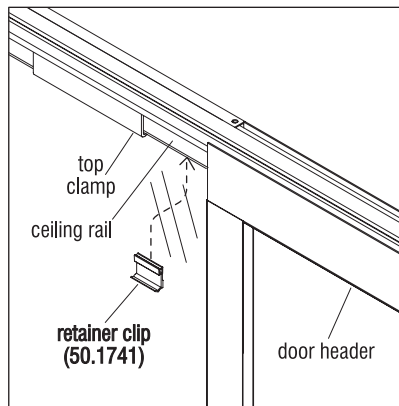


Figure 2

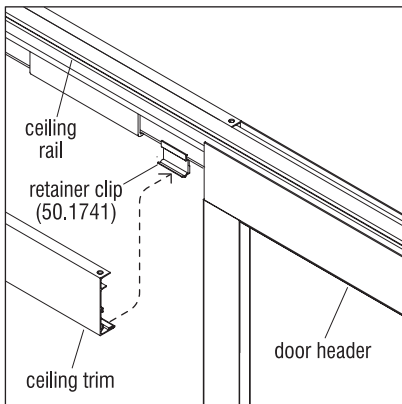


Figure 3

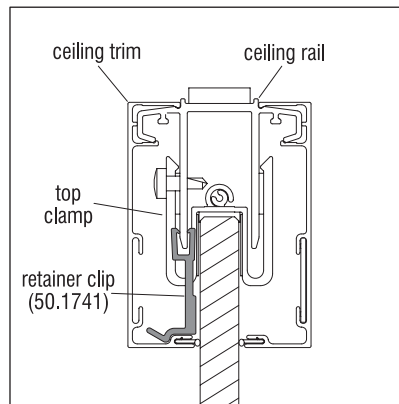


Figure 4

Ceiling Trim Retainer Clip

Note: Ceiling trim pieces less than ten feet long are less flexible. The ceiling trim retainer clip (50.1741) is used to help aid installation of these pieces.

1. Before installing the retainer clip (50.1741), first remove the protective backing from the double-sided tape on the backside of the clip (Figure 1).
2. To install, position the clip as illustrated and push the top of the clip into the exposed ceiling rail located in the space between the door frame header and the panel top clamp. Make sure the adhesive back is facing the glass of the panel and press clip to glass (Figure 2).
3. Snap ceiling trim onto ceiling rail and onto retainer clip (Figures 3 & 4).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Universal Posts Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

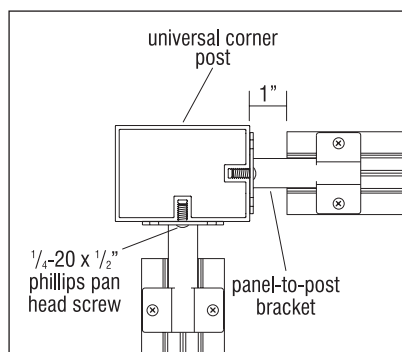
Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Universal Posts Identification

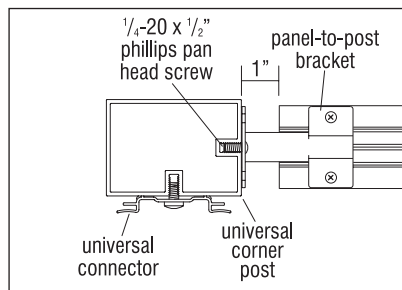
- Details A through H on this page illustrate Universal Post uses. Your final KI Installation Drawings (shop prints) determine layout, and specific instructions in this manual cover door frame installation more completely. The instructions on page 39 cover the proper set-up and cutting to size of the universal post which applies generally the same for all details A through H this page.

Note: Maximum distance between Lightline or Evoke floor channel and post is 1".

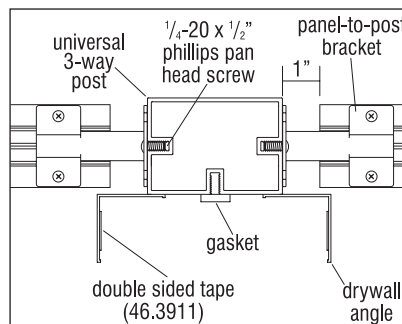
- Lightline Corner at Universal Corner Post
- Lightline Drywall Start at Universal Corner Post
- Lightline & Genius Corner at Universal Corner Post
- Lightline Junction at Universal 3-Way Post
- Lightline In-Line Drywall Start with Universal 3-Way Post
- Lightline In-Line to Genius with Universal 3-Way Post
- Lightline In-Line Door Frame Attachment with Universal 3-Way Post and Genius Dividing Panel
- Lightline & Evoke Corner at Universal Corner Post



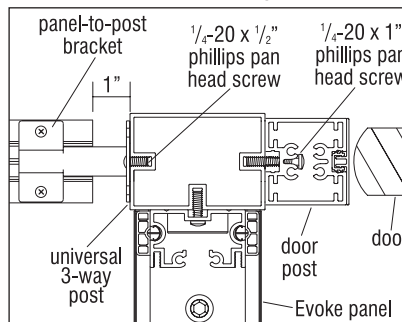
A. Lightline Corner at Universal Corner Post



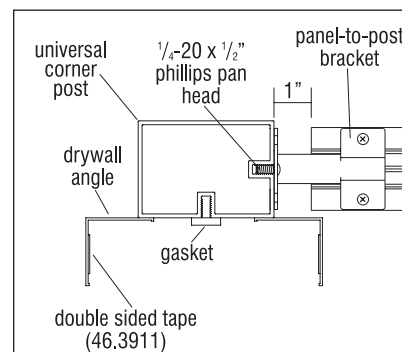
C. Lightline & Genius Corner at Universal Corner Post



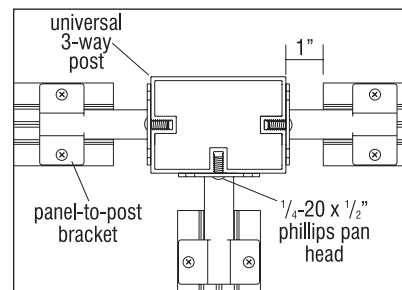
E. Lightline In-Line Drywall Start with Universal 3-Way Post



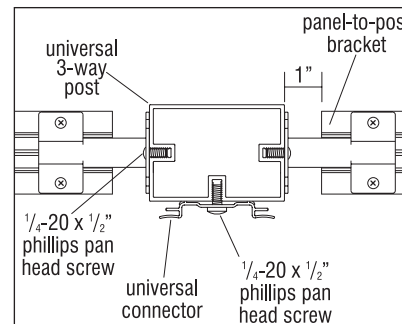
G. Lightline In-Line Door Frame Attachment with Universal 3-Way Post and Evoke Dividing Panel



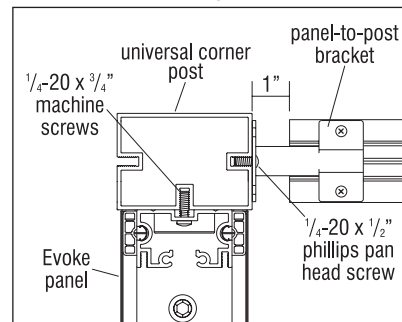
B. Lightline Drywall Start at Universal Corner Post



D. Lightline Junction at Universal 3-Way Post



F. Lightline In-Line to Genius with Universal 3-Way Post



H. Lightline & Evoke Corner at Universal Corner Post



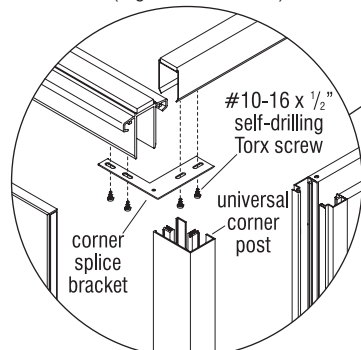
Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Lightline & Genius Corner at Universal Post

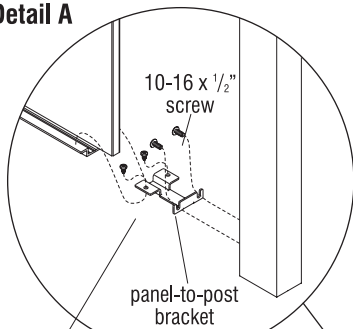
Note: The instruction on this page is for assembling one Lightline panel to a Genius panel via a Universal Corner Post (Detail C, page 38). The in-line, 3-way and 4-way post connection types with Genius panels assemble in a similar way.

1. Lightline and Genius ceiling rail and the Lightline floor channel must be installed per the final KI Installation Drawings (shop prints).
Note: Maximum distance between Lightline floor channel and post is 1".

2. Position the corner splice bracket between the Genius and Lightline ceiling rails. Then secure the bracket to both ceiling rails using four #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling screws. (Figure 1 & Detail A).



Detail A



Detail B

#10-24 x 1/4" self-tapping screws (V.12.0910)
-OR-
#14 x 1/2" carpet gripper screws (46.2799)

3. To determine the length that a universal post must be cut to, first place a piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail and measure from the top of the trim, down to the floor at post location. Make allowance for how far the universal post will sink into the carpet (if present), then cut the bottom of the post to that dimension. Stand the universal post up under the ceiling rail and confirm that the top of the post lines up with the top of the ceiling trim (page 39, Figure 1).

4. Position the universal connector flush to the top of the wider side of the universal corner post and secure using four 1/4-20 x 3/4" machine screws evenly spaced (Figure 1).
5. Make sure all panels have been properly height adjusted. To adjust height on Evoque panel, see "Evoke Architectural Wall Assembly Instructions (KI-62760). For Lightline panel height adjustment, see pages 17-19.

6. To connect, position a properly aligned and adjusted Genius panel to the universal connector, leaving about 1/16" gap between the two parts (Figure 1).

7. Insert two Genius panel connectors (one at each side) even with the top of the panel. Then, with your thumb, zip each connector firmly around the panel or post flanges, pressing down to the base (Figure 1).

Note: Do not use a steel hammer on the Genius panel connectors or damage will result. Use a rubber mallet and/or a block if necessary.

8. If using a flush Genius panel connector, visually or by touch, ensure the connector is installed smooth to the surface of the panels.

9. Next, prepare Lightline panel with flexible glazing seal. See page 30, Figures 1 through 4. Once seal is installed, position a properly aligned and adjusted Lightline panel against the corner post (Figure 1).

10. Secure Lightline panel to universal post using a panel-to-post bracket. Position the panel-to-post bracket onto the continuous floor channel of the Lightline panel as illustrated. Align the bracket with the floor channel and secure with two screws. If securing over hard floor, use two #10-24 x 1/4" hard floor screws (V.12.0910) (shown). If installing over carpet, use two #14 x 1/2" carpet gripper screws (46.2799). Then secure the panel-to-post bracket to the corner post with two #10-16 x 1/2" screws into the the post (Figure 1 & Detail B).

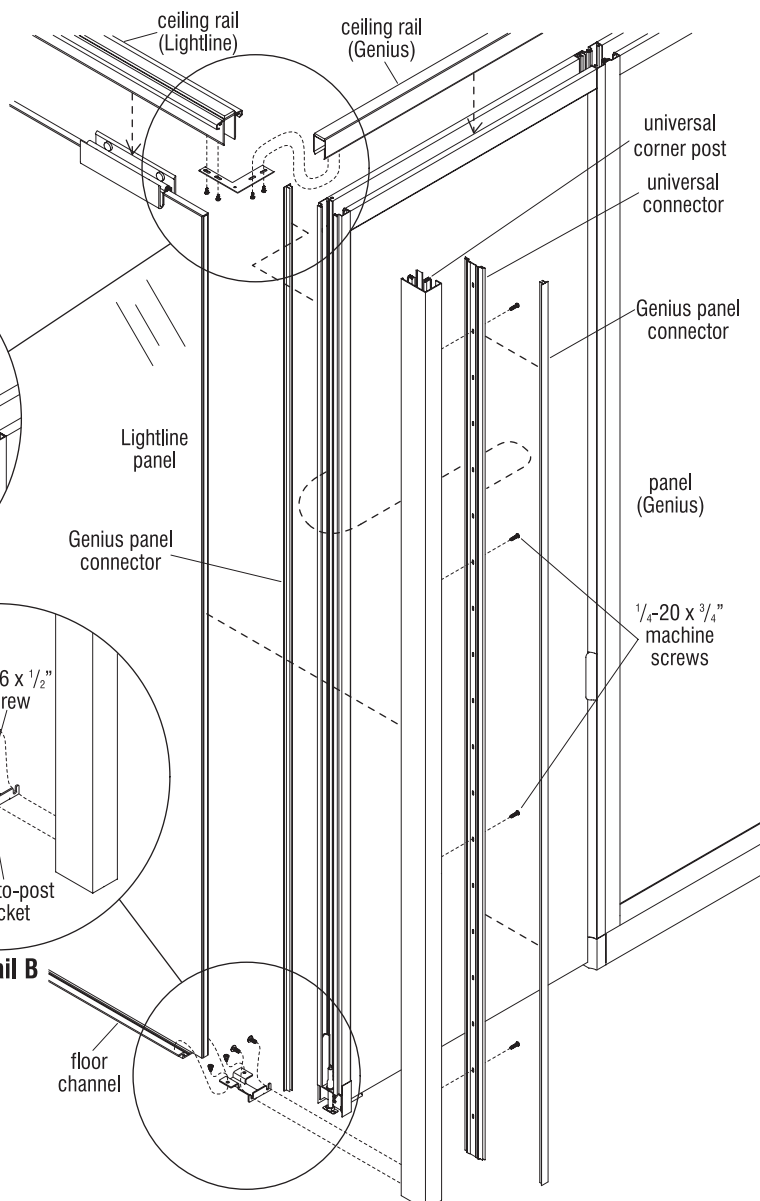


Figure 1



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Universal 3-Way Post - Lightline In-Line with Door Frame and Evoke Dividing Wall

Note: The Universal 3-Way Post instructions below illustrates a Lightline In-line configuration, with door frame at the universal post and Evoke dividing wall perpendicular to Lightline with door frame (Page 38, Detail G). Details A through H, page 38 all use variations of the universal post, so the instructions below outline proper preparation of universal posts for all page 38 details.

Note: When installing Evoke or Genius ceiling rail perpendicular to Lightline in-line, the end of the Evoke or Genius ceiling rail must be held back $1\frac{1}{8}$ " from the centerline of the Lightline ceiling rail. This is so the Universal Post has room to fit in front of the Evoke or Genius dividing wall ceiling rail (Figure 1).

1. Lightline and Evoke ceiling rail and floor channels must be installed per the final KI Installation Drawings (shop prints). **Note:** Maximum distance between floor channels and post is 1".
2. Position the 3-way splice bracket between the Evoke and Lightline ceiling rails. Then secure the bracket to both ceiling rails using six #10-16 x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " self-drilling screws. (page 41, Figure 2).
3. To determine the length that a universal post must be cut to, first place a piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail and measure from the top of the trim, down to the floor at post location. Make allowance for how far the universal post will sink into the carpet (if present), then cut the bottom of the post to that dimension. Stand the universal post up under the ceiling rail and confirm that the top of the post lines up with the top of the ceiling trim (Figure 1).
4. Follow appropriate instructions in this manual for the other components (i.e. panels and/or door frames), and begin to prepare to install those items next to the universal post
5. Prepare the door post which must install next to the universal post. Do so with a block and a mallet and carefully tap off both the pre-assembled inner and outer center caps. Tap on one end of each until it slides out of the post. The outer center cap may be put into stock, but the inner cap must be kept for re-installation after the door frame is connected to the universal post (Detail A).
6. Follow instructions in this manual appropriate for door frame installation.
7. Once door frame is installed, notice the door post has four holes drilled all the way through the post. The inside face of the post has larger clearance holes that will allow the entire screw to pass through, and the outside face of the post has smaller clearance holes where just the shank of the screw will fit through. With a fully assembled door frame (see appropriate door instructions beginning on page 45) up against the universal post, pass a screw through the clearance hole in the inside face of the door post using a magnetic bit. Twist the screw into the vertical threaded groove in the universal post. Continue to attach the door post to the universal post by installing and tightening the three remaining screws (Figure 2).
8. Reinstall the inner door center cap to conceal the holes and install door leaf. (Figure 2).

Note: For door frames, the door post will secure to the universal post with screws that pass through the door post, then thread into the vertical threaded groove in the universal post.

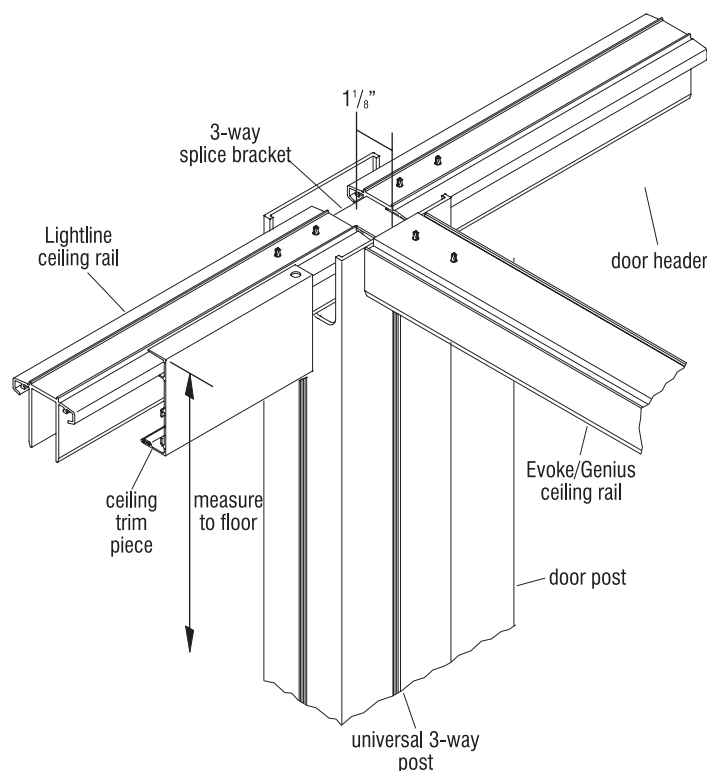
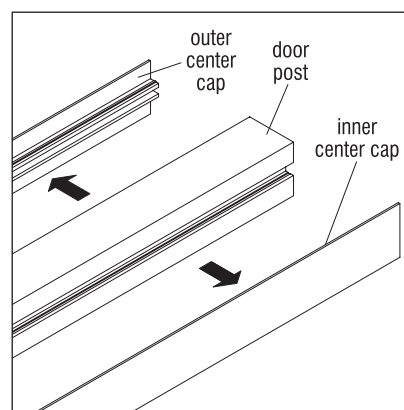


Figure 1



Detail A



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

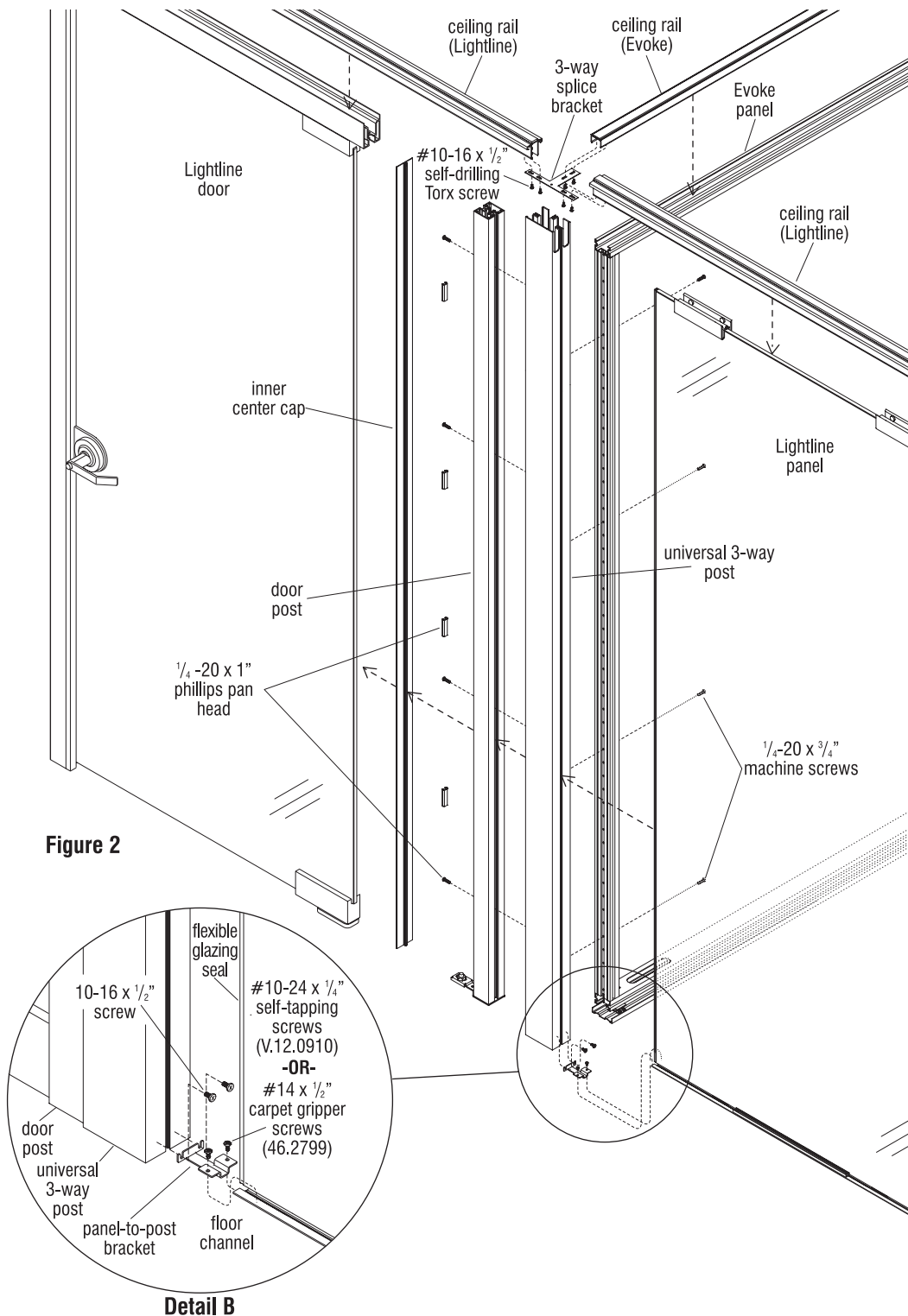


Figure 2

Detail B

9. Make sure all panels have been properly height adjusted. To adjust height on Evoke panel, see "Evoke Architectural Wall Assembly Instructions (KI-62760). For Lightline panel height adjustment and installation, see pages 17-19.
10. Next, prepare Lightline panel with flexible glazing seal. See page 30, Figures 1 through 4. Once seal is installed, position a properly aligned and adjusted Lightline panel against the universal 3-way post (Figure 2).
11. Secure Lightline panel to universal post using a panel-to-post bracket. Position the panel-to-post bracket onto the continuous floor channel of the Lightline panel as illustrated. Align the bracket with the floor channel and secure with two screws. If securing over hard floor, use two #10-24 x 1/4" hard floor screws (V.12.0910) (shown). If installing over carpet, use two #14 x 1/2" carpet gripper screws (46.2799). Then secure the panel-to-post bracket to the corner post with two 10-16 x 1/2" screws into the post (Figure 2 & Detail B).
12. Next, the panel shell from one side of the Evoke panel must be removed to access the screw holes for panel to post assembly. To remove panel shells, see "Evoke Architectural Wall Assembly Instructions (KI-62760).
13. Position the Evoke panel to the universal post and secure using four 1/4-20 x 3/4" machine screws evenly spaced (Figure 2).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Universal Posts Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Lightline & Evoke Corner at Universal Post

Note: Different post types may be required depending on the connection choice. Refer to Intersection Identification on page 38. This instruction is for assembling one Lightline panel to a Evoke panel via a Universal Corner Post (Detail H, page 38). The in-line, 3-way and 4-way post connection types with Lightline and Evoke panels assemble the same way.

Note: Make sure the Lightline ceiling rail is aligned with the end of the Evoke panel ceiling rail, so that both panels and the post will install properly.

1. Lightline and Evoke ceiling rail and floor channels must be installed per the final KI Installation Drawings (shop prints). **Note:** Maximum distance between Lightline floor channel and post is 1".
2. Position the corner splice bracket between the Evoke and Lightline ceiling rails. Then secure the bracket to both ceiling rails using four #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling screws. (Figure 1 & Detail A).
3. The panel shell from one side of the Evoke panel must be removed to access the screw holes for panel to post assembly. To remove panel shells, see "Evoke Architectural Wall Assembly Instructions (KI-62760).
4. Make sure all panels have been properly height adjusted. To adjust height on Evoke panel, see "Evoke Architectural Wall Assembly Instructions (KI-62760). For Lightline panel height adjustment and installation, see pages 17-19.
5. To determine the length that a universal post must be cut to, first place a piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail and measure from the top of the trim, down to the floor at post location. Make allowance for how far the universal post will sink into the carpet (if present), then cut the bottom of the post to

that dimension. Stand the universal post up under the ceiling rail and confirm that the top of the post lines up with the top of the ceiling trim (page 42, Figure 1).

6. Position the universal corner post to the Evoke panel and secure using four 1/4"-20 x 3/4" machine screws evenly spaced (Figure 1).

7. Prepare Lightline panel with flexible seal. Next, prepare Lightline panel with flexible glazing seal. See page 30, Figures 1 through 4. Once seal is installed, position a properly aligned and adjusted Lightline panel against the corner post (Figure 1).

8. Secure Lightline panel to universal post using a panel-to-post bracket. Position the panel-to-post bracket onto the continuous floor channel of the Lightline panel as illustrated.

Align the bracket with the floor channel and secure with two screws. If securing over hard floor, use two #10-24 x 1/4" hard floor screws (V.12.0910) (shown). If installing over carpet, use two #14 x 1/2" carpet gripper screws (46.2799). Then secure the panel-to-post bracket to the corner post with two 10-16 x 1/2" screws into the the post (Figure 1 & Detail B).

9. To finish installing the Lightline panel, refer to panel installation steps in this manual.

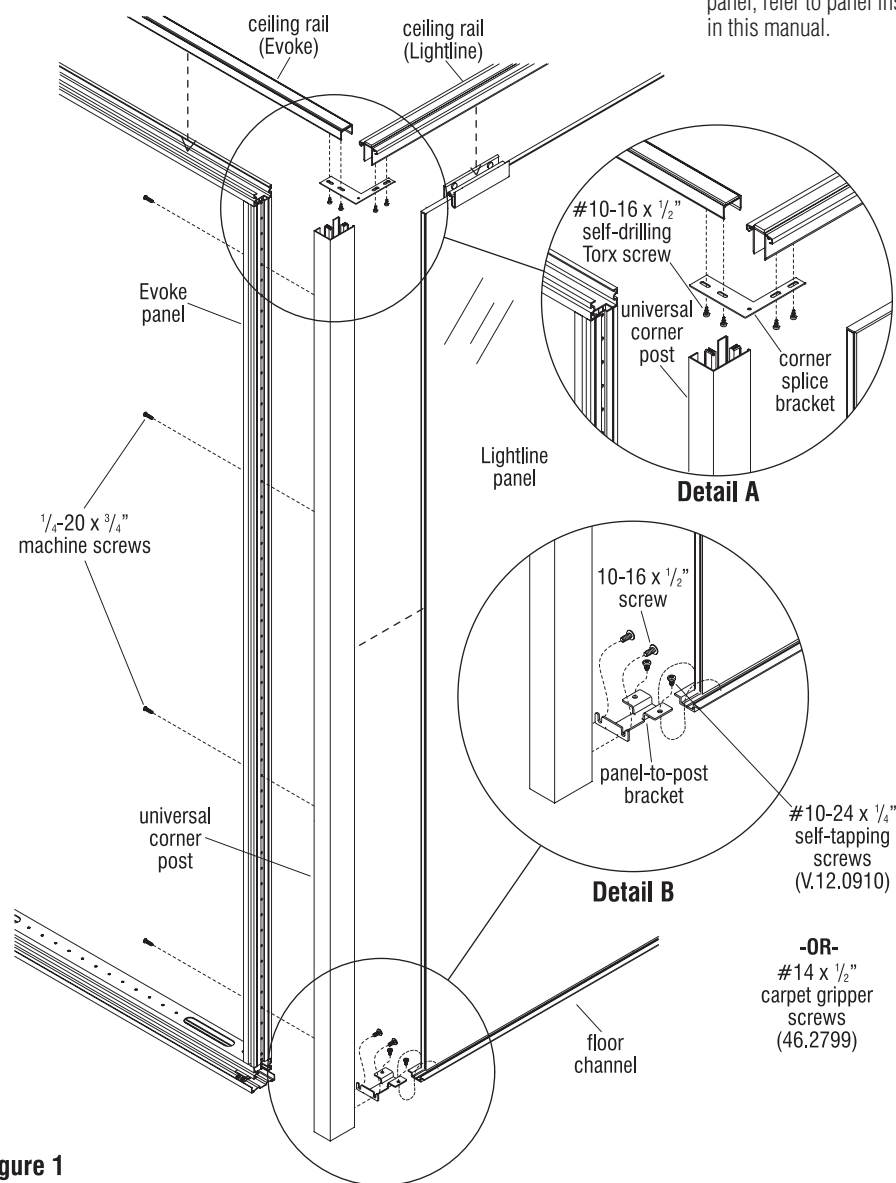


Figure 1



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

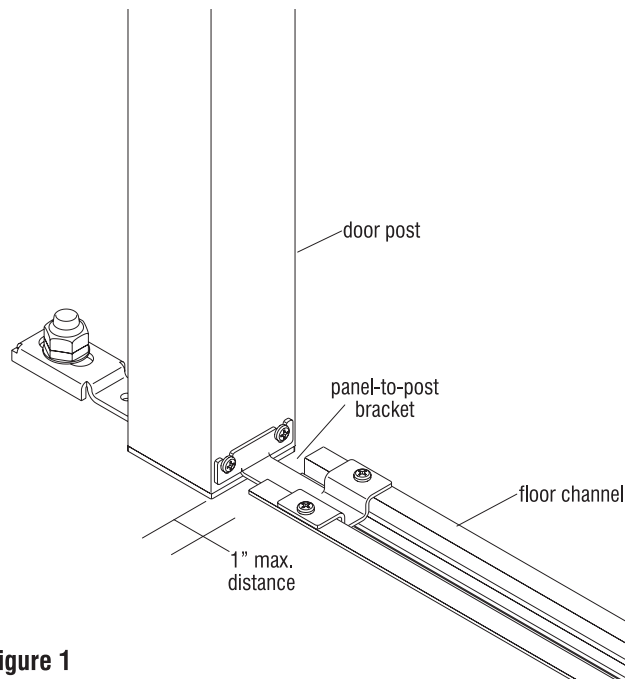


Figure 1

Floor Channel to Door Post

1. Maximum distance floor channel to door post is 1". This is to account for the panel-to-panel bracket that must be installed (Figure 1).



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Additional Top Clamp Installation

Note: Additional top clamps must be installed to the top of a panel (or two, size dependent) adjacent to a sliding door installation. The additional top clamps to the adjacent panel(s) are required for support of the door track channel (which may span more than one panel). Removal of the panel(s) will be required, if previously installed without required additional top clamps included.

1. If panel(s) next to a sliding door installation have been installed without "additional top clamps", reverse the installation process of page 18, and with two people, carefully remove the panel from the ceiling rail and floor channel and hold securely upright.

Important: Site dependent on the panel widths adjacent to the location where a sliding door will install, if the length of the channel (50.1294) (page 44 Figure 1 & page 46 Figure 4) extends longer than one panel width (such as with narrower panels), the second panel will also require use of "additional top clamps" for support of the channel. Four clamps are provided per sliding door, so two each "additional top clamps" should be used for each of the two panels requiring the additional top clamps. In the case of one wider panel where channel (50.1294) does not extend to another panel, use three extra additional top clamps as illustrated in Figure 1.

2. Locate the additional top clamps provided and remove the release backing from both strips of VHB tape inside of the clamps. This tape is used to adhere the clamp to the top of the panel (Detail A).
3. One at a time, hold the top clamp at the top and squeeze the bottom open slightly. Carefully position and slip the top clamp onto the glass panel as illustrated. Assure that all three top clamps are evenly spaced (Figure 1).

4. Once clamps are installed onto panel top. Use hand clamp to compress top clamp on to panel. Make sure to apply five seconds of pressure at minimum on each end of clamp (Figure 2).
5. Install panel into floor channel and proceed onto door installation steps (Figure 2).

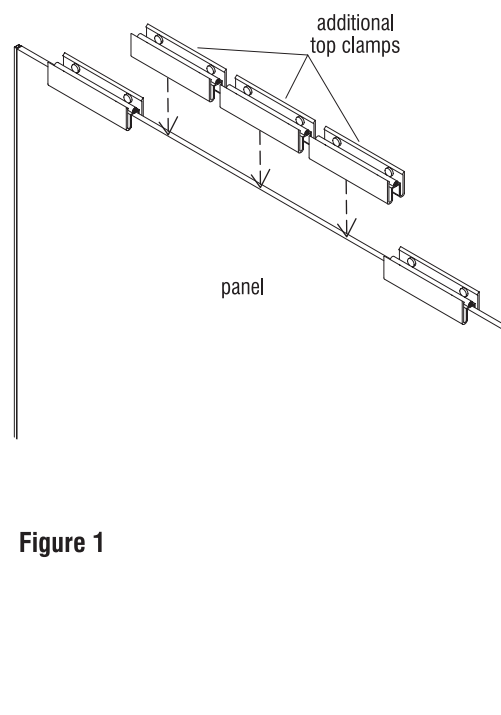
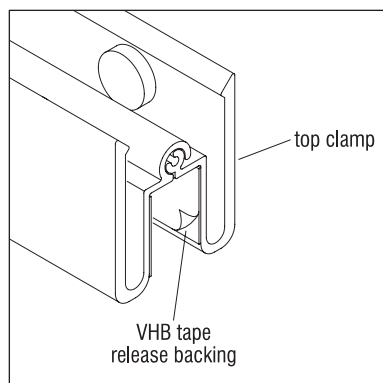


Figure 1



Detail A - Remove VHB Tape Release Backing

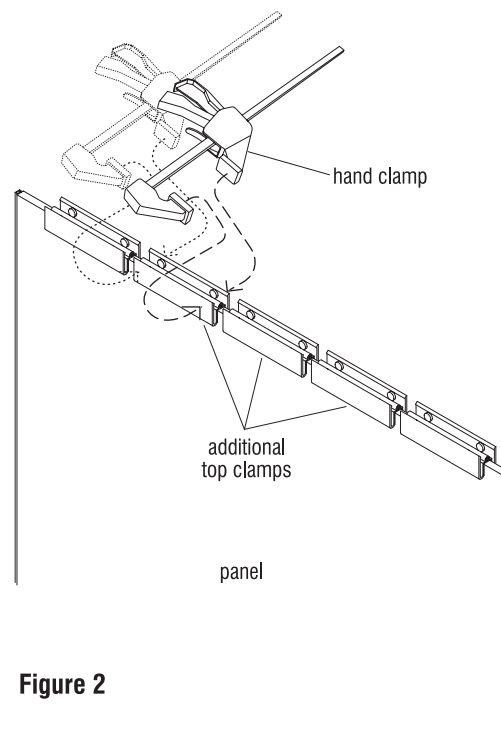


Figure 2



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

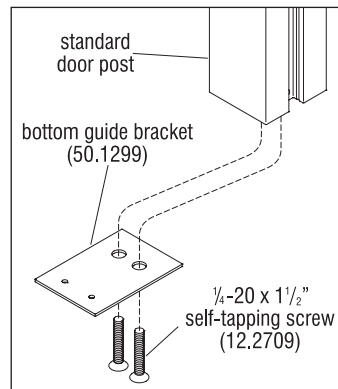


Figure 1 - Guide Bracket to Door Post Detail

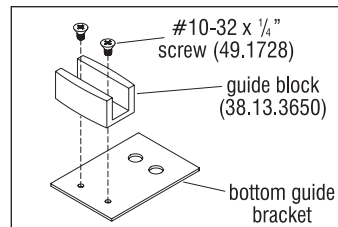


Figure 2 - Door Guide Block Attachment Detail

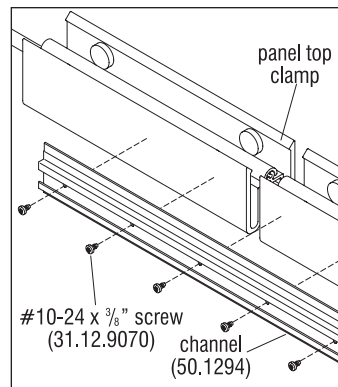


Figure 3 - Channel to Panel Clamp Detail

LPSP Full-Height Glass Sliding Door Installation

Door Frame Assembly & Installation

Note: At one side of the door frame will be a standard non-locking door post (50.1287.NL), and at the other side will be a sliding door strike post (50.1686.NL). Per the space-planning layout, the standard non-locking door post will receive a bottom guide bracket (50.1299) and the other will not. Each must be cut accurately to size, to fit their installation locations by following the instructions below.

1. To determine what length the "standard non-locking door post" must be cut to, first install into position a sample piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail at the door post location. Determine the length by measuring from the bottom of the installed sample ceiling trim, down to the floor at that post location and record that measurement. If carpet is present, account for extra length that the post will sink into carpet, and also remove length for the $\frac{1}{16}$ " thickness of the bottom guide bracket (50.1299) (Figure 4).
2. Locate the standard non-locking door post, measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end. Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length (Figure 4).
3. To determine what length the "sliding door strike post", follow step 1 above (Figure 4).
4. Locate the standard sliding door strike post, measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end. Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length (Figure 4).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | LPSD Full-Height Glass Sliding Door Installation

Assembly Instructions

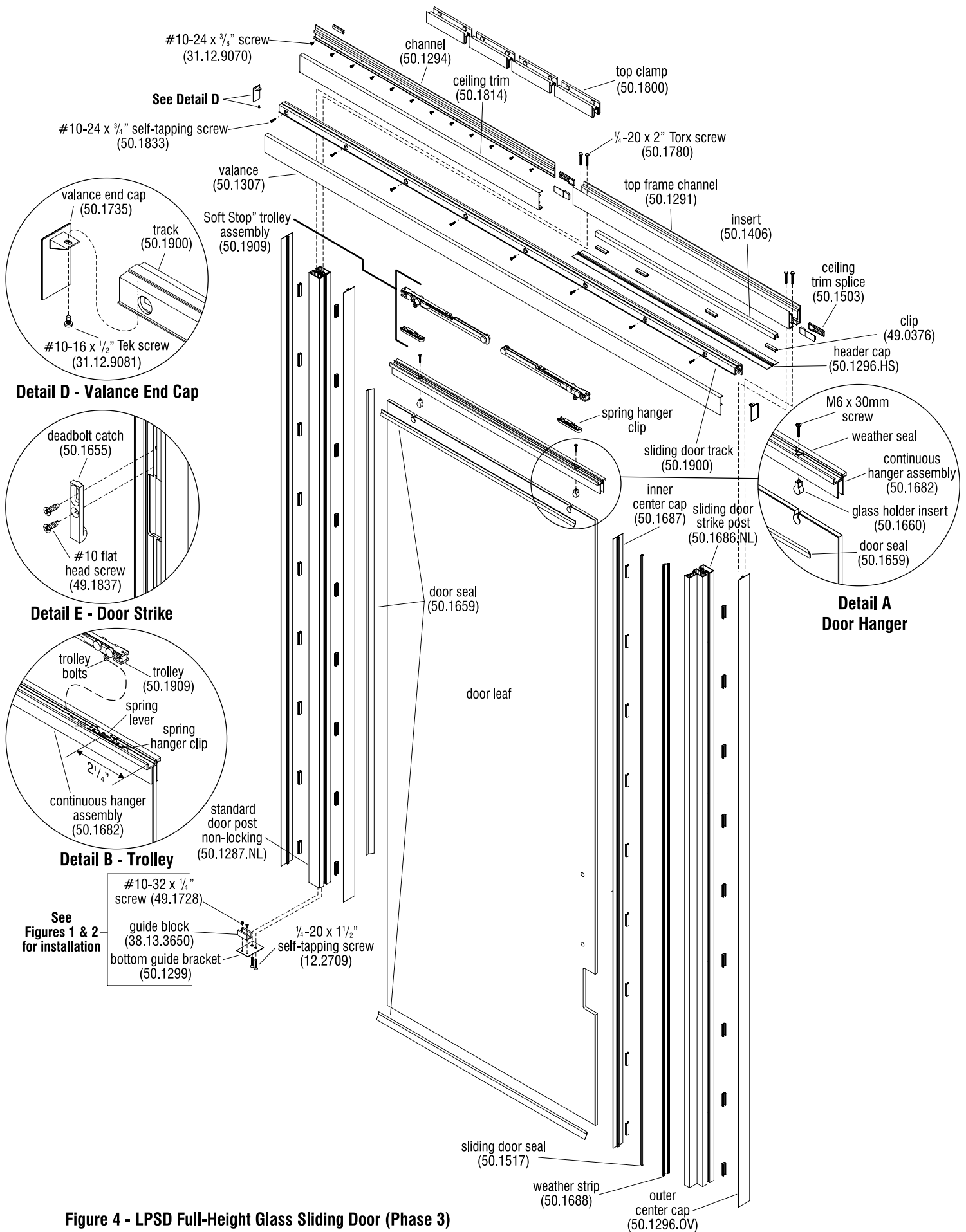


Figure 4 - LPSD Full-Height Glass Sliding Door (Phase 3)



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

5. Stand both door posts up under the ceiling rail at their respective installation locations, take into account the bottom guide bracket which will be installed to the standard non-locking door post later, and check that the posts are cut to the correct height. Remove the sample ceiling trim once the posts are known to be the correct height (Figure 4).
6. Lay the standard and sliding door strike posts with the top frame channel onto a soft protective surface on the floor in the correct orientation. Secure three pieces together using four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x 2" Torx screws (50.1780) (Figure 4).
7. Install the guide block on the bottom guide bracket in the correct position using two #10-32 x $\frac{1}{4}$ " Torx screws (49.1728) (Figure 2).
8. Install the bottom guide bracket onto the door post using two $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " self-tapping screws (12.2709) (Figures 1 & 4).
9. Stand the door frame assembly up and into the ceiling rail.

Sliding Door Track Installation

10. To mount the sliding door track (50.1900), if not previously completed, start by installing the additional top clamps (study page 44) to the top of the adjacent panel(s) which will receive the channel and door track, then re-install the panel(s). Identify and locate the channel (50.1294) which will install to the additional panel top clamps on the adjacent panel (Figures 3 & 4).

11. Position the channel (50.1294) onto the additional panel clamps and push it up until it fully seats against the ceiling rail and against the sliding door frame. Secure the channel to the clamps using twelve #10-24 x $\frac{3}{8}$ " screws (31.12.9070). Assure the screws secure into the clamps and not into gaps between them (Figure 4).
12. Install the ceiling trim (50.1814) over the installed channel (50.1294), butting it against the top frame channel (50.1291) (Figure 4).
13. Locate the sliding door track (50.1900) and assure it is clean and free of debris. With the assistance of two people, position the track against the top frame channel and the ceiling trim about $1\frac{1}{8}$ " from the bottom of the top frame channel to the bottom of the track (Figure 4). Mark each screw hole.

Note: The valance should be flush with the bottom of the top frame channel when installed.

14. Remove the track and center punch each marked screw hole. Then drill pilot holes using a $\frac{5}{32}$ " drill bit.
15. Position the track over the pilot holes and secure using eight #10-24 x $\frac{3}{4}$ " self-tapping screws (50-1833) (Figure 4).
16. Insert the trolley assembly (soft stop trolley assembly, 50.1909 or bumper stop trolley assembly, 50.1680 - not shown) into the door track (Figure 4). See separate instructions included with the door stops and trolleys.

Sliding Door Leaf Assembly

17. To hang the sliding door leaf, begin by attaching the continuous hanger assembly (50.1682) to the top of the door leaf. First, apply a strip of seal (50.1659) across the top of the door leaf aligning the non-taped edge to the top edge of the door leaf (Figure 4 & Detail A).

Note: Seal can be applied to either side of door leaf. The seal will act as a shim between the continuous hanger assembly and the glass.

18. Next, remove the M6 x 30mm screws from the glass holder inserts (50.1660) and place the glass holder inserts into the notches at the top of door leaf. Then, slide the continuous hanger assembly over the top of the door leaf (Figure 4, Detail A).
18. Orientate the continuous hanger assembly so the weather seal faces the door frame. Attach the hanger to the glass using the M6 x 30mm screws through the countersunk holes in the top of the hanger.

Note: Spring hanger clips are handed so be sure to orientate the spring hanger clips so the spring lever always faces the outside of the door leaf and pivots away from the door frame.

19. Slide the spring hanger clips into the slot in the continuous hanger assembly to the dimension shown in Detail B and tighten screws.
20. With the assistance of a second person, hang the door by first aligning the trolley bolts with the spring hanger clips. The trolley bolts slide into spring hanger clips and lock into place with spring levers (Figure 1 & Detail B).

Valance Installation

32. Measure the distance from the outside of the door frame to the end of the adjacent panel(s) and cut the valance (50.1307) to length (Figure 4).
33. Position the valance end caps (50.1735) on both ends of the track and secure using one #10-16 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " Tek screw (31.12.9081) at each end cap (Figure 4 & Detail D).
34. Install the valance onto the track and end caps (Figure 4).

Door Handle Installation

35. Install door handle and lock hardware per handle instructions.

Locking Door Installation

36. For locking doors, remove sliding door seal (50.1517) from the slot in the sliding door strike post and set it aside (Figure 4).
37. Position the sliding door deadbolt catch (50.1655) into the cutout in the sliding door strike post. Adjust the position so that the slot of the deadbolt catch is over the pre-drilled hole and secure using a #10 flat head screw (49.1837) (Detail E).
38. Close the door and operate the lock to check the height of the catch. Re-open the door, loosen the screw and adjust the height of the catch accordingly for proper hook bolt engagement (Detail E).
39. Once the height of the catch is set, drill a pilot hole into the first wall of sliding door strike post through the bottom hole of the catch (Detail E).
40. Install a second #10 flat head screw to lock the catch in place (Detail E).
41. To re-install the bulb seal, first measure from the top of the catch to the top of strike post. Cut a section out of the bulb seal to that dimension and slide it back into the slot of the strike post from the top (Figure 4).

42. Next, measure from the bottom of the cutout to the floor and cut the remaining section of the seal to that length. Slide seal into the slot of the strike post from the bottom of cutout to the floor (Figure 1 & Detail E).
43. Follow other instructions in this manual to complete attaching the door frame to the adjacent panels, trim and sound seal.



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

LPP-G Full-Height Glass Pivot Door Installation

Door Frame Assembly & Installation

Note: At one side of the door frame will be a standard strike-side door post (50.1401), and at the other, "pivot-side" will be a standard non-locking door post (50.1287.NL). The standard strike side door post comes pre-assembled with clips, molding, bulb seal, strike box and strike plate. The standard non-locking "pivot-side" door post comes pre-assembled with clips, molding, bulb seal and pivot door plate assembly at the bottom. Each must be cut accurately to size, to fit their installation locations by following the instructions below.

1. To determine what length the "standard strike-side door post" (50.1401) must be cut to, first install into position a sample piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail at the door post location. Determine the length by measuring from the bottom of the installed sample ceiling trim, down to the floor at that post location and record that measurement. If carpet is present, account for extra length that the post will sink into carpet (Figure 1).
2. Locate the standard strike-side door post, measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end. Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length (Figure 1).
3. To determine what length the opposite side "standard non-locking door post" (50.1287.NL) must be cut to, first install into position a sample piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail at the door post location. Determine the length by measuring from the bottom of the installed sample ceiling trim, down to the floor at that post location and record that measurement. If carpet is present, account for extra length that the

post will sink into carpet, and also remove length for the $\frac{1}{8}$ " thickness of the pivot door plate (50.1369) (Figure 1).

4. Locate the standard non-locking door post and remove the two $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " screws attaching the pivot door plate (50.1369) to the underside of the door post. Then measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end (taking into account for carpet and the pivot door plate). Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length, then re-install the pivot door plate removed above in this step (Figure 1).
5. Stand both door posts up under the ceiling rail at their respective installation locations and check that the posts are cut to the correct height. Remove the sample ceiling trim once the posts are known to be the correct height (Figure 1).
6. Lay the posts with the top frame channel onto a soft protective surface on the floor, in the correct orientation. Secure the pieces together using four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x 2" Torx screws (50.1780) (Figure 1).
7. Stand the door frame assembly up and into the ceiling rail. Make sure the door frame is plumb.
8. To install door bottom pivot, top pivot and the door leaf, see page 55.

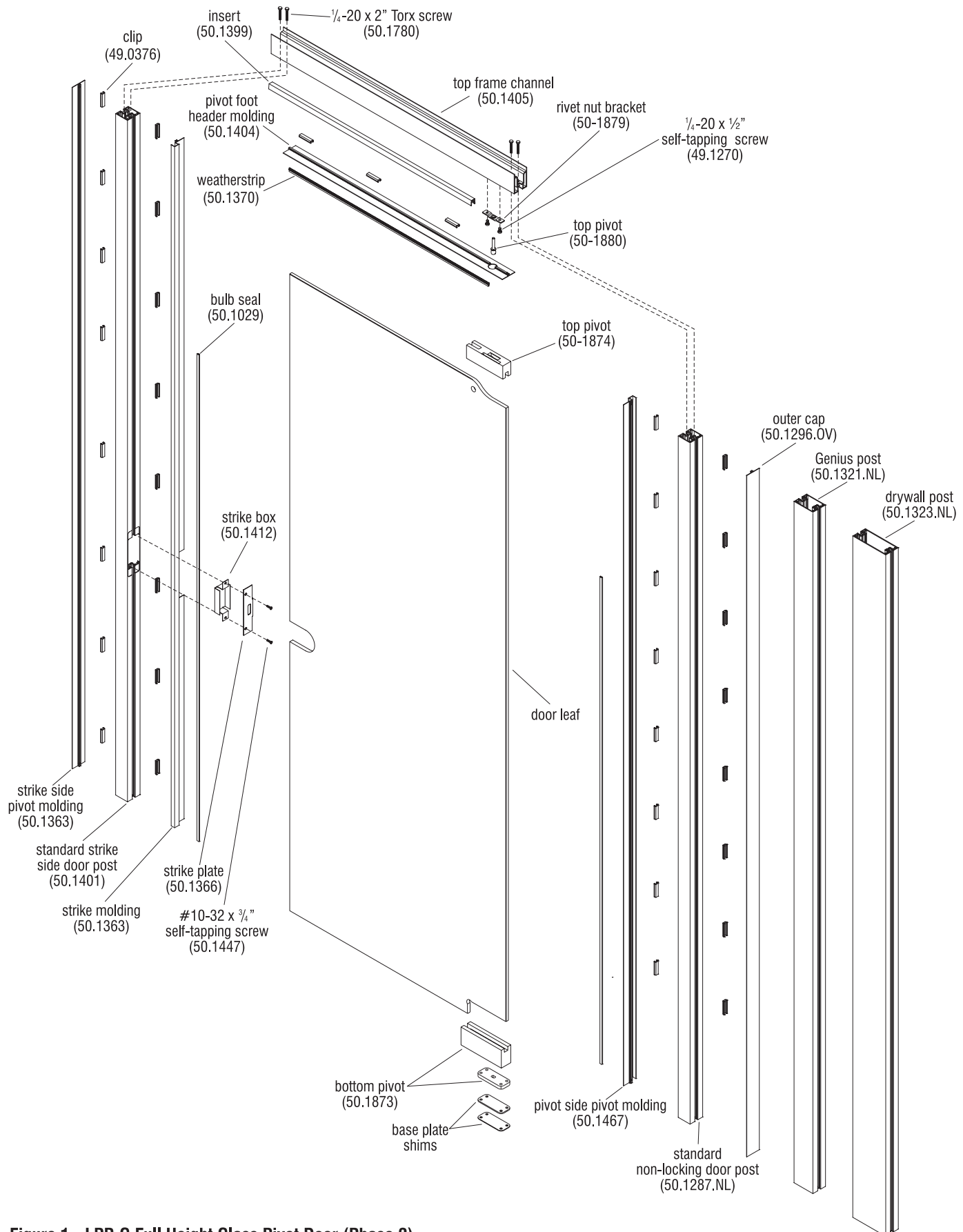


Figure 1 - LPP-G Full Height Glass Pivot Door (Phase 2)



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

LP2S Double Full-Height Glass Sliding Door Installation

Door Frame Assembly & Installation

Note: At both sides of the door frame will install a standard non-locking door post (50.1287.NL). Per the space-planning layout, both posts will receive a bottom guide bracket (50.1299) (Figure 1). Each post must be cut accurately to size, to fit their installation locations by following the instructions below.

1. To determine what length the first "standard non-locking door post" must be cut to, begin by installing into position a sample piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail at the door post location. Determine the length by measuring from the bottom of the installed sample ceiling trim, down to the floor at that post location and record that measurement. If carpet is present, account for extra length that the post will sink into carpet, and also remove length for the $\frac{1}{16}$ " thickness of the bottom guide bracket (50.1299) (Figure 4).
2. Locate the first standard non-locking door post, measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end. Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length (Figure 4).
3. To determine what length the second "standard non-locking door post" must be cut to, begin by installing into position a sample piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail at the door post location. Determine the length by measuring from the bottom of the installed sample ceiling trim, down to the floor at that post location and record that measurement. If carpet is present, account for extra length that the post will sink into carpet, and also remove length for the $\frac{1}{16}$ " thickness of the bottom guide bracket (50.1299) (Figures 1 & 4).
4. Locate the second standard sliding door strike post, measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end. Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length (Figure 4).
5. Stand both door posts up under the ceiling rail at their respective installation locations, take into account the bottom guide brackets which will be installed to the standard non-locking door posts later, and check that the posts are cut to the correct height. Remove the sample ceiling trim once the posts are known to be the correct height (Figure 4).
6. Lay the posts with the top frame channel onto a soft, protective surface on the floor in the correct orientation. Secure the pieces together using four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x 2" Torx screws (50.1780) (Figure 4).
7. For both door posts, install the guide block on the bottom guide bracket in the correct position using two #10-32 x $\frac{1}{4}$ " screws (49.1728) (Figures 2 & 4).
8. For both door posts, install the bottom guide bracket onto each door post using two $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " self-tapping screws (12.2709) (Figures 1 & 4).
9. Stand the door frame assembly up and into the ceiling rail.

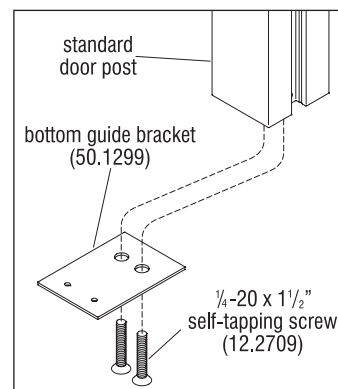


Figure 1 - Guide Bracket to Door Post Detail

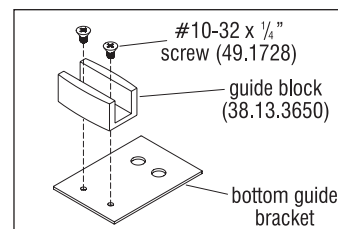


Figure 2 - Door Guide Block Attachment Detail

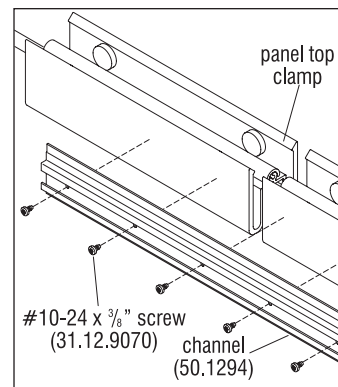


Figure 3 - Channel to Panel Clamp Detail

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | LP2S Double Full-Height Glass Sliding Door Installation

Assembly Instructions

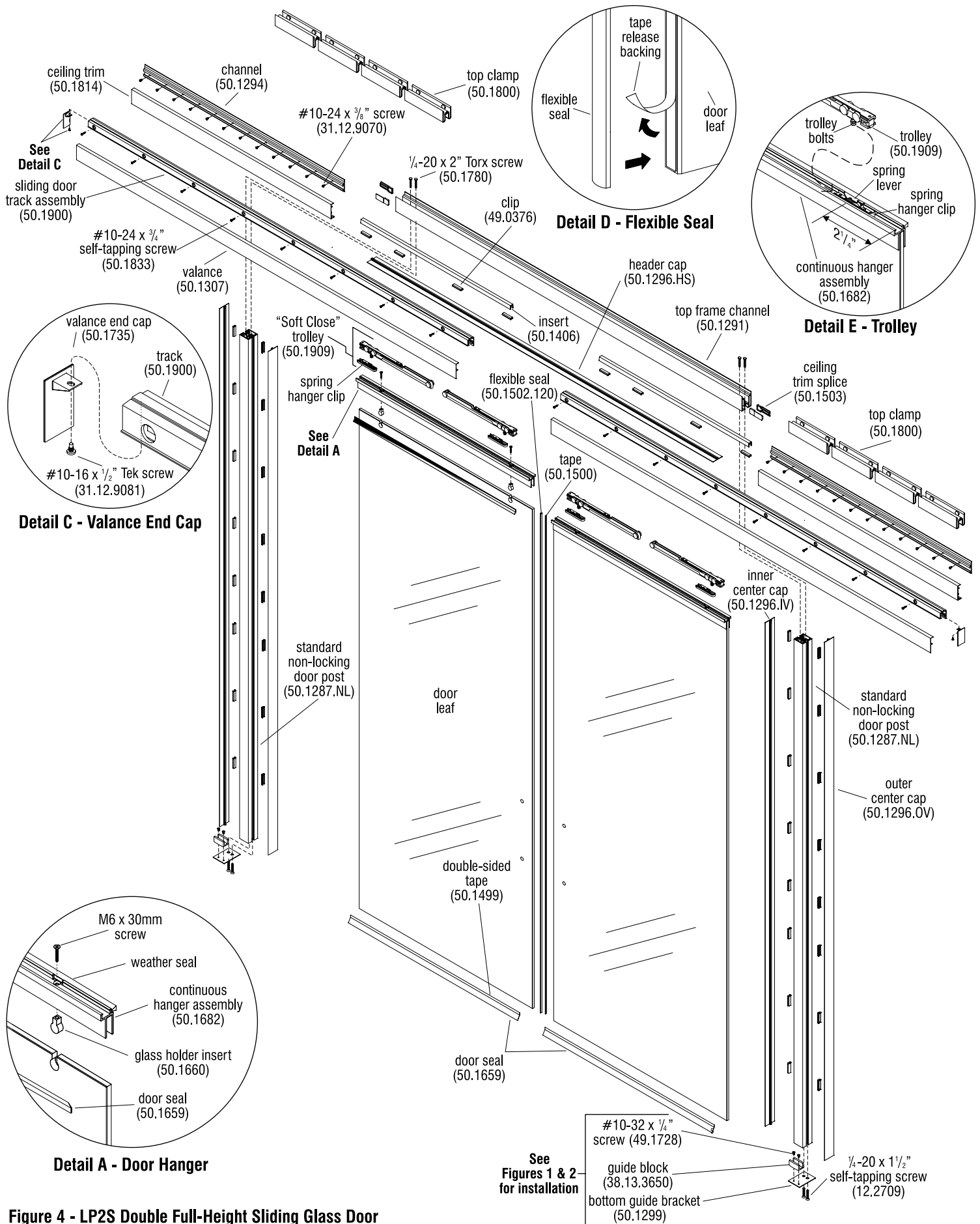


Figure 4 - LP2S Double Full-Height Sliding Glass Door



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Sliding Door Track Installation

10. To mount the sliding door track (50.1900), if not previously completed, start by installing the additional top clamps (study page 44) to the top of the adjacent panel(s) which will receive the channel and door track, then re-install the panel(s). Identify and locate the channel (50.1294) which will install to the additional panel top clamps on the adjacent panel (Figures 3 & 4).
11. Position the channel (50.1294) onto the additional panel clamps and push it up until it fully seats against the ceiling rail and against the sliding door frame. Secure the channel to the clamps using twelve #10-24 x 3/8" screws (31.12.9070). Assure the screws secure into the clamps and not into gaps between them (Figure 4).
12. Install the ceiling trim (50.1814) over the installed channel (50.1294), butting it against the top frame channel (50.1291) (Figure 4).
13. Locate the sliding door track (50.1900) and assure it is clean and free of debris. With the assistance of two people, position the track against the top frame channel and the ceiling trim about 1 1/8" from the bottom of the top frame channel to the bottom of the track (Figure 4). Mark each screw hole.
Note: The valance should be flush with the bottom of the top frame channel when installed.
14. Remove the track and center punch each marked screw hole. Then drill pilot holes using a 5/32" drill bit.
15. Position the track over the pilot holes and secure using eight #10-24 x 3/4" self-tapping screws (PC.12.0006) (Figure 4).

16. Insert the trolley assembly (soft close trolley assembly, 50.1909 or bumper stop trolley assembly, 50.1680 - not shown) into the door track (Figure 4). See separate instructions included with the door stops and trolleys.

Sliding Door Leaf Assembly

17. To hang the sliding door leaf, begin by attaching the continuous hanger assembly (50.1682) to the top of the door leaf. First, apply a strip of seal (50.1659) across the top of the door leaf aligning the non-taped edge to the top edge of the door leaf (Figure 4 & Detail A).

Note: Seal can be applied to either side of door leaf. The seal will act as a shim between the continuous hanger assembly and the glass.

18. Next, remove the M6 x 30mm screws from the glass holder inserts (50.1660) and place the glass holder inserts into the notches at the top of door leaf. Then, slide the continuous hanger assembly over the top of the door leaf (Figure 4 & Detail A).
19. Orient the continuous hanger assembly so the weather seal side faces the door frame. Attach the hanger to the glass using the two M6 x 30mm screws through the countersunk holes in the top of the hanger assembly (Figure 4 & Detail A).
Note: Spring hanger clips are handed, so be sure to orientate the spring hanger clips so the spring lever always faces to the outside of the door leaf and pivots away from the door frame.
20. Slide the spring hanger clips into the slot in the continuous hanger assembly to the dimension shown in Detail E and tighten screws.

21. With the assistance of a second person, hang the door by first aligning the trolley bolts with the spring hanger clips. The trolley bolts slide into the spring hanger clips and lock into place with spring levers (Figure 4 & Detail E).

Valance Installation

33. Measure the distance from the outside of the door frame to the end of the adjacent panel(s) and cut the valance (50.1307) to length (Figure 4).
34. Position the valance end caps (50.1735) on both ends of the track and secure using two #10-16 x 1/2" screws (31.12.9081) (Figure 4 & Detail C).
35. Install the valance onto the track and end caps (Figure 4).

Flexible Seal Installation

Note: Full-height double-sliding doors require that a flexible seal be installed to one of the door leaves where the double-sliding doors meet. Mounting tape and seal are supplied by the factory and must be installed.

36. At the edge of one glass door panel, where the two panels meet, use Silane Glass Treatment AP115 to clean the edge of one door leaf. Apply the mounting tape (50.1500) to the clean edge of the door leaf (Figure 4 & Detail D).
37. Before applying the seal to the edge with mounting tape, clean the mounting surface of the seal with Silane Glass Treatment AP115. Peel away the tape release backing from the glass edge and apply the flexible seal (50.1502.120) to the door leaf. Use the rigid seal alignment tool to install the flexible seal (Figure 4 & Detail D).
38. Follow other instructions in this manual to complete attaching the door handle, door lock, the door frame to adjacent panels, trim and sound seal.

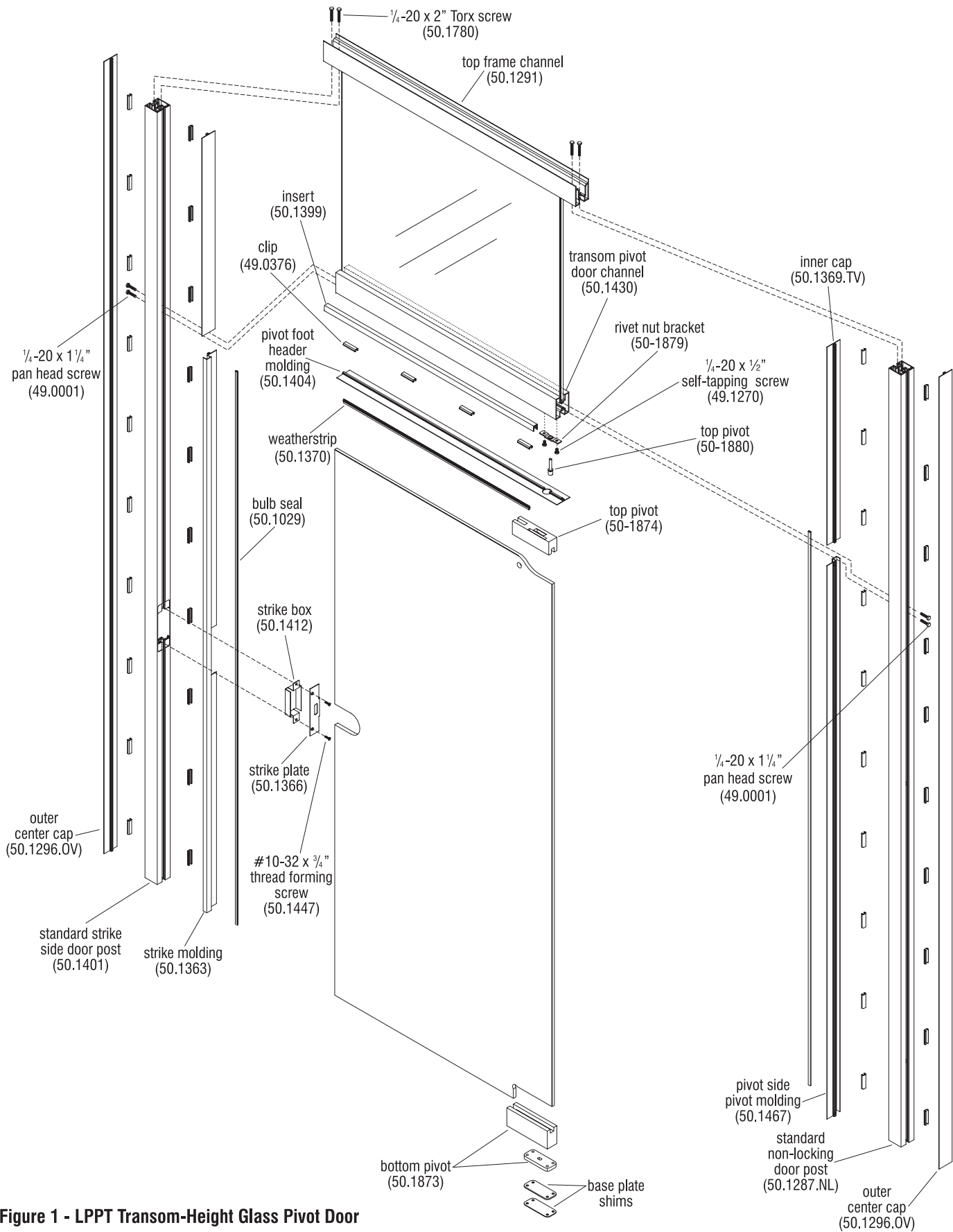


Figure 1 - LPPT Transom-Height Glass Pivot Door



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

LPPT Transom-Height Glass Pivot Door Installation

Door Frame Assembly & Installation

Note: The door frame comes pre-assembled from the factory and must be partially disassembled. At one side of the door frame will be a standard strike-side door post (50.1401), and at the other, "pivot-side" will be a standard non-locking door post (50.1287.NL). The standard strike side door post comes pre-assembled with clips, molding, bulb seal, strike box and strike plate. The standard non-locking "pivot-side" door post comes pre-assembled with clips, molding, bulb seal and pivot door plate assembly at the bottom. Each must disassembled and be cut accurately to size, to fit their installation locations by following the instructions below.

1. Reference Figure 1, page 53, to disassemble the transom height pivot door frame by removing four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x 2" Torx screws (50.1780) at the top of the frame (two each side), and also remove four (two each side) $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $\frac{1}{4}$ " pan head screws (49.0001) (Figure 1). Items such as the insert (50.1399), clip (49.0376), pivot foot header molding (50.1404) and weatherstrip (50.1370) etc. are shown exploded from the bottom of the transom for reference, but do not need to be disassembled for step 2 below (Figure 1).
2. To determine what length the "standard strike-side door post" (50.1401) must be cut to, first install into position a sample piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail at the door post location. Determine the length by measuring from the bottom of the installed sample ceiling trim, down to the floor at that post location and record that measurement. If carpet is present, account for extra length that the post will sink into carpet (Figure 1).
3. Locate the standard strike-side door post, measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end. Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length (Figure 1).
4. To determine what length the "standard non-locking door post" (50.1287.NL) must be cut to, first install into position a sample piece of ceiling trim onto the ceiling rail at the door post location. Determine the length by measuring from the bottom of the installed sample ceiling trim, down to the floor at that post location and record that measurement. If carpet is present, account for extra length that the post will sink into carpet, and also remove length for the $\frac{1}{8}$ " thickness of the pivot door plate (50.1369) (Figure 1).
5. Locate the standard non-locking door post and remove the two $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $1\frac{1}{2}$ " screws attaching the pivot door plate (50.1369) to the underside of the door post. Then measure from the top of the post to the bottom and mark the recorded measurement onto the post at the bottom end (taking into account for carpet and the pivot door plate). Cut the bottom of the post off square at that length, then re-install the pivot door plate removed above in this step (Figure 1).
6. Stand both door posts up under the ceiling rail at their respective installation locations and check that the posts are cut to the correct height. Remove the sample ceiling trim once the posts are known to be the correct height (Figure 1).
7. Carefully lay the posts and the top glass assembly with the top frame channel (50.1291) and transom pivot door channel (50.1430) onto a soft, protective surface on the floor in the correct orientation. Secure the posts to the top frame channel using four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x 2" Torx screws (50.1780) and to the transom pivot door channel using four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $1\frac{1}{4}$ " pan head screws (49.0001) (Figure 1).
8. If not already installed, position the pivot block assembly (50.1861) over the pre-drilled holes in the transom pivot channel and secure using two $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 x $\frac{1}{2}$ " thread forming screws (49.1270) (Figure 1).
9. Stand the door frame assembly up and into the ceiling rail. Make sure the door frame is plumb.
10. To install door bottom pivot, top pivot and the door leaf, see page 55.



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

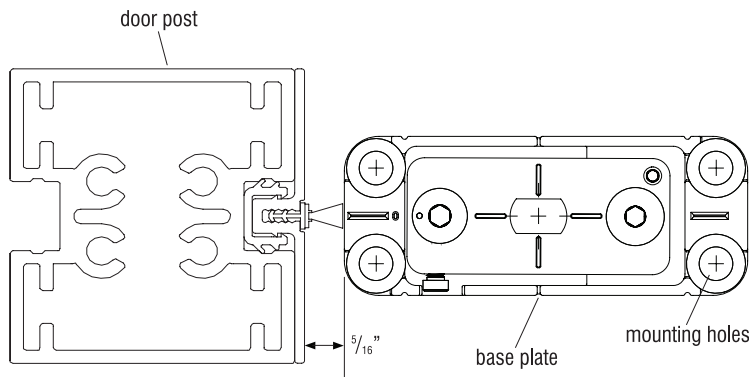


Figure 1

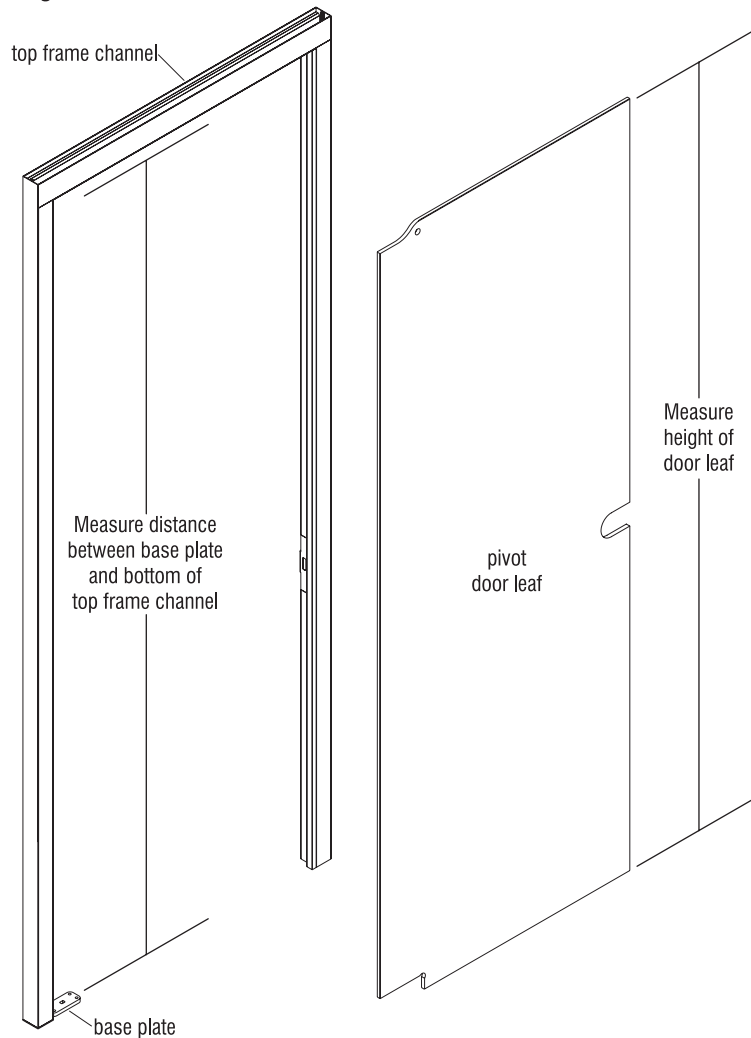


Figure 2

Pivot Door Bottom Hinge Installation

Note: The following instructions and figures were created by the hydraulic hinge manufacturer, C.R. Laurence™.

Tools Required

- Tape Measure
- Vacuum
- Saw Horses
- Hammer Drill
- $\frac{3}{16}$ " Masonry Bit
- Flat Head Screw Driver
- Phillips Head Screw Driver
- $\frac{1}{8}$ " and $\frac{3}{16}$ " Hex Wrenches
- $\frac{3}{8}$ " Open End Wrench
- $\frac{3}{8}$ " Socket and Ratchet
- $\frac{3}{4}$ " Masking Tape
- Step Ladder
- Framing Square/Straight Edge

Note: Do not use the bottom pivot manufacturer supplied anchors. Use the $\frac{1}{4}$ x $1\frac{1}{4}$ " Tapcon screws supplied by KI.

1. Place the base plate next to the pivot door post. Make sure it is centered to the post and $\frac{5}{16}$ " away (Figure 1).
2. Measure distance from top of base plate to underside of top frame channel. Next, measure height of glass door leaf. The distance between base plate and top frame channel should be $\frac{1}{4}$ " to $\frac{3}{8}$ " taller than the height of the leaf. If the gap is larger, shims will need to be used when installing the base plate (Figure 2).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Pivot Door Hinge Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Pivot Door Bottom Hinge Installation (cont.)

3. Using the base plate as a template, drill one mounting hole using a hammer drill with a $\frac{3}{16}$ " masonry bit (Figure 3).
 4. If door needs adjustment from measurements taken in step 2, previous page, lift up base plate and install optional base plate shims (Figure 4).
 5. Vacuum out the debris from the hole and install one of the $\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ " long tapcon screws supplied by KI. This will hold the base plate (and optional shims) in position (Figure 4).
 6. With the base plate held in place by one screw, and in position, begin drilling the rest of the holes. The base plate being installed with one screw, keeps the drill from wandering on the floor surface (Figure 5).
 7. Fasten the base plate into place with rest of the $\frac{1}{4} \times 1\frac{1}{4}$ " screws (Figure 6).
 8. To adjust hinge, loosen the adjustment screws on the hinge receiver receiver and move (Figure 7).
- A = $\pm \frac{1}{16}$ "
 - B = Increases gap of the door and jamb $\pm \frac{1}{16}$ "
 - C = Center Position $\pm \frac{1}{16}$ "
9. Adjust the receiver as needed and re-tighten (Figure 7).

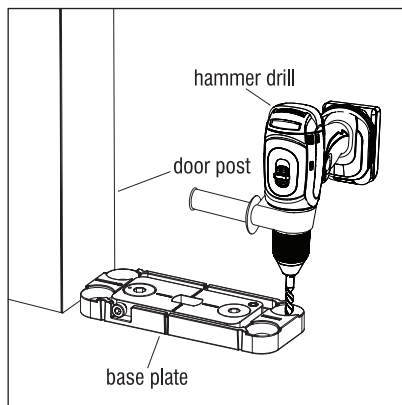


Figure 3

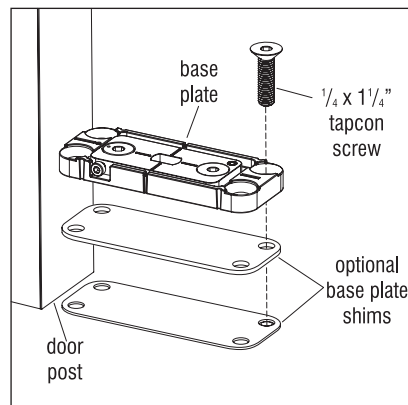


Figure 4

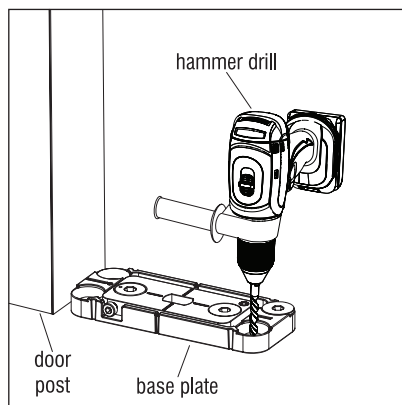


Figure 5

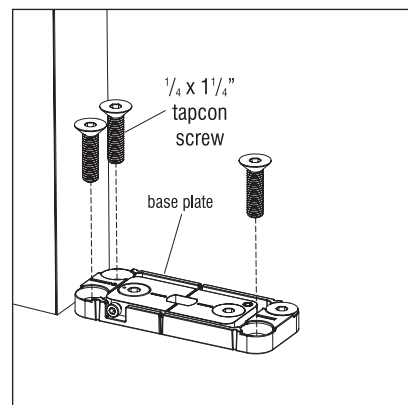


Figure 6

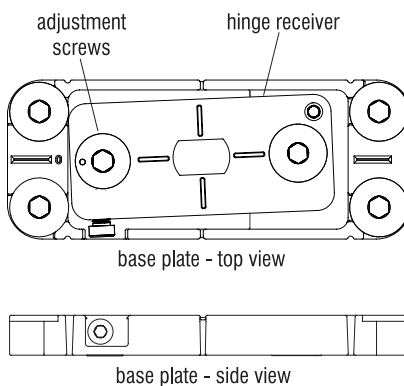
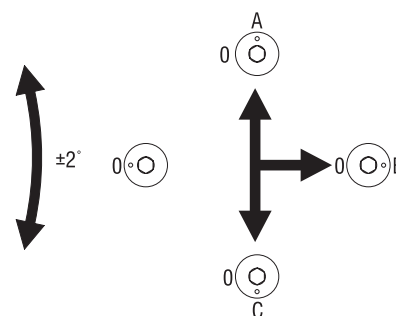
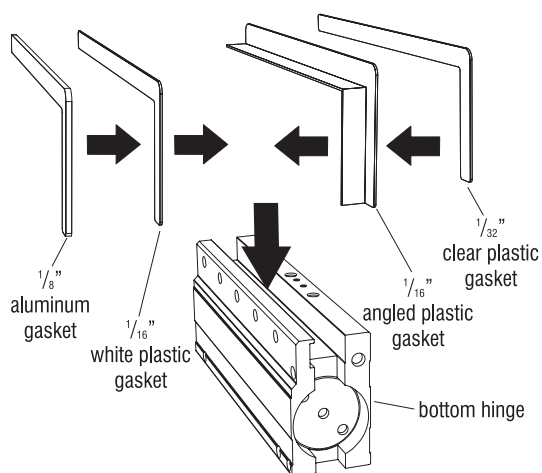
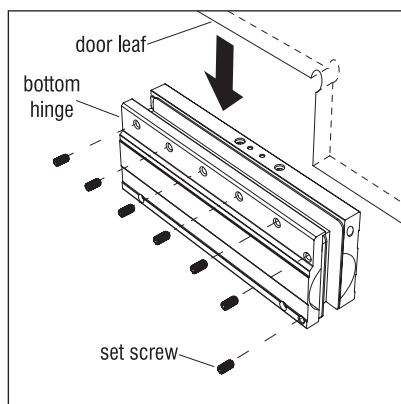
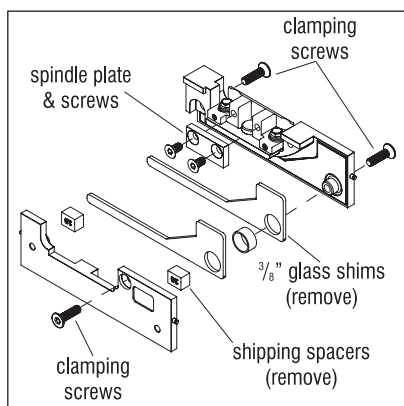
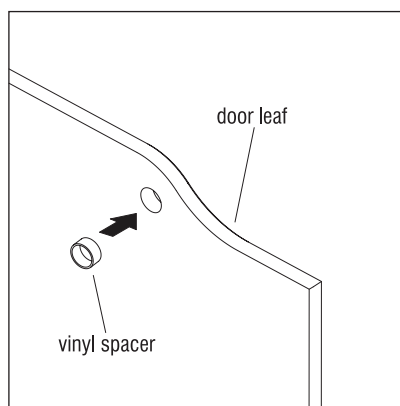
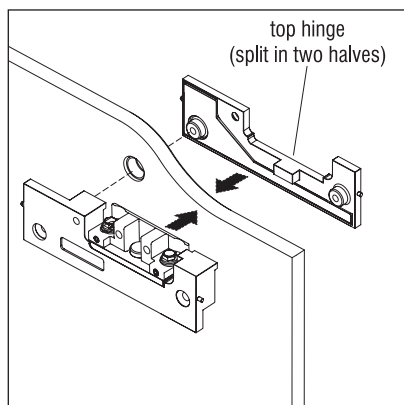
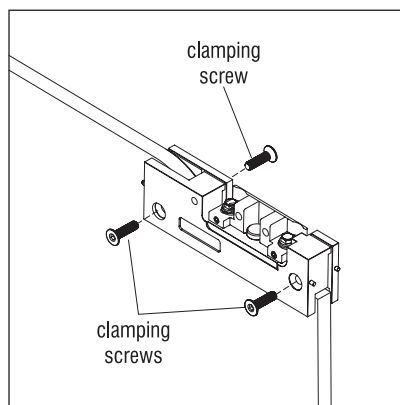


Figure 7




CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.


Figure 8

Figure 9

Figure 10

Figure 11

Figure 12

Figure 13

Pivot Door Bottom Hinge Installation (cont.)

10. Insert glass gaskets on hinge as shown (Figure 8).
11. Insert the bottom hinge into the glass cut-out and secure it with the seven provided set screws (Figure 9).

Pivot Door Top Hinge Installation

Note: The following instructions and figures were created by the hinge manufacturer, C.R. Laurence™.

Tools Required

- 2.5mm & 5mm Allen wrench
- 10mm Open End Wrench
- 10mm Socket and Ratchet

Installation

1. Disassemble top hinge by removing the three clamping screws using a 5mm Allen wrench. Dispose of plastic shipping spacers and extra shims for 3/8 inch glass (Figure 10).
2. With top hinge disassembled, insert vinyl spacer in hole on door leaf to protect glass (Figure 11)
3. Align both halves of top hinge to door as illustrated (Figure 12).
4. Holding top hinge in place, re-install the three clamping screws that were removed in step 1. Evenly tighten screws alternatively with a 5mm Allen. Hinge should not be movable (Figure 13).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Pivot Door Hinge Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Pivot Door Top Hinge Installation (cont.)

5. Using a 2.5mm Allen wrench, un-screw the set screws halfway out. Once those are loose, use a ratchet with a 10mm socket and loosen the hex bolts as illustrated. The spindle receiver should have no vertical movement, but be allowed to have horizontal movement (Figure 14).
6. Next, tighten the set screws back up, which will center the spindle receiver to the pivot bolt plate (Figure 14).
7. Before installing door leaf assembly into frame make sure bottom hinge and top hinge assembly are installed. Once both hinges are installed, get the door leaf assembly in a closed position. Then, lift door and tilt so the bottom hinge is in position and the bottom hinge pivot protrusion engages into the base plate (Figure 15). Stand door up and fit towards frame so that the round spindle engages into the spindle receiver of top hinge (Figure 16).
8. Holding the door in place, attach spindle plate with two flat head screws using a 5mm Allen wrench. Tighten them completely (Figure 17).
9. Align door center at strike jamb and by adjusting the set screws (Figure 14) in or out. Once, aligned, tighten set screws completely to maintain position. Next, tighten the hex bolts with a 10mm open end wrench (Figure 14).
10. Install outer top hinge trim by depressing the spring pins on both sides of one half of the top hinge assembly. Hooking one end of trim mounting hole onto that pin, and then slide to other side to do the same. Do this same process on the other side of the door (Figure 18).

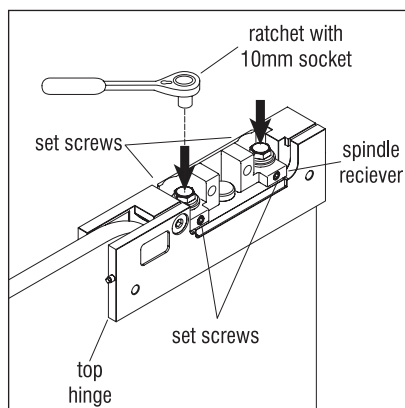


Figure 14

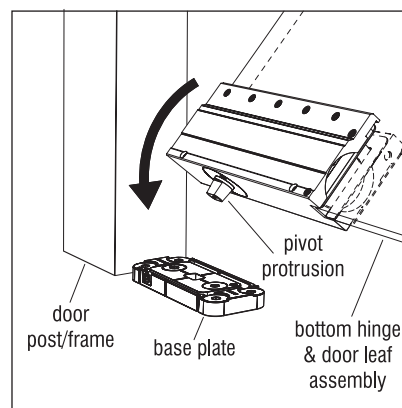


Figure 15

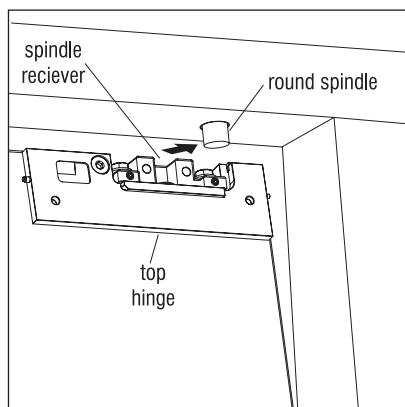


Figure 16

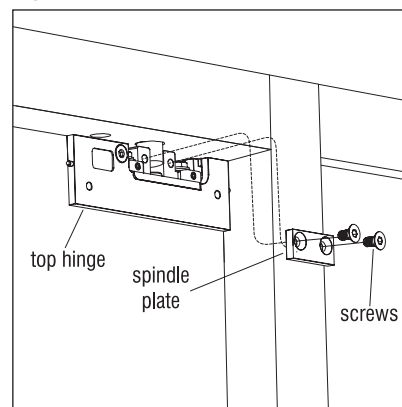


Figure 17

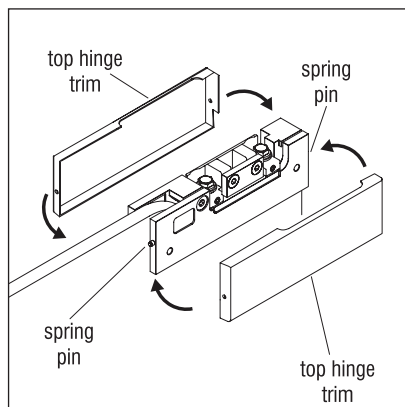


Figure 18



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

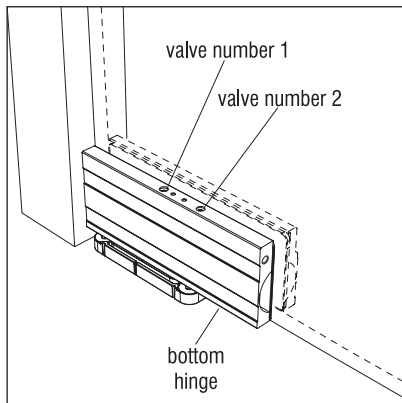


Figure 19

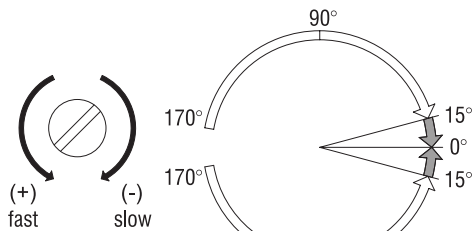


Figure 20

Adjustment of closing speed:

11. There are two regulating valves on the bottom hinge, Number 1 and Number 2 (Figure 19).
12. Turn valve to the right to decrease closing speed or turn to left and increase closing speed (Figure 20).
 - Valve Number 1: Control closing range 170 degrees to 15 degrees (Figure 20).
 - Valve Number 2: Control closing range 15 degree to zero degree (Figure 20).

Pivot Door Bottom Hinge Trim Installation

13. Attach trim to bottom hinge and base plate (Figure 21 & 22).

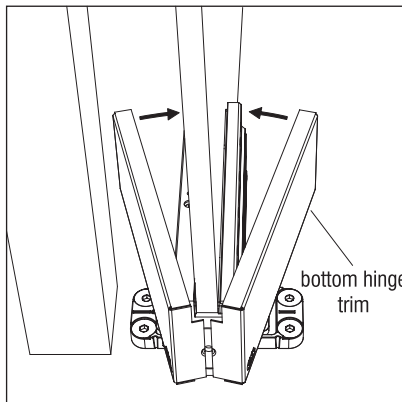


Figure 21

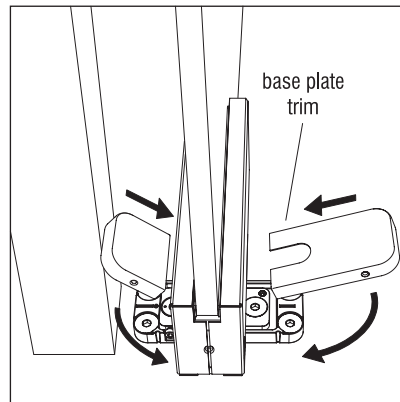


Figure 22



CAUTION

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Sliding Door Sound Seal Fin Installation

Note: The sound seal fin is installed after sliding door has been hung.

1. With sliding door closed, line up seal fin (50.1659) on back edge of door. Make sure door is fully closed so wiper contacts side post and that seal fin is above adjustable bottom. Once fin is in position, mark where to cut top of seal fin so it is flush with top of door.
2. Once fin is cut, install seal fin (50.1659) on backside of door leaf (Figure 1). Peel release backing off of fin then attach to backside edge of door leaf. Make sure fin is above adjustable bottom (Figure 1).

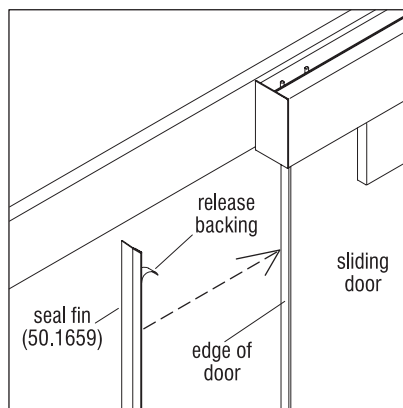


Figure 1



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Pivot Door Lock Housing Installation (left-hand shown)

Note: The pivot door must be installed and properly adjusted before the door handle/lock assembly may be installed.

1. Locate the inner cylindrical lock housing (50.1786) and position a housing backer plate (50.1812) into the inner lock housing, making sure that the five round rubber buttons face out, and toward the glass leaf (Figure 1).
2. Place the inner cylindrical lock housing with backer plate into the pivot door leaf opening, against the glass leaf as illustrated for left-hand opening door (right-hand will install opposite). Position the outer cylindrical lock housing (50.1785) over the inner housing and align the mounting holes. Loosely twist in two 1/4-20 x 1 1/2" flat head screws (12.0268), check to be sure that the lock housing face is flush with the glass edge of the pivot door glass leaf, then tighten the two screws to secure (Figure 1).
3. Carefully close the door to check the fit of the installed lock housings to the door frame strike. Make any adjustments if required. The latch bolt and the two cylindrical lock/door handles (your style may vary) may be installed following appropriate instructions provided with handle unit.

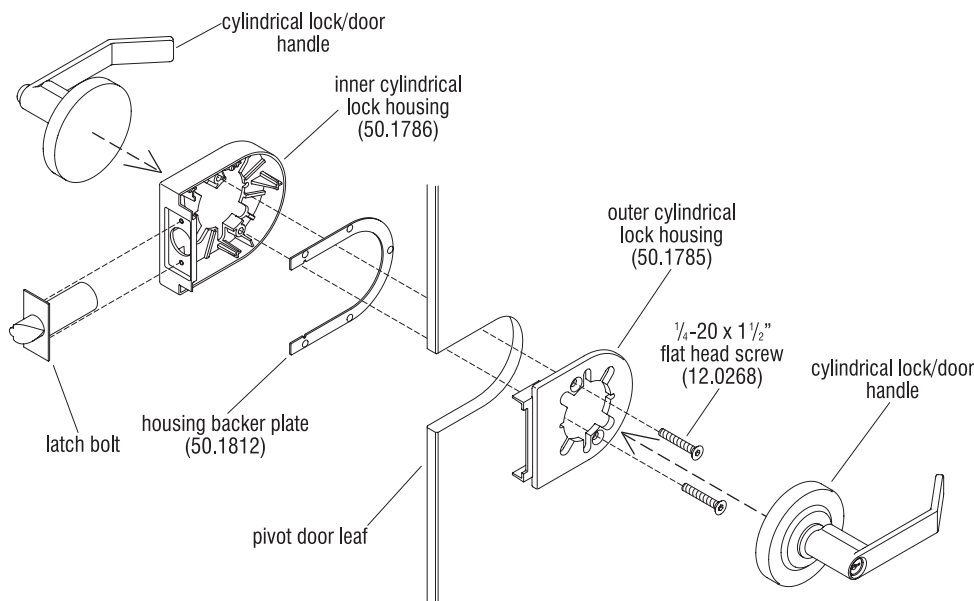


Figure 1

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Sliding Door Lock Housing Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

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Sliding Door Lock Housing Installation (left-hand shown)

1. Locate the outer glass sliding door lock housing (50.1804) (has four counter-sunk holes on the face) and the inner glass sliding door lock housing (50.1805) (has four threaded holes through it). Face the two halves together as illustrated for right-hand opening (left-hand will install opposite). Loosely twist in four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 $1\frac{1}{4}$ " flat head socket cap screws (50.1674) to hold the inner to the outer lock housing, then slide the pair into the door leaf cutout. Center the pair vertically, and align the edge of the pair to be flush with the side edge of the door leaf glass, then tighten the four screws slightly snug. Do not fully tighten the four screws at this time (Figure 1).
2. Slide the two cross dowels (50.1653) into the upper and lower holes of the assembled sliding door lock housing as illustrated. The threaded hole in each dowel must be oriented horizontal to align with the mounting holes of the deadbolt when it installs later. If needed, the cross dowels are slotted on the end, so a small screwdriver can adjust the hole alignment (Figure 2).
3. Next, test fit the deadbolt unit into the open end of the assembled sliding door lock housing as illustrated. Once in, make sure that the large clearance hole for the lock cylinder aligns with the large threaded hole of the deadbolt. Assure that the mounting holes in the cross dowels are aligned horizontal and twist two #12-24 x $1\frac{1}{4}$ " flat screws (38.12.5128) into the top and bottom most holes (which have countersunk openings) in the edge of the deadbolt. Tighten the screws to secure the deadbolt (Figure 3).

4. Assure that the deadbolt is secured tight, that the door lock housings are flush with the edge of the door leaf, then tighten the four $\frac{1}{4}$ -20 $1\frac{1}{4}$ " flat head socket cap screws (50.1674) from step 1, to clamp the lock housing to the glass door (Figure 3).
5. Once the housing pair with deadbolt is secured, the sliding door lock covers may be applied following the steps below. Use silane glass treatment with a clean towel, and clean both sides of the door lock housing assembly well for proper adhesion. Locate the left (50.1654.L) and right (50.1654.R) sliding door lock housing covers as shown in figure 3. One cover

at a time, peel the release paper from the 2-way tape on the back side of the cover. Align flush to the glass leaf edge while also aligning the cover holes with the door lock housing holes, then adhere each cover to the door lock housing using firm pressure at the tape areas (Figure 3).

6. Complete the install of the sliding door lock housing by installing the lock cylinders and trim collars following the instructions included with the deadbolt. Lastly, orient the deadbolt cover into position as illustrated. The deadbolt cover fits in snug, so may need to be lightly tapped into place with a rubber mallet. Secure the deadbolt cover using the three screws supplied (Figure 4).

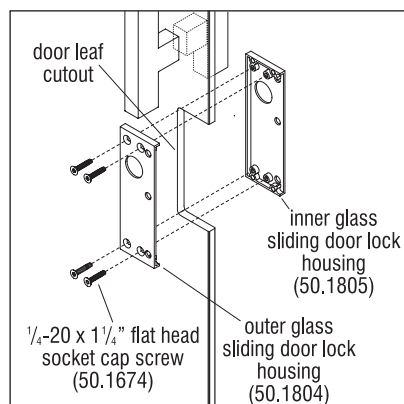


Figure 1

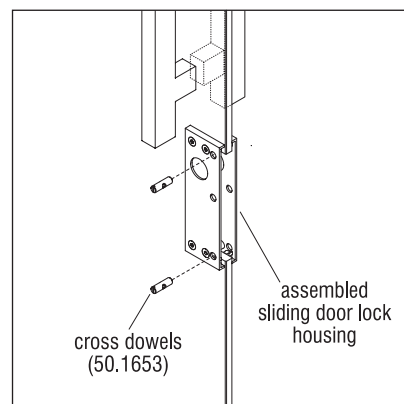


Figure 2

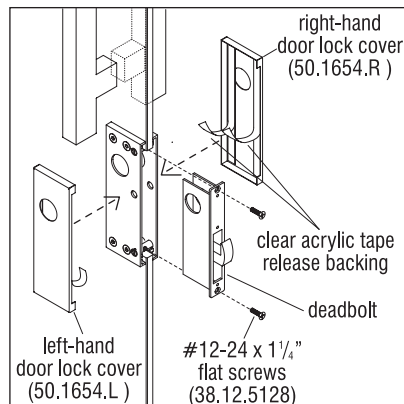


Figure 3

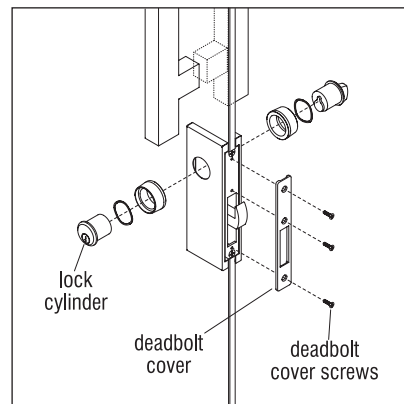


Figure 4



Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

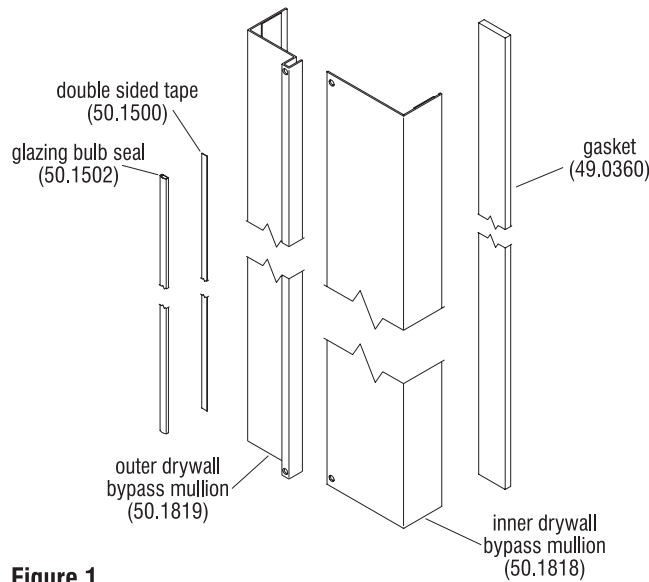


Figure 1

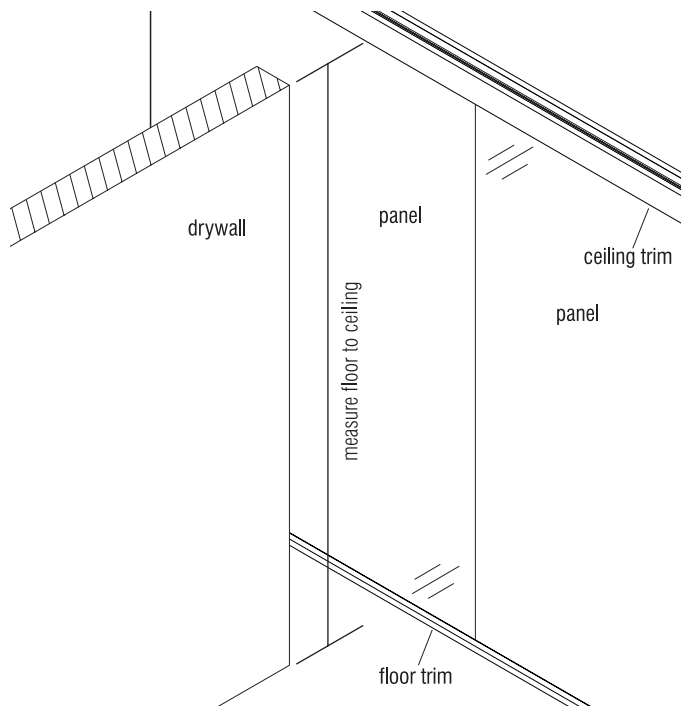


Figure 2

Drywall Bypass Mullion

1. Lightline Drywall Bypass Mullion assembly is used to fill the gap between drywall and panel run when the drywall "Ts" into a panel. The mullion ships loose and the parts can be identified in Figure 1.
2. Per space-planning layout, panels must be installed, including the ceiling and floor trim. Please reference LightLine Assembly Instruction KI-62489 for install steps if this has not been completed (Figure 2).
3. Measure from the finished floor level, up to the underside of ceiling tile to determine the overall length of the inner (50.1818) and outer drywall bypass mullion (50.1819) (Figure 2).
4. Once the floor to ceiling measurement is recorded, cut both the inner (50.1818) and outer drywall bypass mullion (50.1819) to size.

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Drywall Bypass Mullion Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

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Drywall Bypass Mullion (cont.)

5. Measure from the floor to top of the base trim and record the measurement (Figure 3).
6. Measure from the ceiling to bottom of ceiling trim and record the measurement (Figure 3).
6. Using these two measurements, notch off the top and bottom of the outer drywall bypass mullion nib (50.1819). This will allow clearance for the mullion to fit around the floor & ceiling trim, and snugly to the panel (Figure 4).
7. Once notched, de-burr the cut locations.

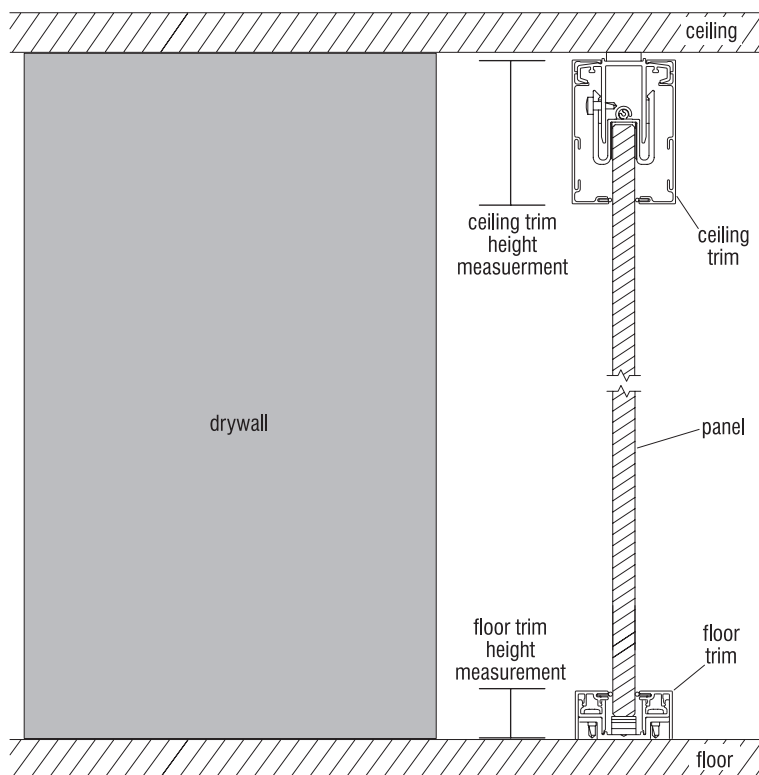


Figure 3

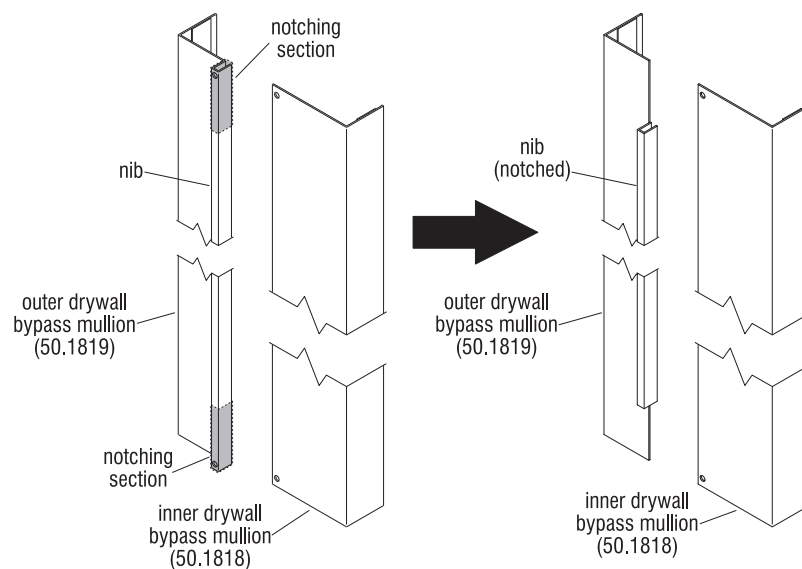


Figure 4



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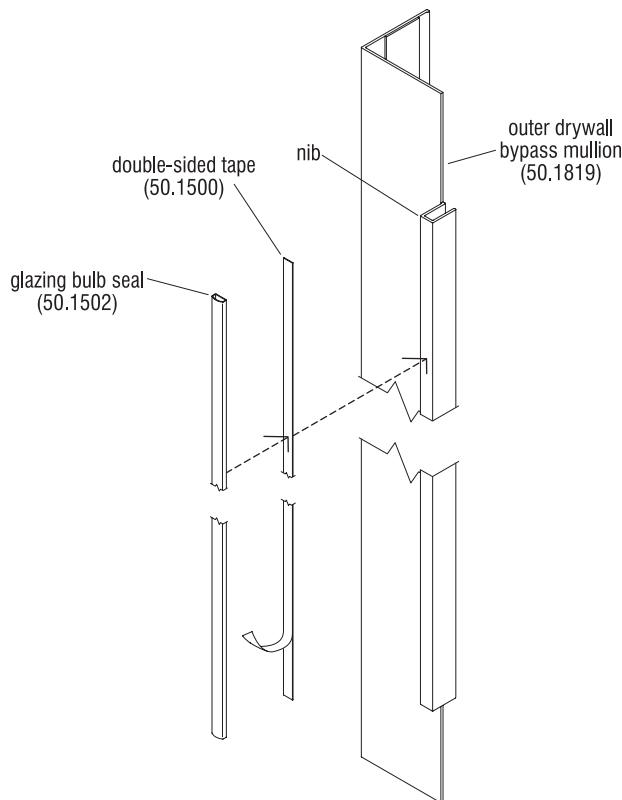


Figure 5

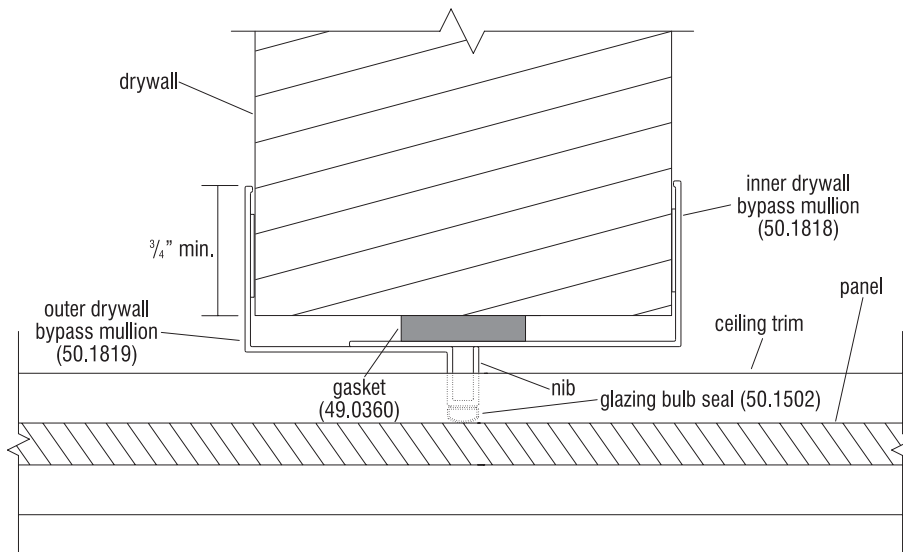


Figure 6 - Top Down View

Drywall Bypass Mullion (cont.)

8. Use supplied 3M AP115 cleaner to clean the surface of the nib, of the notched outer drywall bypass mullion (50.1819). This must be done prior to applying double-sided tape in the next step (Figure 5).
9. Locate the roll of double-sided tape (50.1500). Beginning at the top of the outer drywall bypass mullion, carefully adhere the double-sided tape to the cleaned face of the nib, working down and pressing firmly. Cut the tape at the bottom of the nib (Figure 5).
10. With tape applied, dry fit the glazing bulb seal (50.1502) and cut to length. Clean the flat side of glazing bulb seal with 3M AP115 cleaner, then remove exposed release backing from installed tape and attach the glazing bulb seal to nib face (Figure 5).
11. Test fit inner (50.1818) and outer drywall mullion (50.1819) to drywall. Determine distance between face of drywall and backside of assembled mullion pieces (Figure 6).
12. Using that measurement, determine the amount of supplied gasket (49.0360) required to shim assembled inner/outer mullion away from drywall so that the glazing bulb seal contacts the glass of LightLine panel. Inner/outer drywall mullions must contact drywall a minimum of $\frac{3}{4}$ " (Figure 6).

Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall | Drywall Bypass Mullion Installation

Assembly Instructions



CAUTION

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Drywall Bypass Mullion (cont.)

13. Once distance is determined, apply gasket to backside of inner drywall bypass mullion (50.1818). Gasket can be stacked in thickness to achieve proper shim distance. (gasket is not required to run full length. Cut 4-6" lengths and apply/stack evenly spaced as necessary for consistent contact).

14. Next, clean surface of drywall where inner drywall bypass mullion (50.1818) will install. Remove release backer from tape on inner drywall bypass mullion and install to drywall. Apply pressure to make sure of good adhesion.

15. Clean other side of drywall where the outer drywall bypass mullion (50.1819) will attach. Once clean, remove release backer from tape and apply to drywall, sliding over inner drywall bypass mullion (50.1818). Refer to Figure 6 top down view for fitment. Apply pressure to make sure of good adhesion.

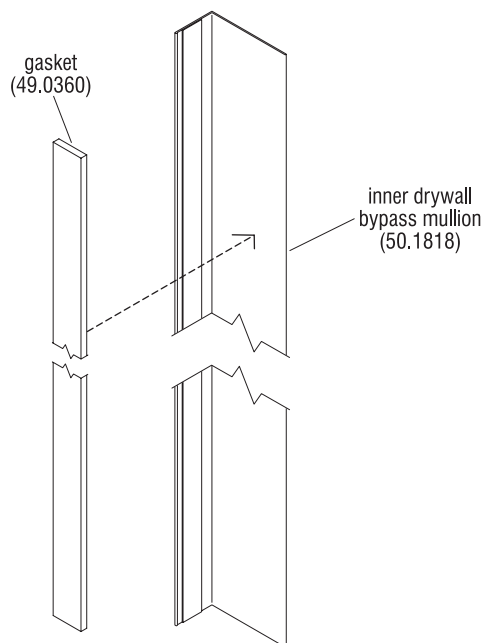


Figure 7

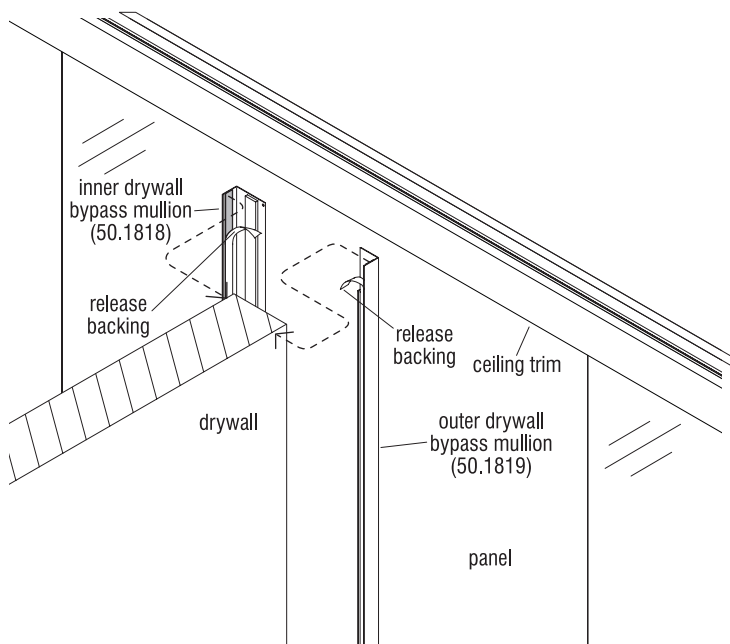


Figure 8



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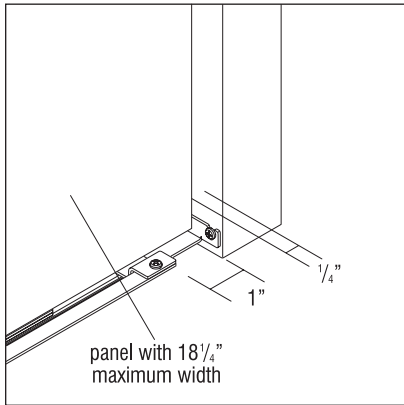


Figure 1

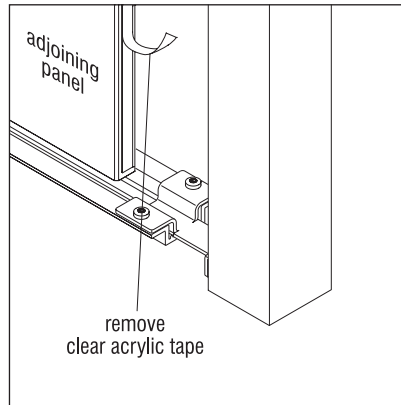


Figure 2

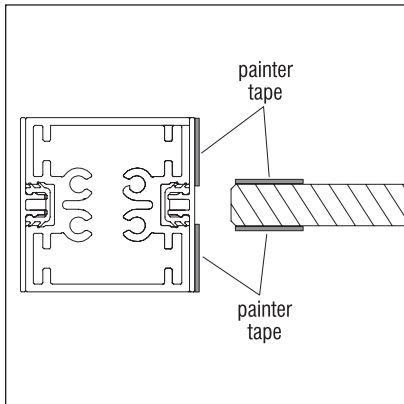


Figure 3

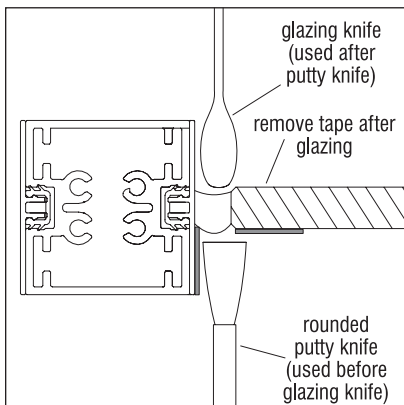


Figure 5

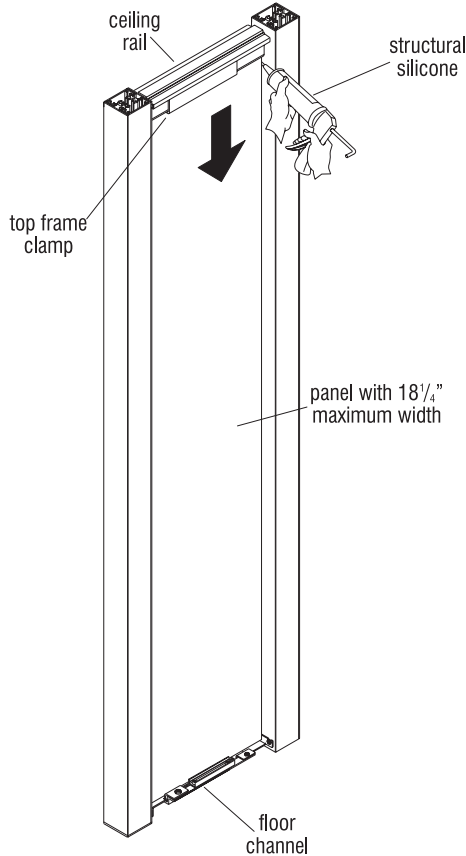


Figure 4

Structural Silicone Application

Note: For laminate glass panels, under 18 1/4" wide module (one panel clamp top and bottom), having neither panel edge supported, requires 1/4" x 1/2" structural silicone edge support. Review final KI installation drawings layout for structural silicone specifications.

Note: Refer to KI space-planning layout drawing for specific conditions and detail.

1. Install panel to be level and plumb at the final location as specified on the space-planning layout. See "Initial Panel Installation" steps on page 17 for information (Figure 1).
3. Remove release backer on edge that will receive structural silicone (Figure 2).
4. Apply continuous length of painters tape to door post surfaces and glass face (Figure 3).
5. Begin to fill gap between panel edge and post with structural silicone. Silicone should be continuous from top to bottom of glass across the 1/2" width of glass, and free of any air voids.
6. Using a rounded putty knife, flat tool the silicone by scraping excess silicone from the joint. Clean excess silicone from putty knife as needed. Perform this task on both sides of the glass.
7. After flat tooling silicone, use glazing knife to tool silicone on both sides of joint for final finish. Glazing knife/sealant tool is available from most hardware stores.

Note: Steps 6 and 7 can be performed directly after applying silicone.

8. After tooling silicone, remove tape immediately, pulling tape sharply away from silicone. Once silicone has cured, clean glass.



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Freeform Panel Layout Installation

1. Using masking tape and a marker, lay out the X and Y coordinates onto the floor, per the space-planning layout (Figure 1).

2. Cut a section of ceiling rail 2" less than panel width for each of the panels that will be installed in the curved section of wall assembly (Figure 2).

Note: Panel width is defined as the panel width plus the thickness of both double-sided tape plus the thickness of the rigid seal.

3. Install the sections of ceiling rail with the freeform ceiling rail splices (50.1859). To do this, insert one leg of the splice into the ceiling rail all the way until both splice stops are against the edge of the rail. Then attach the splice to the rail using two #10-16 x 1/2" self-drilling screws (31.12.9081). Repeat this step until all ceiling rails are connected (Figure 3).

4. When all of the ceiling rails have been connected, it will form a spine that can be used as a template to more accurately lay out the contour of the curve. Flip over and lay the ceiling rail assembly onto the floor and align the rivets in the center of the splices with the marks on the masking tape as closely as possible (Figure 3).

5. Using a spot style plumb-bob laser, adjust the curvature of ceiling rail assembly more accurately. To do this, position the laser so that the laser beam is centered to the center of the rivet of the splice. One at a time, make any corrections required to the mark on the floor by marking the exact spot where the laser hits (Figure 4).

6. Once corrections are done to the floor, make corresponding marks on the ceiling using a marker and masking tape (Figure 4).

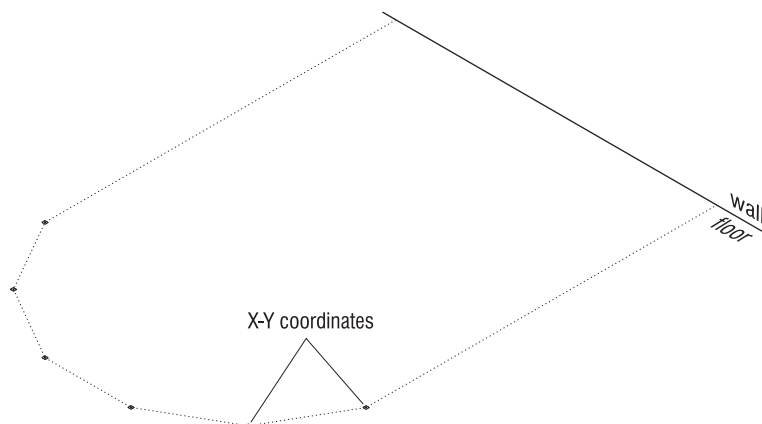


Figure 1 - Floor Markings With X-Y Coordinates

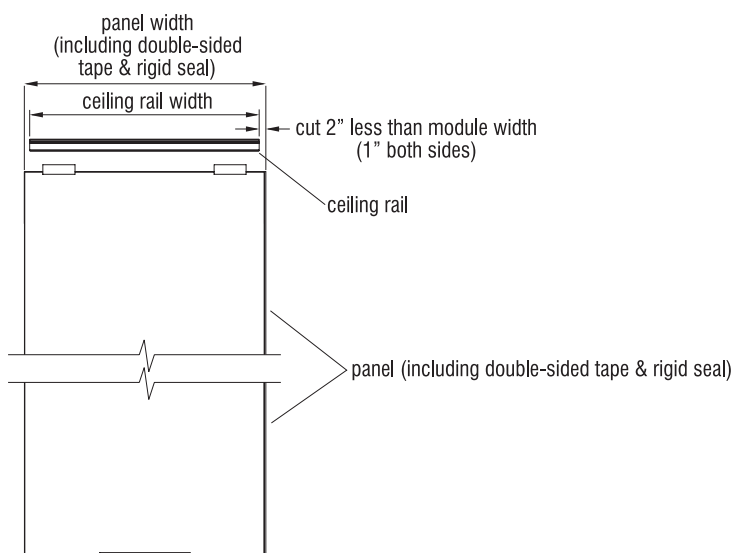


Figure 2 - Ceiling Rail Modification

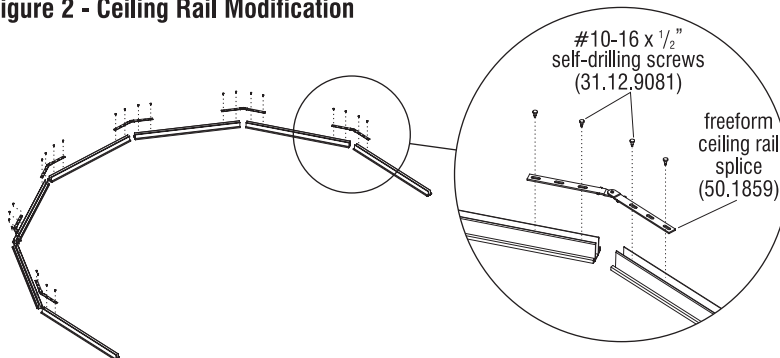


Figure 3 - Freeform Ceiling Rail Spine



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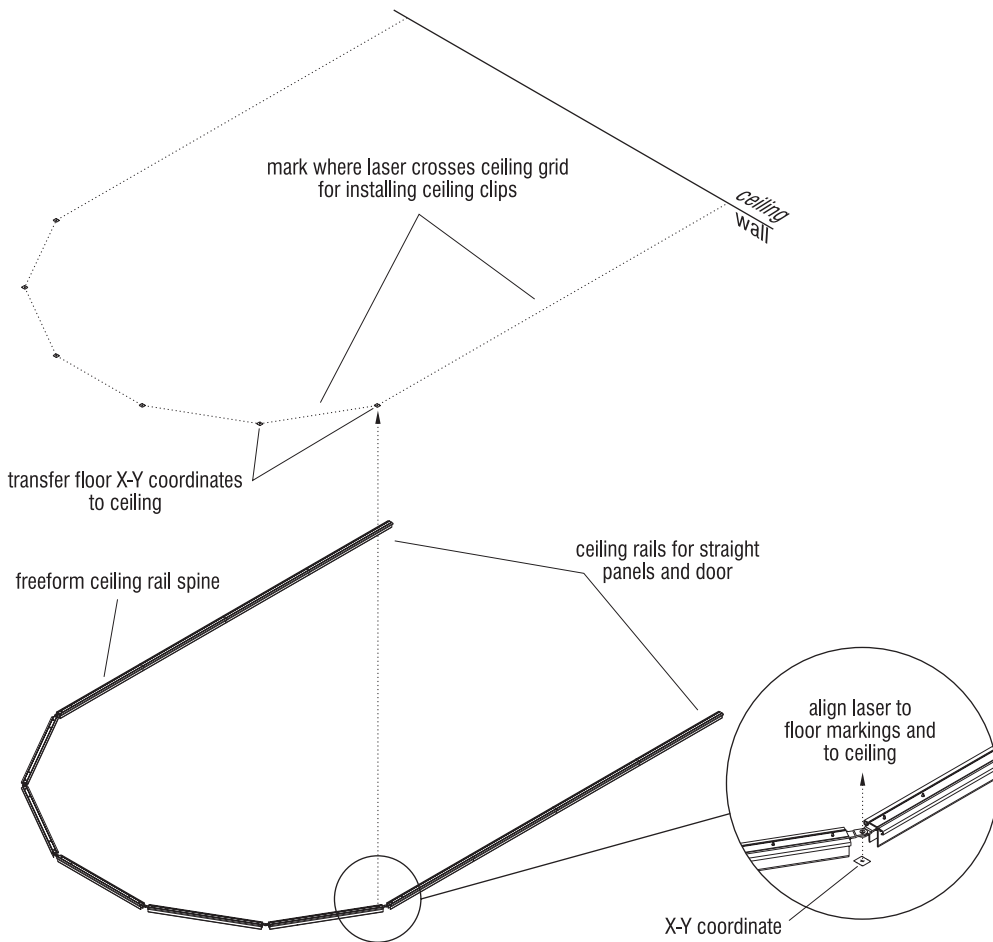


Figure 4 - Ceiling Rail Alignment Check and Marks for Ceiling Clips

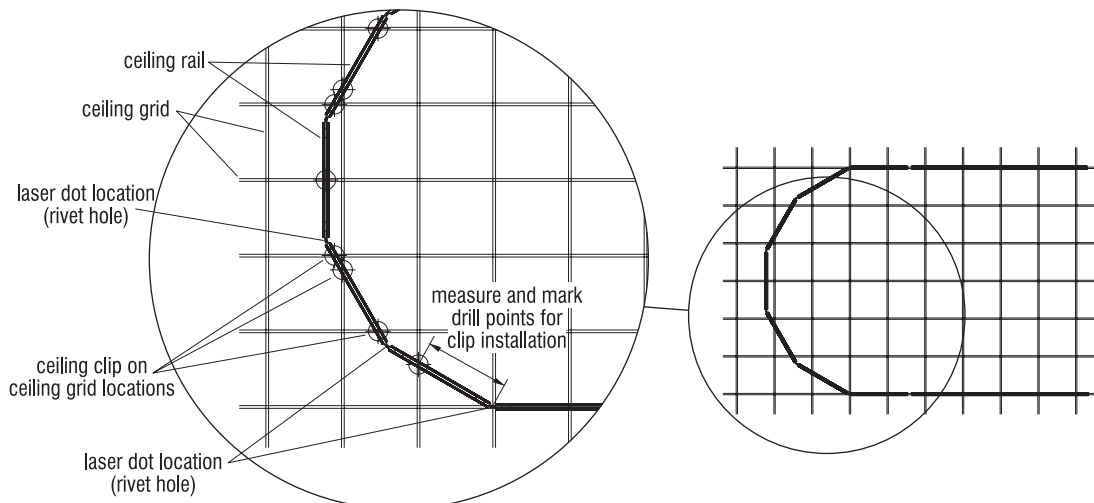


Figure 5 - Ceiling Grid/Rail Clip Locations

Freeform Panel Layout Installation (cont.)

7. Using a line laser or straight edge, connect the marks on the ceiling and mark where the line crosses the center of the ceiling grid (Figure 5).
8. Install a ceiling clip on the marks made where the laser line crosses the center of the ceiling grid (see "Ceiling Rail Installation" on page 8).
9. Holes must be drilled into the ceiling rail so the rail may be installed onto the ceiling clips. To do this, first measure from where the laser dot on the ceiling was to the center of the ceiling clip (Figure 5).
10. Transfer this dimension to the ceiling rail assembly by measuring from the center of the rivet to where a hole will need to be drilled for the ceiling clip (Figure 5).
11. After all the holes have been drilled install the ceiling rail (spine) assembly to the ceiling over the ceiling clips and fasten with hex nuts (see "Ceiling Rail Installation" on page 8). Use additional personnel as required to help support the ceiling rail during installation.



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Freeform Panel Layout Installation (cont.)

Note: Ceiling rails must be installed prior to the floor channel installation. Refer to ceiling rail instructions before proceeding.

12. Using a laser alignment tool, align the lasers with the installed ceiling rail as done in previous steps for ceiling rail installation. Transfer X-Y coordinates to the floor to aid in aligning floor track with ceiling rail (Figures 6).

Note: If it helps to keep the floor channel from moving, use two square pieces of hook & loop (with an adhesive back) and attach them to the underside of the floor channel centered on both ends.

13. Align the floor channel with the laser alignment mark (Figure 7).
14. Pre-drill attachment screw holes by determined distance on space-planning layout. Use supplied screws that are specified per space-planning layout and attach floor channel to the surface (Figure 7).

Note: Be certain of no overlaps, and that leveler clamp pad is resting on floor track in all locations

15. Repeat steps one and two for installing additional floor channels, directly below ceiling rails (Figure 7). Standard floor channel installation steps can be found on page 16, if additional information is needed.

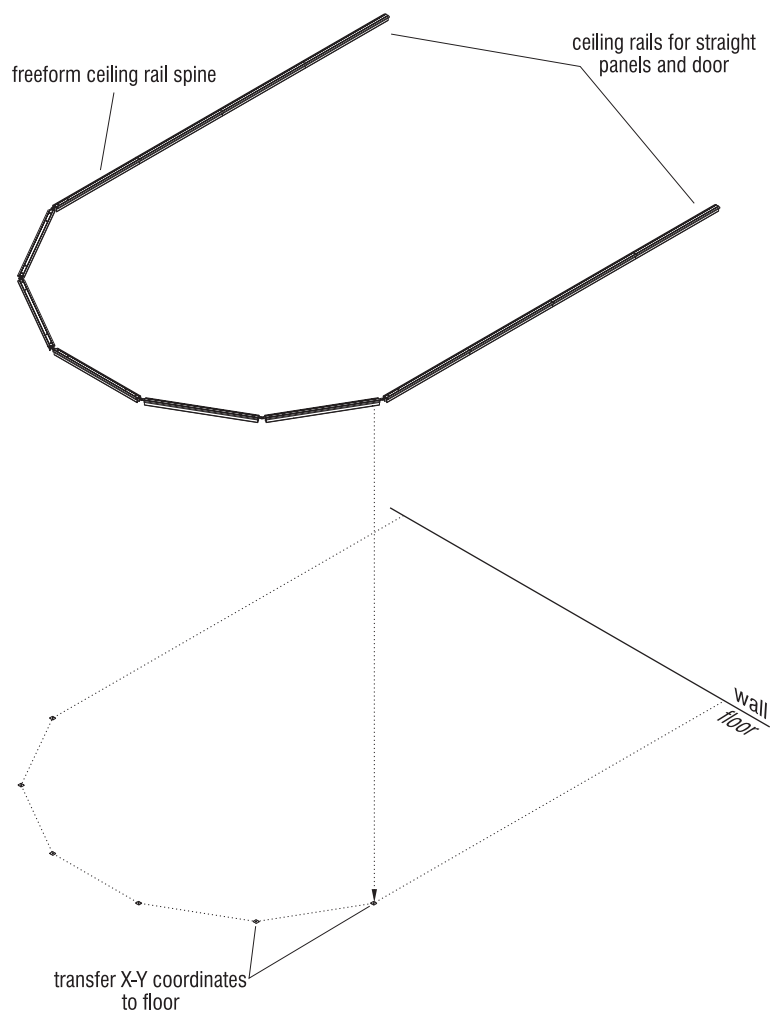


Figure 6 - Floor Channel Alignment Check and Marks for Installation

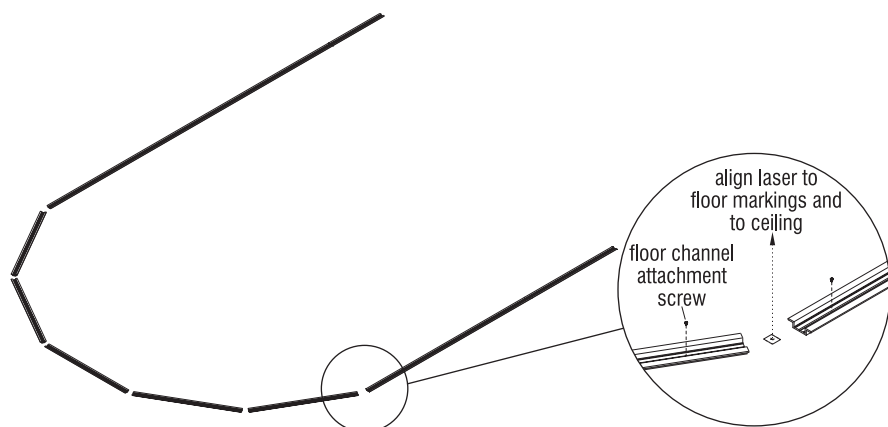


Figure 7 - Floor Channel Positioning



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Freeform Panel Layout Installation (cont.)

Important: Ceiling rails and floor channels must be installed prior to panel installation. Refer to ceiling rail and floor channel instructions before proceeding.

Note: To save time and space, stage all panels into sequence. If possible, do this as the panels are unloaded from the truck, eliminating double handling and potential damage.

16. Before setting panel into position make sure the base trim retainer channel and setting blocks are installed before standing the panel into position. See pages 17-19 for more information.

17. With assistance of a second person, using rubber suction disks, position the panel into the ceiling rail first and hold the panel up & plumb to align the top with the installed ceiling rail (Figure 8).

18. With a second person holding the panel upright and secure, adjust the panel height up enough to nest up into the ceiling rail. **Follow pages 17-19 instructions to level and properly set panels in position (Figure 8).**

19. Starting from one end of the curve remove the release paper from the VHB tape on the edge of the Lightline panel (Figure 8).

20. Measure the height of the glass and cut the angled panel glazing seal extrusion (50.1708) to length (Figure 8).

21. Clean the extrusion with Silane Glass Treatment AP115.

22. Bond the angled panel glazing seal extrusion to the edge of the glass using the rigid seal alignment block. Place the top of the seal extrusion centered on the top edge of the glass and use the block to guide the glazing seal onto the edge of the glass by sliding the block down the edge of the glass (Figure 8).

23. Move this panel so that the center of the glazing seal extrusion is aligned with the rivet in the splice (Figure 8).

24. Dry fit the next panel to the first one by leveling both panels so that the second panel butts into the tube evenly from top to bottom.

25. Pull the second glass panel back about $\frac{1}{4}$ " and remove the release paper from the VHB tape on the edge of the glass panel (Figure 8).

26. Push the second panel into the glazing seal extrusion making a bond. Continue this process for the length of the curve.

27. Install the second set of base trim retainer channels per the instructions located on page 20.

28. Using a Starrett angle measuring tool, measure the angle between each pane of glass. This device will produce the angle at which to set the power miter box and aid the installation of trim (Figure 9).

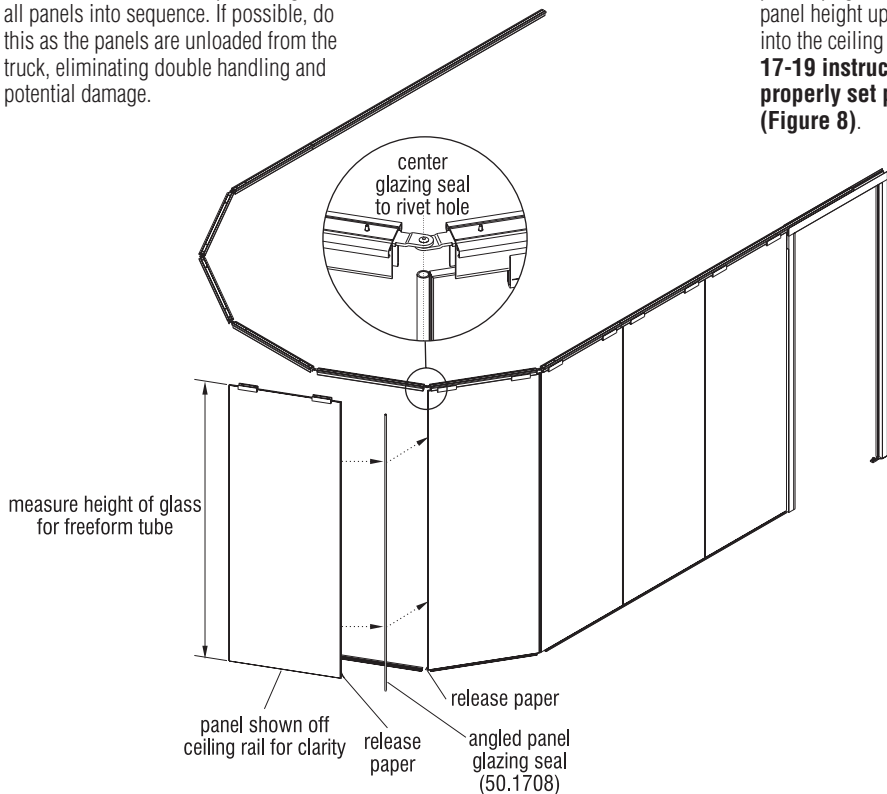


Figure 8 - Panels and Freeform Tube Install

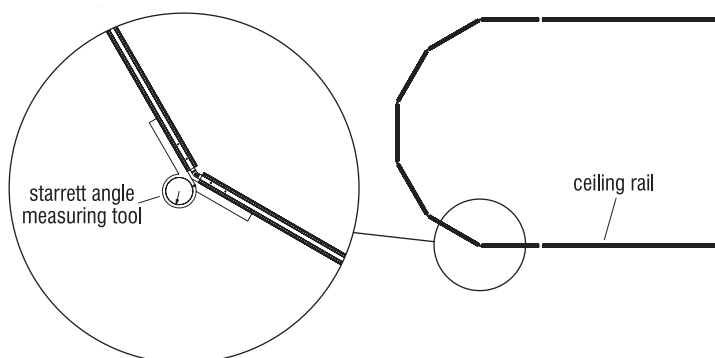


Figure 9 - Starrett Angle Measuring Tool



CAUTION

Assemble units as described herein only. To do otherwise may result in instability. All screws, nuts and bolts must be tightened securely and must be checked periodically after assembly. Failure to assemble properly, or to secure parts may result in assembly failure and personal injury.

Freeform Panel Layout Installation (cont.)

Note: When cutting trim, make sure inner features are filed back so they are not sticking out of cut.

28. Cut one end of either the ceiling or base trim at the angle determined by the starrett angle measuring tool. Hold the mitered end of trim over the center of the extrusion and mark where the trim crosses the next extrusion. Cut the trim on the miter box at this location. Continue with all the pieces of trim and fit them onto the panels. See page 32 for trim installation steps.

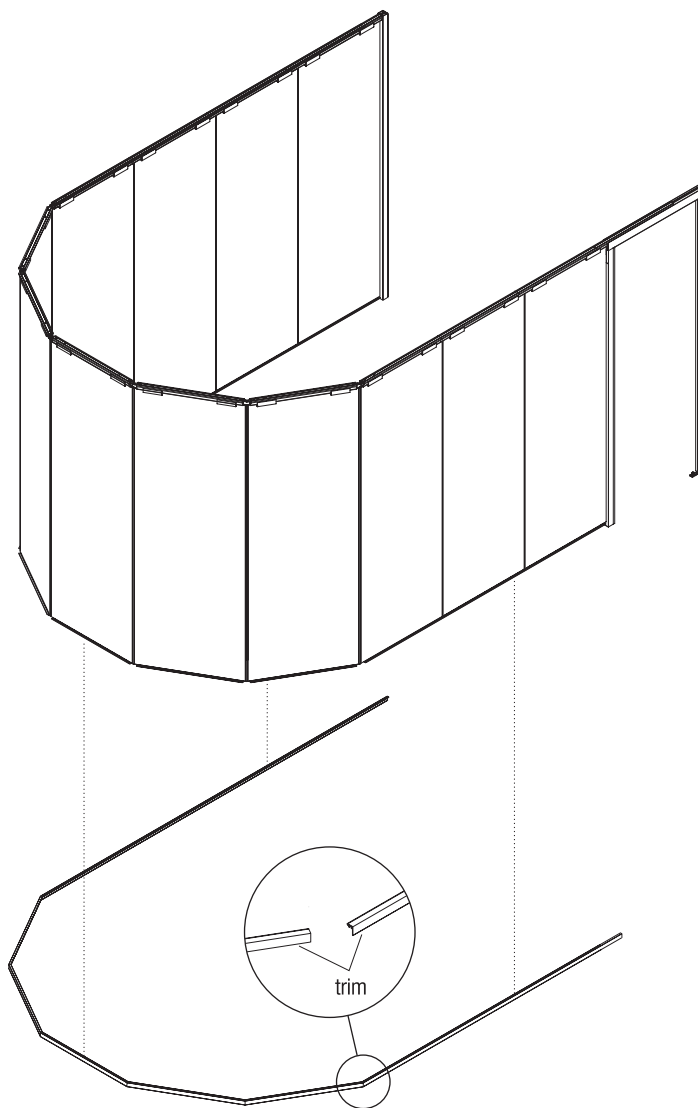


Figure 10 - Trim Installation (Floor Trim Shown Only)



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Lightline® Low Profile Architectural Wall

Assembly Instructions



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